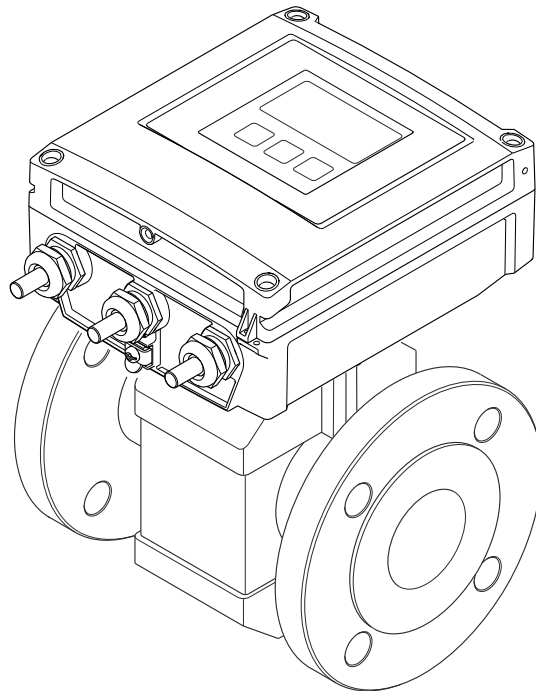


Operating Instructions

Proline Promag L 400

PROFIBUS DP

Electromagnetic flowmeter



- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center will supply you with current information and updates to these instructions.

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1 About this document

1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.2 Symbols used

1.2.1 Safety symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.
	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
	CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.
	NOTE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current
	Alternating current
	Direct current and alternating current
	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	Protective Earth (PE) A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections. The ground terminals are situated inside and outside the device: ▪ Inner ground terminal: Connects the protective earth to the mains supply. ▪ Outer ground terminal: Connects the device to the plant grounding system.

1.2.3 Communication symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Communication via a wireless, local network.
	Bluetooth Wireless data transmission between devices over a short distance.

Symbol	Meaning
	LED Light emitting diode is off.
	LED Light emitting diode is on.
	LED Light emitting diode is flashing.

1.2.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Torx screwdriver
	Phillips head screwdriver
	Open-ended wrench

1.2.5 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
	Tip Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation.
	Reference to page.
	Reference to graphic.
	Notice or individual step to be observed.
	Series of steps.
	Result of a step.
	Help in the event of a problem.
	Visual inspection.

1.2.6 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3, ...	Item numbers
	Series of steps
A, B, C, ...	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C, ...	Sections

Symbol	Meaning
	Hazardous area
	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
	Flow direction

1.3 Documentation

 For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The *W@M Device Viewer* : Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

 For a detailed list of the individual documents along with the documentation code
→  173

1.3.1 Standard documentation

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Sensor Brief Operating Instructions	Guides you quickly to the 1st measured value - Part 1 The Sensor Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for installing the measuring device. ■ Incoming acceptance and product identification ■ Storage and transport ■ Installation
Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions	Guides you quickly to the 1st measured value - Part 2 The Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for commissioning, configuring and parameterizing the measuring device (until the first measured value). ■ Product description ■ Installation ■ Electrical connection ■ Operation options ■ System integration ■ Commissioning ■ Diagnostic information
Description of Device Parameters	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter in the Expert operating menu. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.

1.3.2 Supplementary device-dependent documentation

Additional documents are supplied depending on the device version ordered: Always comply strictly with the instructions in the supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is an integral part of the device documentation.

1.4 Registered trademarks

PROFIBUS®

Registered trademark of the PROFIBUS User Organization, Karlsruhe, Germany

Microsoft®

Registered trademark of the Microsoft Corporation, Redmond, Washington, USA

2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ▶ Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ▶ Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ▶ Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ▶ Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ▶ Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

2.2 Designated use

Application and media

The measuring device described in these Brief Operating Instructions is intended only for flow measurement of liquids with a minimum conductivity of 5 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

Measuring devices for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications or where there is an increased risk due to process pressure, are labeled accordingly on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring device remains in proper condition for the operation time:

- ▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- ▶ Only use the measuring device in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- ▶ Based on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- ▶ Use the measuring device only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ▶ If the measuring device is not operated at atmospheric temperature, compliance with the relevant basic conditions specified in the associated device documentation is absolutely essential: "Documentation" section →  8.
- ▶ Protect the measuring device permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

WARNING

Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids!

- ▶ Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- ▶ Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- ▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

NOTICE**Verification for borderline cases:**

- ▶ For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

Residual risks**⚠ WARNING**

The electronics and the medium may cause the surfaces to heat up. This presents a burn hazard!

- ▶ For elevated fluid temperatures, ensure protection against contact to prevent burns.

2.3 Workplace safety

For work on and with the device:

- ▶ Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.

For welding work on the piping:

- ▶ Do not ground the welding unit via the measuring device.

If working on and with the device with wet hands:

- ▶ Due to the increased risk of electric shock, gloves must be worn.

2.4 Operational safety

Risk of injury.

- ▶ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

Conversions to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers.

- ▶ If, despite this, modifications are required, consult with Endress+Hauser.

Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability,

- ▶ Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ▶ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use original spare parts and accessories from Endress+Hauser only.

2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. Endress+Hauser confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

2.6 IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

2.7 Device-specific IT security

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater in-operation safety if used correctly. An overview of the most important functions is provided in the following section.

2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write protection

Write access to the device parameters via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be disabled via a write protection switch (DIP switch on the motherboard). When hardware write protection is enabled, only read access to the parameters is possible.

2.7.2 Protecting access via a password

Different passwords are available to protect write access to the device parameters or access to the device via the WLAN interface.

- **User-specific access code**
Protect write access to the device parameters via the local display, Web browser or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare). Access authorization is clearly regulated through the use of a user-specific access code.
- **WLAN passphrase**
The network key protects a connection between an operating unit (e.g. notebook or tablet) and the device via the WLAN interface which can be ordered as an option.

User-specific access code

Write access to the device parameters via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be protected by the modifiable, user-specific access code (→  102).

When the device is delivered, the device does not have an access code and is equivalent to 0000 (open).

WLAN passphrase

A connection between an operating unit (e.g. notebook or tablet) and the device via the WLAN interface (→  73) which can be ordered as an option is protected by the network key. The WLAN authentication of the network key complies with the IEEE 802.11 standard.

When the device is delivered, the network key is pre-defined depending on the device. It can be changed via the **WLAN settings** submenu in the **WLAN passphrase** parameter.

General notes on the use of passwords

- The access code and network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning.
- Follow the general rules for generating a secure password when defining and managing the access code or network key.
- The user is responsible for the management and careful handling of the access code and network key.
- For information on configuring the access code or on what to do if you lose the password, see the "Write protection via access code" section →  102

2.7.3 Access via fieldbus

When communicating via fieldbus, access to the device parameters can be restricted to "Read only" access. The option can be changed in the **Fieldbus writing access** parameter.

This does not affect cyclic measured value transmission to the higher-order system, which is always guaranteed.



For detailed information, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document pertaining to the device →  173

2.7.4 Access via Web server

The device can be operated and configured via a Web browser with the integrated Web server (→  66). The connection is via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) or the WLAN interface.

The Web server is enabled when the device is delivered. The Web server can be disabled if necessary (e.g. after commissioning) via the **Web server functionality** parameter.

The device and status information can be hidden on the login page. This prevents unauthorized access to the information.



For detailed information, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document pertaining to the device →  173

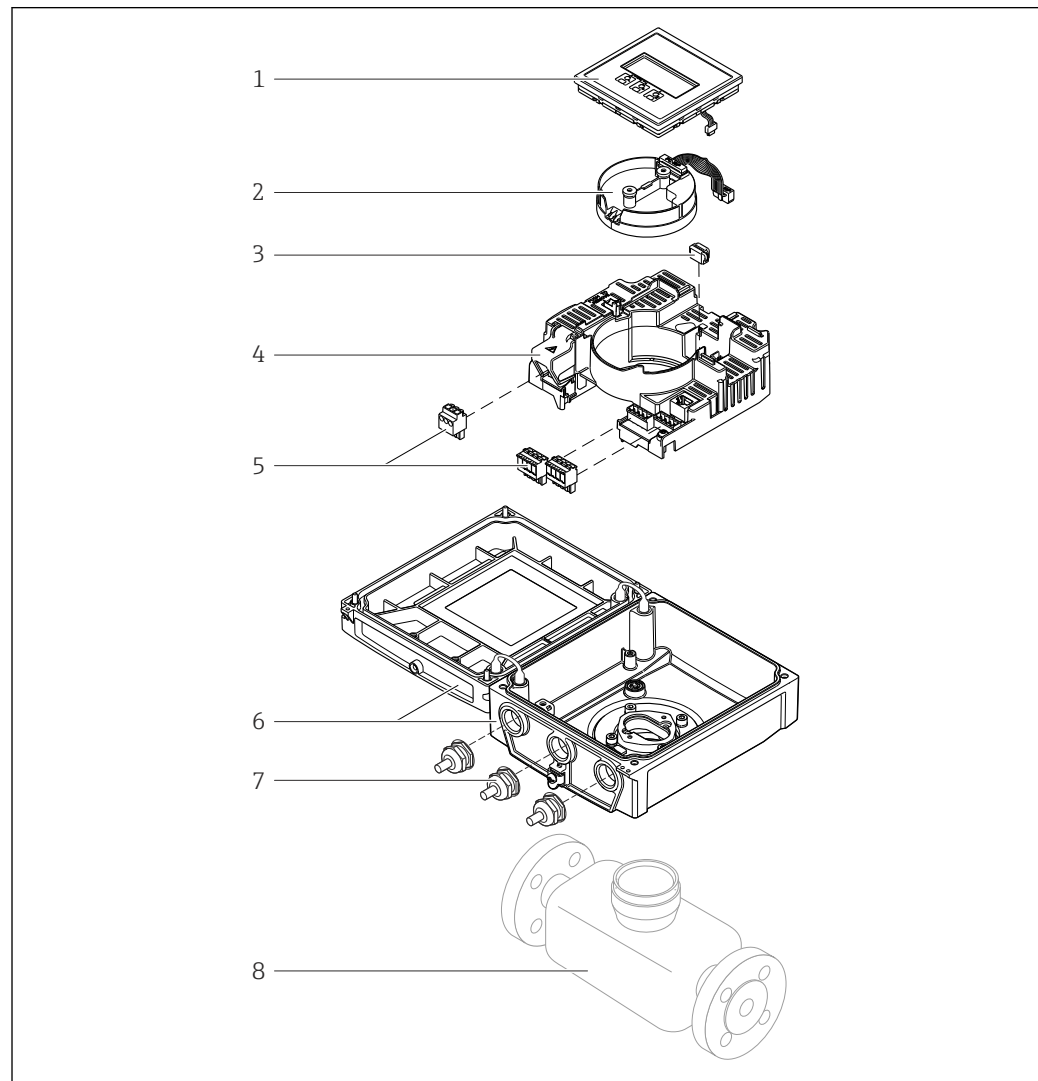
3 Product description

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

Two device versions are available:

- Compact version – transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.
- Remote version – transmitter and sensor are mounted in separate locations.

3.1 Product design



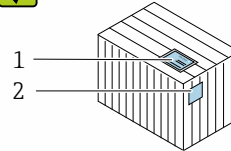
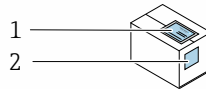
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 1 Important components of the compact version

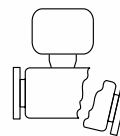
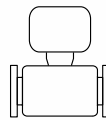
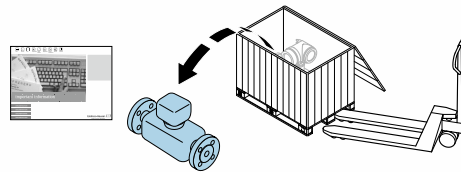
- 1 Display module
- 2 Smart sensor electronics module
- 3 HistoROM DAT (plug-in memory)
- 4 Main electronics module
- 5 Terminals (screw terminals, some available as plug-in terminals) or fieldbus connectors
- 6 Transmitter housing, compact version
- 7 Cable glands
- 8 Sensor, compact version

4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

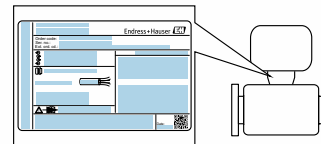
4.1 Incoming acceptance



Are the order codes on the delivery note (1) and the product sticker (2) identical?



Are the goods undamaged?



Do the nameplate data match the ordering information on the delivery note?



Is the CD-ROM with the Technical Documentation (depends on device version) and documents present?



- If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center.
- Depending on the device version, the CD-ROM might not be part of the delivery! The Technical Documentation is available via the Internet or via the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*, see the "Product identification" section → 16.

4.2 Product identification

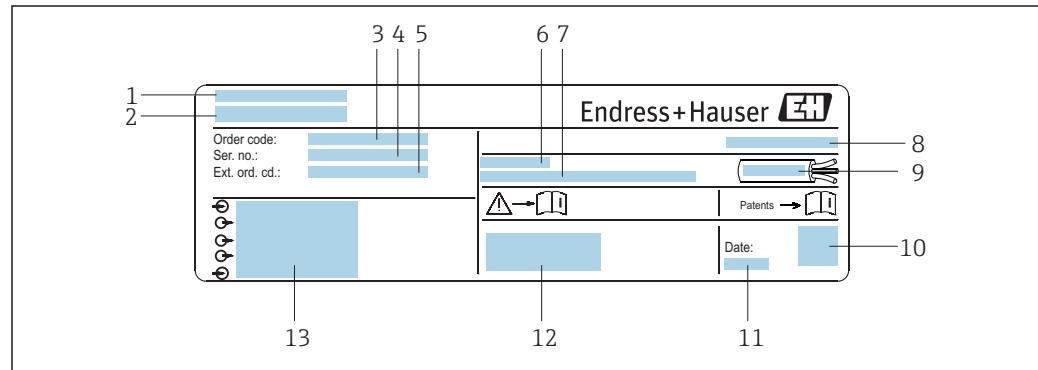
The following options are available for identification of the measuring device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter serial numbers from nameplates in *W@M Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): All information about the measuring device is displayed.
- Enter the serial number from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations App* or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: all the information for the measuring device is displayed.

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The chapters "Additional standard documentation on the device" →  8 and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation" →  8
- The *W@M Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

4.2.1 Transmitter nameplate

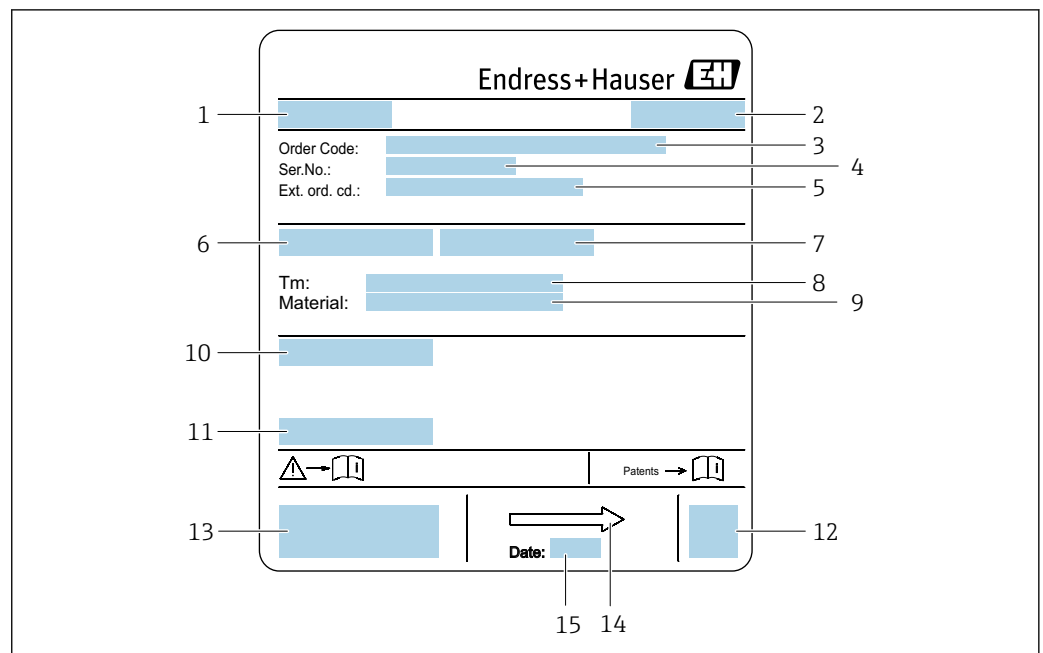


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 2 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- 1 Manufacturing location
- 2 Name of the transmitter
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 5 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 6 Permitted ambient temperature (T_a)
- 7 Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev.Rev.) from the factory
- 8 Degree of protection
- 9 Permitted temperature range for cable
- 10 2-D matrix code
- 11 Manufacturing date: year-month
- 12 CE mark, C-Tick
- 13 Electrical connection data, e.g. available inputs and outputs, supply voltage

4.2.2 Sensor nameplate



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 3 Example of sensor nameplate

- 1 Name of the sensor
- 2 Manufacturing location
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 5 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 6 Nominal diameter of sensor
- 7 Test pressure of the sensor
- 8 Medium temperature range
- 9 Material of lining and electrodes
- 10 Degree of protection: e.g. IP, NEMA
- 11 Permitted ambient temperature (T_a)
- 12 2-D matrix code
- 13 CE mark, C-Tick
- 14 Flow direction
- 15 Manufacturing date: year-month



Order code

The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approval-related specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXXX-ABCDE +).

4.2.3 Symbols on measuring device

Symbol	Meaning
	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
	Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.

5 Storage and transport

5.1 Storage conditions

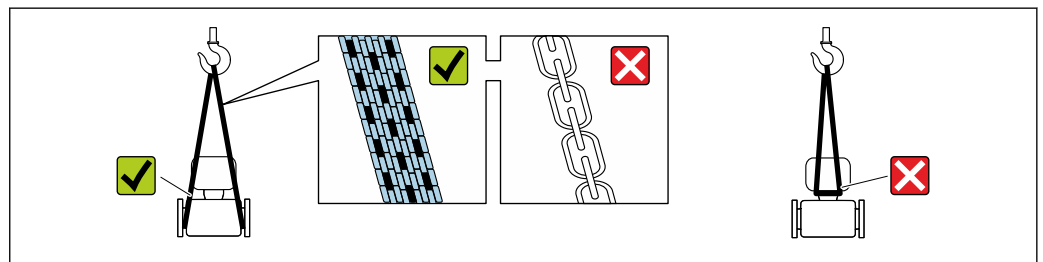
Observe the following notes for storage:

- ▶ Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
- ▶ Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
- ▶ Protect from direct sunlight to avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- ▶ Select a storage location where moisture cannot collect in the measuring device as fungus and bacteria infestation can damage the lining.
- ▶ Store in a dry and dust-free place.
- ▶ Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature →  152

5.2 Transporting the product

Transport the measuring device to the measuring point in the original packaging.



A0029252

 Do not remove protective covers or caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.

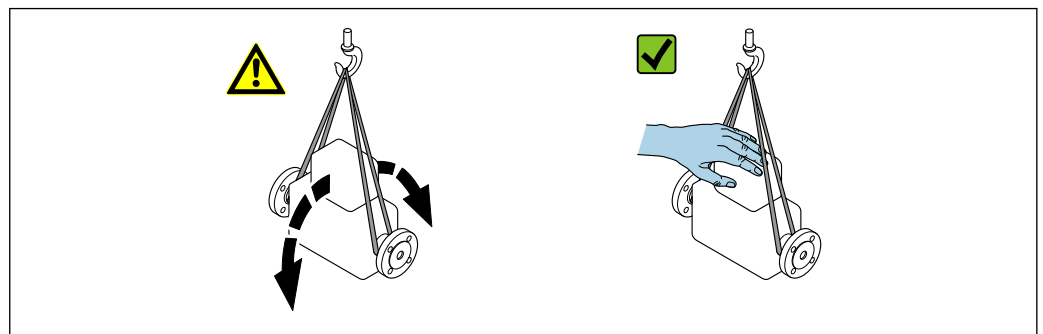
5.2.1 Measuring devices without lifting lugs

WARNING

Center of gravity of the measuring device is higher than the suspension points of the webbing slings.

Risk of injury if the measuring device slips.

- ▶ Secure the measuring device against slipping or turning.
- ▶ Observe the weight specified on the packaging (stick-on label).



A0029214

5.2.2 Measuring devices with lifting lugs

⚠ CAUTION

Special transportation instructions for devices with lifting lugs

- ▶ Only use the lifting lugs fitted on the device or flanges to transport the device.
- ▶ The device must always be secured at two lifting lugs at least.

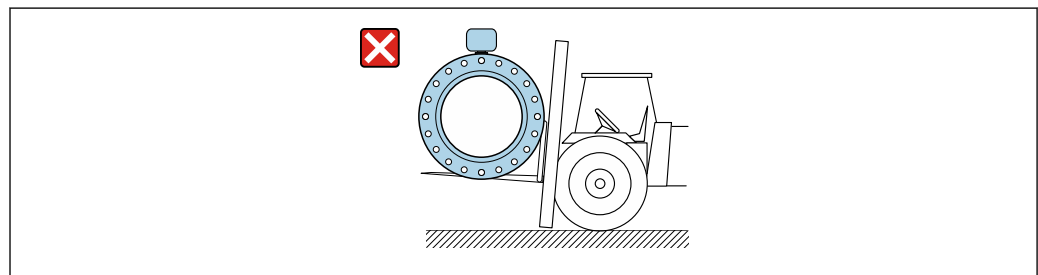
5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift

If transporting in wood crates, the floor structure enables the crates to be lifted lengthwise or at both sides using a forklift.

⚠ CAUTION

Risk of damaging the magnetic coil

- ▶ If transporting by forklift, do not lift the sensor by the metal casing.
- ▶ This would buckle the casing and damage the internal magnetic coils.



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5.3 Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:

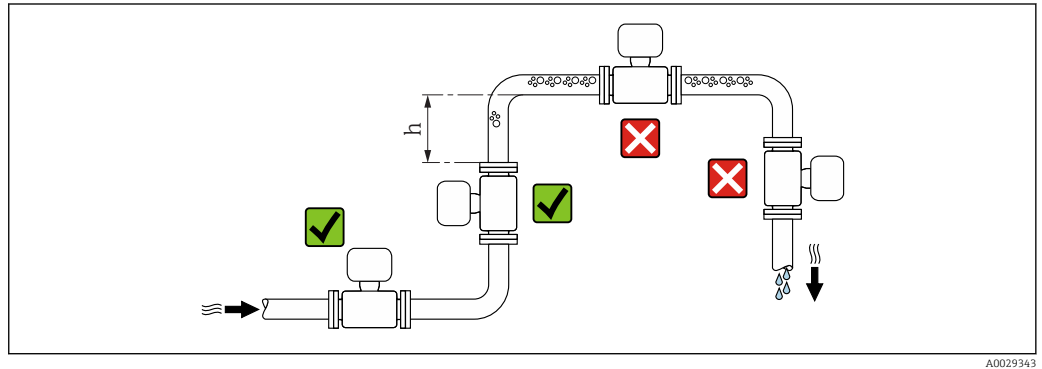
- Measuring device secondary packaging: polymer stretch film that conforms to EC Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS).
- Packaging:
 - Wood crate, treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, which is confirmed by the affixed IPPC logo.
 - or
 - Carton in accordance with European Packaging Directive 94/62EC; recyclability is confirmed by the affixed RESY symbol.
- Seaworthy packaging (optional): Wood crate, treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, which is confirmed by the affixed IPPC logo.
- Carrying and mounting hardware:
 - Disposable plastic pallet
 - Plastic straps
 - Plastic adhesive strips
- Dunnage: Paper cushion

6 Installation

6.1 Installation conditions

6.1.1 Mounting position

Mounting location

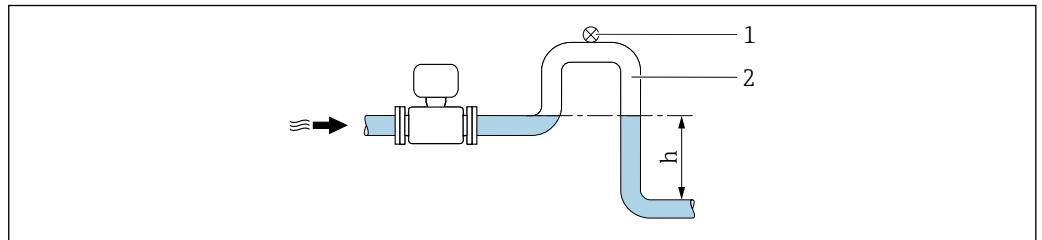


A0029343

Preferably install the sensor in an ascending pipe, and ensure a sufficient distance to the next pipe elbow: $h \geq 2 \times \text{DN}$

Installation in down pipes

Install a siphon with a vent valve downstream of the sensor in down pipes whose length $h \geq 5 \text{ m}$ (16.4 ft). This precaution is to avoid low pressure and the consequent risk of damage to the measuring tube. This measure also prevents the system losing prime.



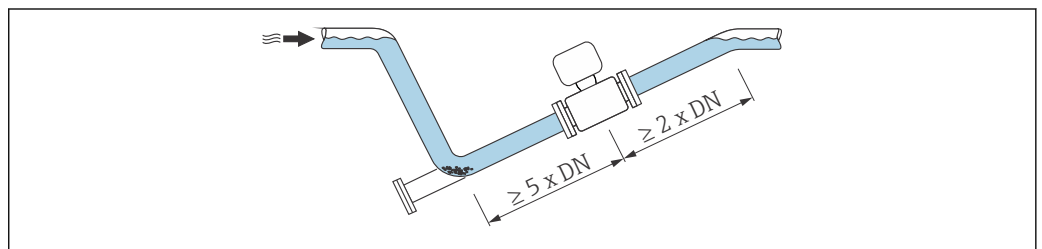
A0028981

4 Installation in a down pipe

- 1 Vent valve
- 2 Pipe siphon
- h Length of down pipe

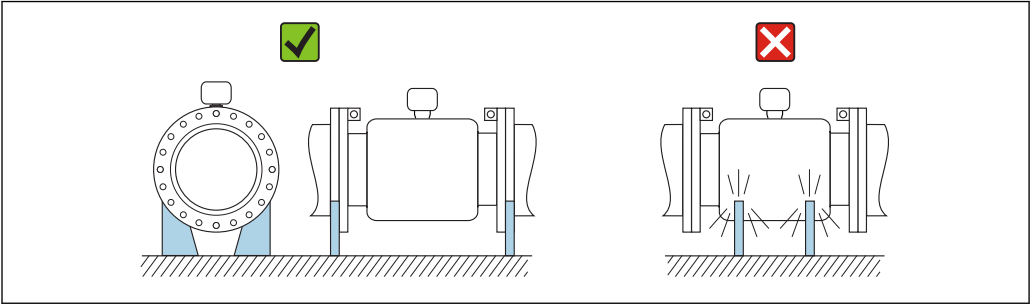
Installation in partially filled pipes

A partially filled pipe with a gradient necessitates a drain-type configuration.



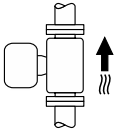
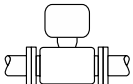
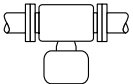
A0029257

For heavy sensors DN ≥ 350 (14")



Orientation

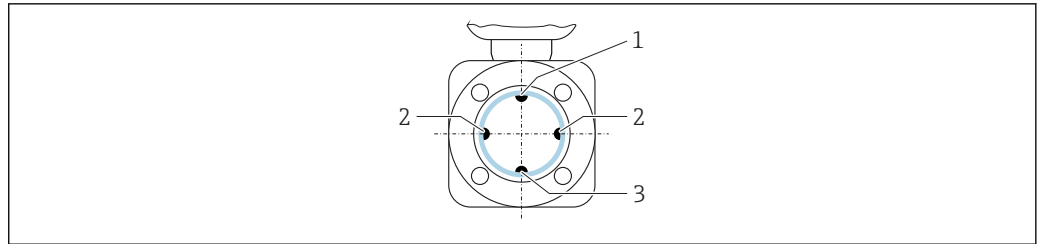
The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

Orientation			Recommendation
A	Vertical orientation	 A0015591	✓✓
B	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	 A0015589	✓✓ ¹⁾
C	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	 A0015590	✓✓ ^{2) 3)}
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	 A0015592	✗

- 1) Applications with low process temperatures may decrease the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- 2) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- 3) To prevent the electronics module from overheating in the case of a sharp rise in temperature (e.g. CIP- or SIP processes), install the device with the transmitter component pointing downwards.

Horizontal

- Ideally, the measuring electrode plane should be horizontal. This prevents brief insulation of the two measuring electrodes by entrained air bubbles.
- Empty pipe detection only works if the transmitter housing is pointing upwards as otherwise there is no guarantee that the empty pipe detection function will actually respond to a partially filled or empty measuring tube.

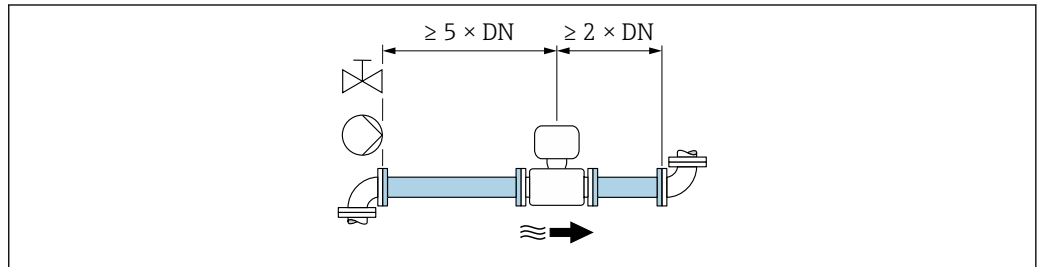


A0029344

- 1 EPD electrode for empty pipe detection
- 2 Measuring electrodes for signal detection
- 3 Reference electrode for potential equalization

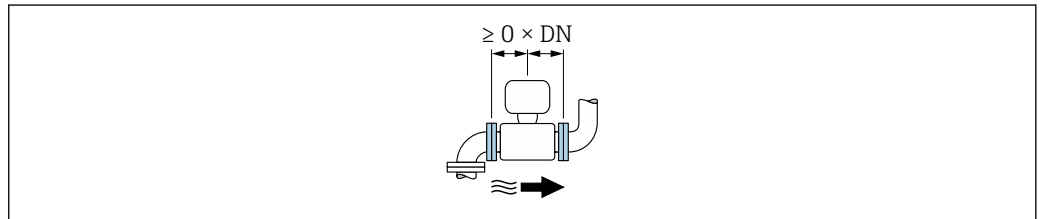
Inlet and outlet runs

If possible, install the sensor upstream from fittings such as valves, T-pieces or elbows. Observe the following inlet and outlet runs to comply with accuracy specifications:



A0028997

- 5 Order code for "Design", option A "Insertion length short, ISO/DVGW until DN400, DN450-2000 1:1" and order code for "Design", option B "Insertion length long, ISO/DVGW until DN400, DN450-2000 1:1.3"



A0032859

- 6 Order code for "Design", option C "Insertion length short ISO/DVGW until DN300, w/o inlet and outlet runs, constricted meas.tube"

Installation dimensions

- For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section.

6.1.2 Requirements from environment and process

Ambient temperature range

Transmitter	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Local display	-20 to +60 °C (-4 to +140 °F), the readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.
Sensor	■ Process connection material, carbon steel: -10 to +60 °C (+14 to +140 °F) ■ Process connection material, stainless steel: -40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Liner	Do not exceed or fall below the permitted temperature range of the liner .

If operating outdoors:

- Install the measuring device in a shady location.
- Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.
- Avoid direct exposure to weather conditions.
- If the compact version of the device is insulated at low temperatures, the insulation must also include the device neck.
- Protect the display against impact.
- Protect the display from abrasion by sand in desert areas.

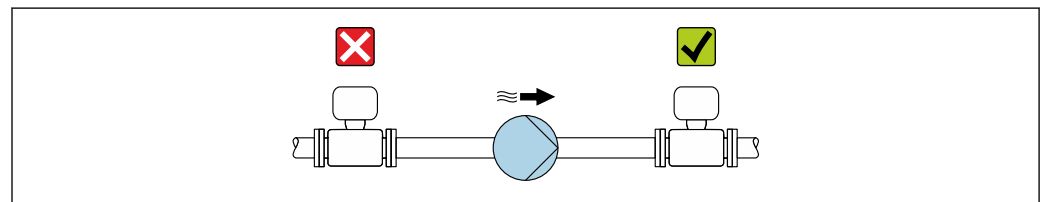
 You can order a display guard from Endress+Hauser : →  143

Temperature tables

 Observe the interdependencies between the permitted ambient and fluid temperatures when operating the device in hazardous areas.

 For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.

System pressure



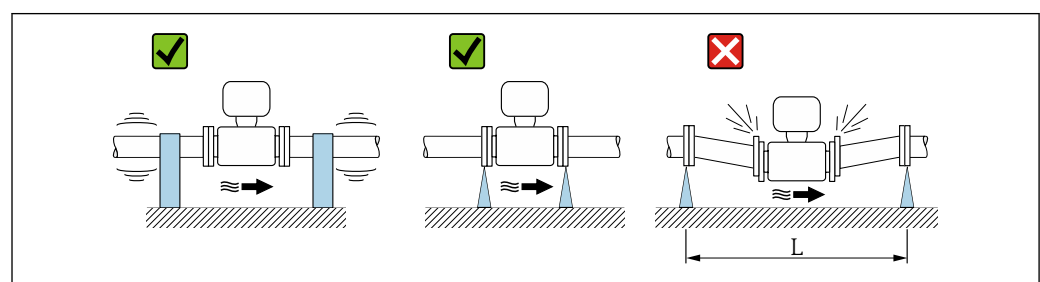
A0028777

Never install the sensor on the pump suction side in order to avoid the risk of low pressure, and thus damage to the liner.

 Furthermore, install pulse dampers if reciprocating, diaphragm or peristaltic pumps are used.

-  ■ Information on the liner's resistance to partial vacuum →  154
- Information on the shock resistance of the measuring system →  153
- Information on the vibration resistance of the measuring system →  153

Vibrations



A0029004

 7 Measures to avoid device vibrations ($L > 10\text{ m (33 ft)}$)

In the event of very strong vibrations, the pipe and sensor must be supported and fixed.

It is also advisable to mount the sensor and transmitter separately.

-  ■ Information on the shock resistance of the measuring system →  153
- Information on the vibration resistance of the measuring system →  153

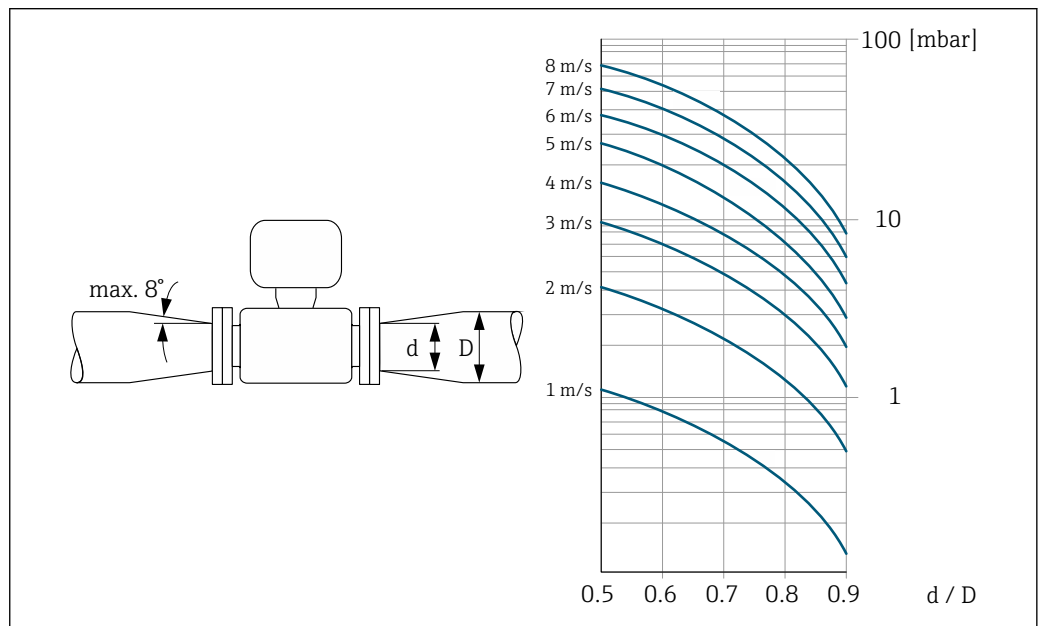
Adapters

Suitable adapters to DIN EN 545 (double-flange reducers) can be used to install the sensor in larger-diameter pipes. The resultant increase in the rate of flow improves measuring accuracy with very slow-moving fluids. The nomogram shown here can be used to calculate the pressure loss caused by reducers and expanders.



The nomogram only applies to liquids with a viscosity similar to that of water.

1. Calculate the ratio of the diameters d/D .
2. From the nomogram read off the pressure loss as a function of flow velocity (downstream from the reduction) and the d/D ratio.

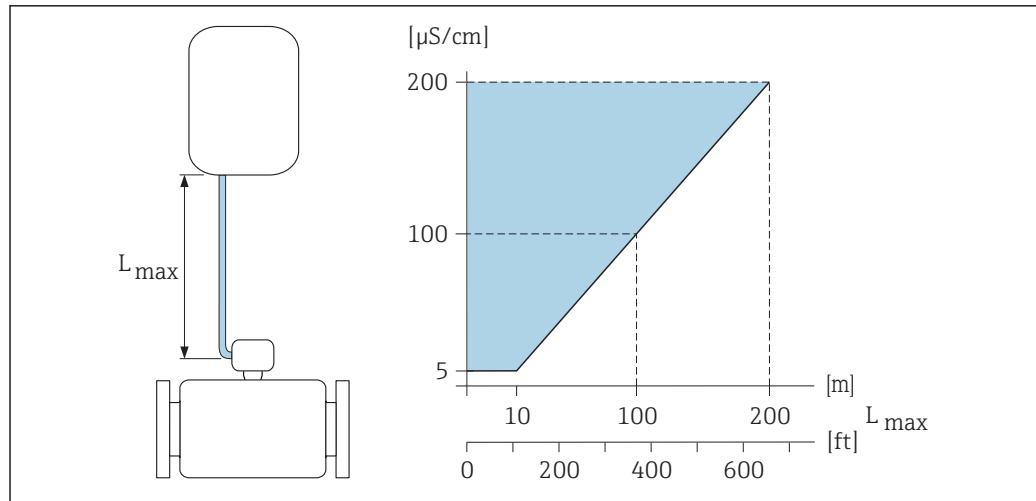


A0029002

Length of connecting cable

To ensure correct measuring results when using the remote version, observe the maximum permitted length of the connecting cable $L_{\max}$. This length is determined by the conductivity of the fluid.

If measuring liquids in general: $5 \mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$



A0016539

8 Permitted length of connecting cable for remote version

Colored area = permitted range

L_{max} = length of connecting cable in [m] ([ft])

[$\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$] = fluid conductivity

6.1.3 Special mounting instructions

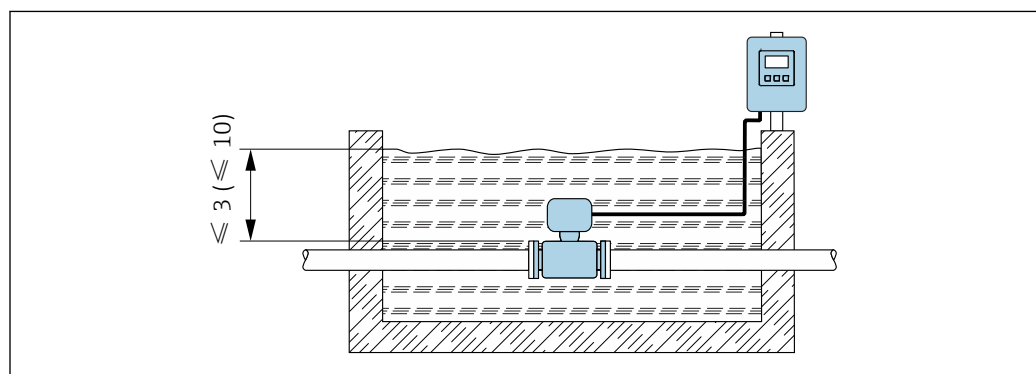
Display protection

- To ensure that the optional display protection can be easily opened, maintain the following minimum head clearance: 350 mm (13.8 in)

Temporary immersion in water

A remote version with IP67 protection, Type 6 is optionally available for temporary immersion in water for up to 168 hours at ≤ 3 m (10 ft) or in exceptional cases for use for up to 48 hours at ≤ 10 m (30 ft).

Compared with the standard degree of protection IP67, Type 4X enclosure, the version IP67, Type 6 enclosure has been designed to withstand short-term or temporary flooding.



A0029320

9 Engineering unit in m(ft)

Replacement of cable gland on connection housing

6.2 Mounting the measuring device

6.2.1 Required tools

For transmitter

- Torque wrench
- For wall mounting:
Open-ended wrench for hexagonal screw max. M5
- For pipe mounting:
 - Open-ended wrench AF 8
 - Phillips head screwdriver PH 2
- For turning the transmitter housing (compact version):
 - Phillips head screwdriver PH 2
 - Torx screwdriver TX 20
 - Open-ended wrench AF 7

For sensor

For flanges and other process connections: Corresponding mounting tools

6.2.2 Preparing the measuring device

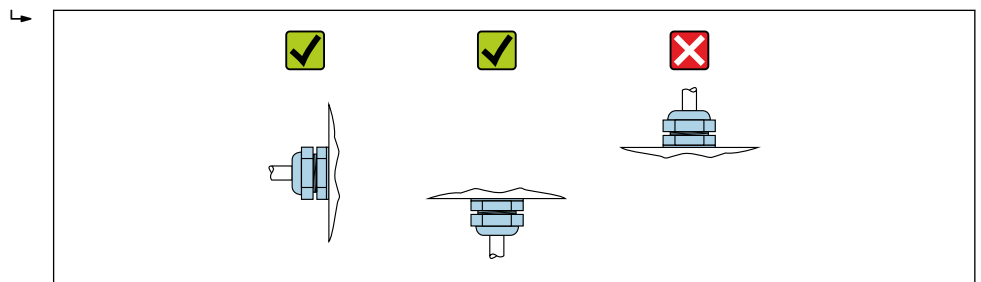
1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.
2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.
3. Remove stick-on label on the electronics compartment cover.

6.2.3 Mounting the sensor

⚠ WARNING

Danger due to improper process sealing!

- ▶ Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.
 - ▶ Ensure that the gaskets are clean and undamaged.
 - ▶ Install the gaskets correctly.
1. Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.
 2. To ensure compliance with device specifications, install the measuring device between the pipe flanges in a way that it is centered in the measurement section.
 3. If using ground disks, comply with the Installation Instructions provided.
 4. Observe required screw tightening torques → 28.
 5. Install the measuring device or turn the transmitter housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.



A0029263

Mounting the seals

CAUTION

An electrically conductive layer could form on the inside of the measuring tube!

Risk of measuring signal short circuit.

- Do not use electrically conductive sealing compounds such as graphite.

Comply with the following instructions when installing seals:

1. Make sure that the seals do not protrude into the piping cross-section.
2. For DIN flanges: only use seals according to DIN EN 1514-1.
3. For "hard rubber" lining: additional seals are **always** required.
4. For "polyurethane" lining: generally additional seals are **not** required.
5. For "PTFE" lining: generally additional seals are **not** required.

Mounting the ground cable/ground disks

Comply with the information on potential equalization and detailed mounting instructions for the use of ground cables/ground disks .

Screw tightening torques

Please note the following:

- The screw tightening torques listed below apply only to lubricated threads and to pipes not subjected to tensile stress.
- Tighten the screws uniformly and in diagonally opposite sequence.
- Overtightening the screws will deform the sealing faces or damage the seals.

Screw tightening torques for EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 6/10/16

Nominal diameter [mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	Screws [mm]	Flange thickness [mm]	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]		
				Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
25	PN 10/16	4 × M12	18	–	6	11
32	PN 10/16	4 × M16	18	–	16	27
40	PN 10/16	4 × M16	18	–	16	29
50	PN 10/16	4 × M16	18	–	15	40
65 ¹⁾	PN 10/16	8 × M16	18	–	10	22
80	PN 10/16	8 × M16	20	–	15	30
100	PN 10/16	8 × M16	20	–	20	42
125	PN 10/16	8 × M16	22	–	30	55
150	PN 10/16	8 × M20	22	–	50	90
200	PN 16	12 × M20	24	–	65	87
250	PN 16	12 × M24	26	–	126	151
300	PN 16	12 × M24	28	–	139	177
350	PN 6	12 × M20	22	111	120	–
350	PN 10	16 × M20	26	112	118	–
350	PN 16	16 × M24	30	152	165	–
400	PN 6	16 × M20	22	90	98	–
400	PN 10	16 × M24	26	151	167	–
400	PN 16	16 × M27	32	193	215	–
450	PN 6	16 × M20	22	112	126	–

Nominal diameter [mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	Screws [mm]	Flange thickness [mm]	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]		
				Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
450	PN 10	20 × M24	28	153	133	–
500	PN 6	20 × M20	24	119	123	–
500	PN 10	20 × M24	28	155	171	–
500	PN 16	20 × M30	34	275	300	–
600	PN 6	20 × M24	30	139	147	–
600	PN 10	20 × M27	28	206	219	–
600 ¹⁾	PN 16	20 × M33	36	415	443	–
700	PN 6	24 × M24	24	148	139	–
700	PN 10	24 × M27	30	246	246	–
700	PN 16	24 × M33	36	278	318	–
800	PN 6	24 × M27	24	206	182	–
800	PN 10	24 × M30	32	331	316	–
800	PN 16	24 × M36	38	369	385	–
900	PN 6	24 × M27	26	230	637	–
900	PN 10	28 × M30	34	316	307	–
900	PN 16	28 × M36	40	353	398	–
1000	PN 6	28 × M27	26	218	208	–
1000	PN 10	28 × M33	34	402	405	–
1000	PN 16	28 × M39	42	502	518	–
1200	PN 6	32 × M30	28	319	299	–
1200	PN 10	32 × M36	38	564	568	–
1200	PN 16	32 × M45	48	701	753	–
1400	PN 6	36 × M33	32	430	–	–
1400	PN 10	36 × M39	42	654	–	–
1400	PN 16	36 × M45	52	729	–	–
1600	PN 6	40 × M33	34	440	–	–
1600	PN 10	40 × M45	46	946	–	–
1600	PN 16	40 × M52	58	1007	–	–
1800	PN 6	44 × M36	36	547	–	–
1800	PN 10	44 × M45	50	961	–	–
1800	PN 16	44 × M52	62	1108	–	–
2000	PN 6	48 × M39	38	629	–	–
2000	PN 10	48 × M45	54	1047	–	–
2000	PN 16	48 × M56	66	1324	–	–
2200	PN 6	52 × M39	42	698	–	–
2200	PN 10	52 × M52	58	1217	–	–
2400	PN 6	56 × M39	44	768	–	–
2400	PN 10	56 × M52	62	1229	–	–

1) Designed acc. to EN 1092-1 (not to DIN 2501)

Screw tightening torques for EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10/16/25, P245GH/stainless; calculated according to EN 1591-1:2014 for flanges as per EN 1092-1:2013

Nominal diameter [mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	Screws [mm]	Flange thickness [mm]	Nom. screw tightening torque [Nm]	
				PUR	HG
350	PN 6	12 × M20	22	75	60
350	PN 10	16 × M20	26	80	70
350	PN 16	16 × M24	30	135	125
400	PN 6	16 × M20	22	70	65
400	PN 10	16 × M24	26	120	100
400	PN 16	16 × M27	32	190	175
450	PN 6	16 × M20	22	90	70
450	PN 10	20 × M24	28	110	100
450	PN 16	20 × M27	34	190	175
500	PN 6	20 × M20	24	70	65
500	PN 10	20 × M24	28	120	110
500	PN 16	20 × M30	36	235	225
600	PN 6	20 × M24	30	105	105
600	PN 10	20 × M27	30	160	165
600	PN 16	20 × M33	40	340	340
700	PN 6	24 × M24	30	110	110
700	PN 10	24 × M27	35	190	190
700	PN 16	24 × M33	40	340	340
800	PN 6	24 × M27	30	145	145
800	PN 10	24 × M30	38	260	260
800	PN 16	24 × M36	41	455	465
900	PN 6	24 × M27	34	180	170
900	PN 10	28 × M30	38	275	265
900	PN 16	28 × M36	48	475	475
1000	PN 6	28 × M27	38	185	175
1000	PN 10	28 × M33	44	360	350
1000	PN 16	28 × M39	59	620	630
1200	PN 6	32 × M30	42	250	235
1200	PN 10	32 × M36	55	480	470
1200	PN 16	32 × M45	78	900	890
1400	PN 6	36 × M33	56	–	300
1400	PN 10	36 × M39	65	–	600
1400	PN 16	36 × M45	84	–	1050
1600	PN 6	40 × M33	63	–	340
1600	PN 10	40 × M45	75	–	810
1600	PN 16	40 × M52	102	–	1420
1800	PN 6	44 × M36	69	–	430
1800	PN 10	44 × M45	85	–	920
1800	PN 16	44 × M52	110	–	1600

Nominal diameter [mm]	Pressure rating [bar]	Screws [mm]	Flange thickness [mm]	Nom. screw tightening torque [Nm]	
				PUR	HG
2 000	PN 6	48 × M39	74	–	530
2 000	PN 10	48 × M45	90	–	1 040
2 000	PN 16	48 × M56	124	–	1 900
2 200	PN 6	52 × M39	81	–	580
2 200	PN 10	52 × M52	100	–	1 290
2 400	PN 6	56 × M39	87	–	650
2 400	PN 10	56 × M52	110	–	1 410

Screw tightening torques for ASME B16.5, Class 150

Nominal diameter		Screws [in]	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm] ([lbf · ft])		
[mm]	[in]		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
25	1	4 × 5/8	–	5 (4)	14 (13)
40	1 ½	8 × 5/8	–	10 (7)	21 (15)
50	2	4 × 5/8	–	15 (11)	40 (29)
80	3	4 × 5/8	–	25 (18)	65 (48)
100	4	8 × 5/8	–	20 (15)	44 (32)
150	6	8 × ¾	–	45 (33)	90 (66)
200	8	8 × ¾	–	65 (48)	87 (64)
250	10	12 × 7/8	–	126 (93)	151 (112)
300	12	12 × 7/8	–	146 (108)	177 (131)
350	14	12 × 1	135 (100)	158 (117)	–
400	16	16 × 1	128 (94)	150 (111)	–
450	18	16 × 1 1/8	204 (150)	234 (173)	–
500	20	20 × 1 1/8	183 (135)	217 (160)	–
600	24	20 × 1 ¼	268 (198)	307 (226)	–

Screw tightening torques for AWWA C207, Class D

Nominal diameter		Screws [in]	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm] ([lbf · ft])		
[mm]	[in]		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
700	28	28 × 1 ¼	247 (182)	292 (215)	–
750	30	28 × 1 ¼	287 (212)	302 (223)	–
800	32	28 × 1 ½	394 (291)	422 (311)	–
900	36	32 × 1 ½	419 (309)	430 (317)	–
1 000	40	36 × 1 ½	420 (310)	477 (352)	–
1 050	42	36 × 1 ½	528 (389)	518 (382)	–
1 200	48	44 × 1 ½	552 (407)	531 (392)	–
1 350	54	44 × 1 ¾	730 (538)	–	–
1 500	60	52 × 1 ¾	758 (559)	–	–
1 650	66	52 × 1 ¾	946 (698)	–	–
1 800	72	60 × 1 ¾	975 (719)	–	–

Nominal diameter		Screws	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm] ([lbf · ft])		
[mm]	[in]		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
2 000	78	64 × 2	853 (629)	–	–
2 150	84	64 × 2	931 (687)	–	–
2 300	90	68 × 2 ¼	1 048 (773)	–	–

Screw tightening torques for AS 2129, Table E

Nominal diameter [mm]	Screws [mm]	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]		
		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
350	12 × M24	203	–	–
400	12 × M24	226	–	–
450	16 × M24	226	–	–
500	16 × M24	271	–	–
600	16 × M30	439	–	–
700	20 × M30	355	–	–
750	20 × M30	559	–	–
800	20 × M30	631	–	–
900	24 × M30	627	–	–
1 000	24 × M30	634	–	–
1 200	32 × M30	727	–	–

Screw tightening torques for AS 4087, PN 16

Nominal diameter [mm]	Screws [mm]	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]		
		Hard rubber	Polyurethane	PTFE
350	12 × M24	203	–	–
375	12 × M24	137	–	–
400	12 × M24	226	–	–
450	12 × M24	301	–	–
500	16 × M24	271	–	–
600	16 × M27	393	–	–
700	20 × M27	330	–	–
750	20 × M30	529	–	–
800	20 × M33	631	–	–
900	24 × M33	627	–	–
1 000	24 × M33	595	–	–
1 200	32 × M33	703	–	–

6.2.4 Mounting the transmitter of the remote version

CAUTION

Ambient temperature too high!

Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

- Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature .
- If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

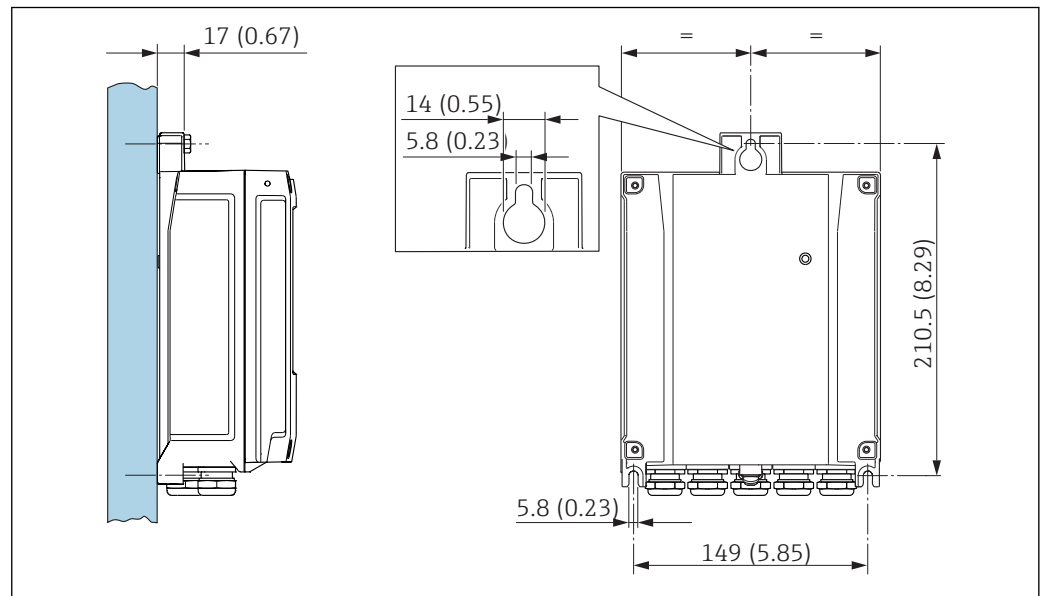
⚠ CAUTION

Excessive force can damage the housing!

- Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter of the remote version can be mounted in the following ways:

- Wall mounting
- Pipe mounting

Wall mounting

A0020523

10 Engineering unit mm (in)

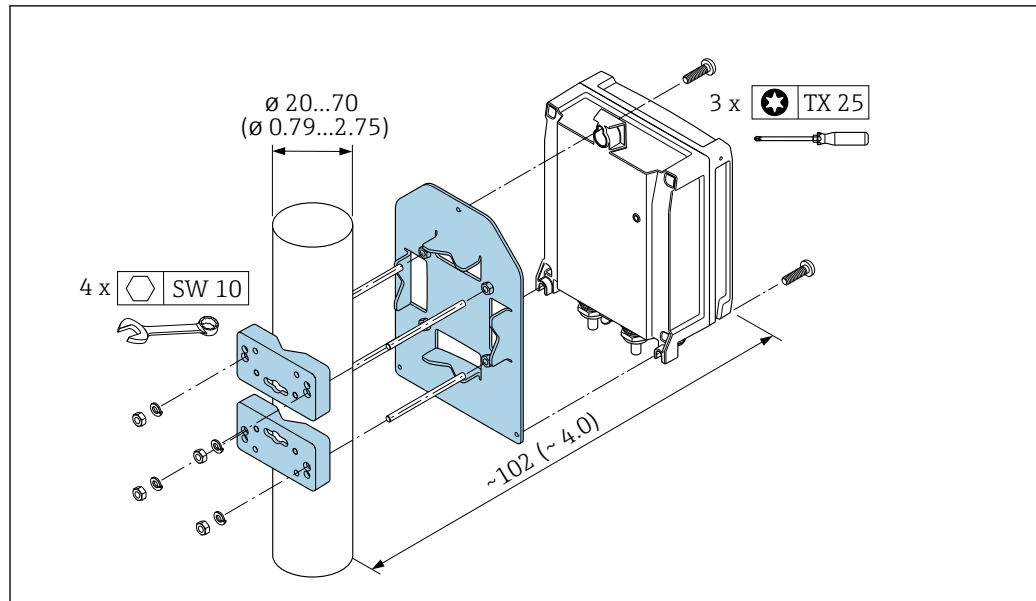
1. Drill the holes.
2. Insert wall plugs into the drilled holes.
3. Screw in the securing screws slightly at first.
4. Fit the transmitter housing over the securing screws and mount in place.
5. Tighten the securing screws.

Post mounting**⚠ WARNING**

Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

- Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque:

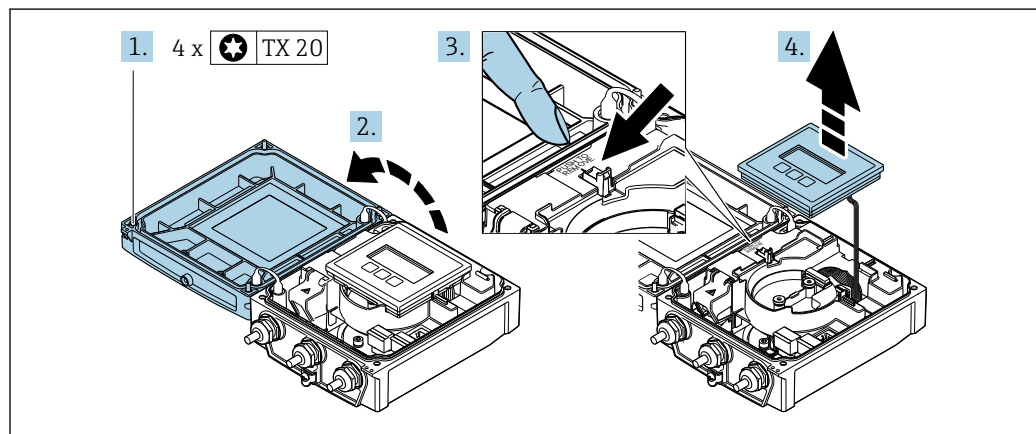


A0029051

11 Engineering unit mm (in)

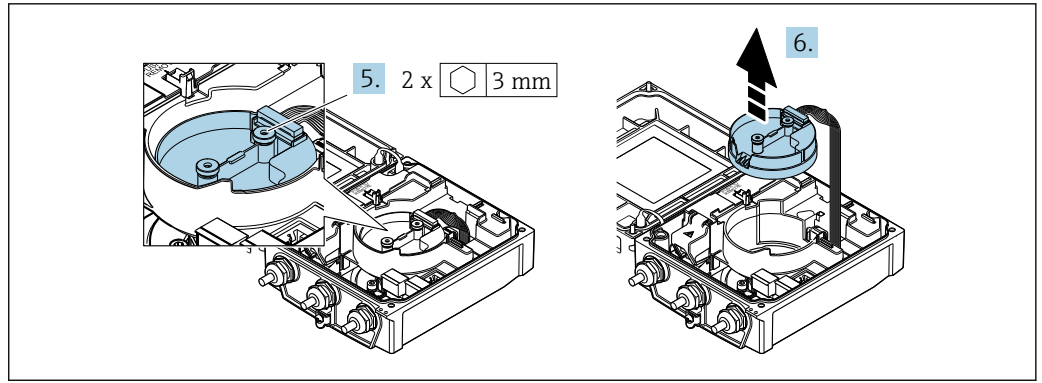
6.2.5 Turning the transmitter housing

To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned.



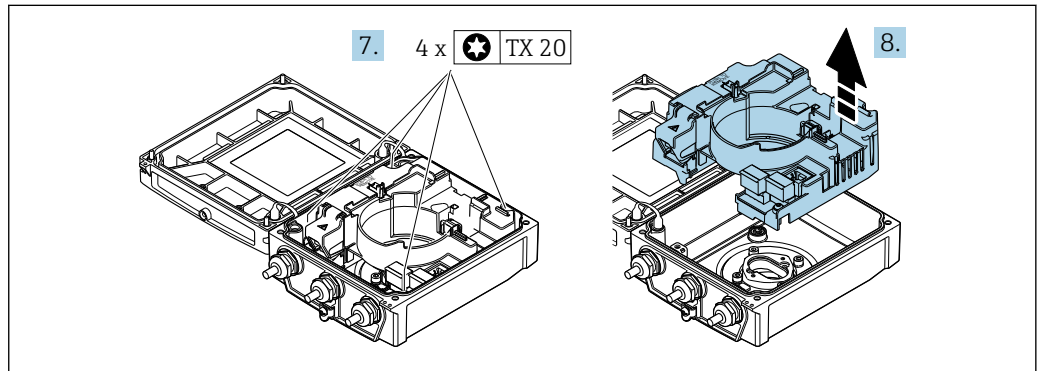
A0032086

1. Loosen the fixing screws of the housing cover (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque → 36).
2. Open the housing cover.
3. Unlock the display module.
4. Remove the display module.



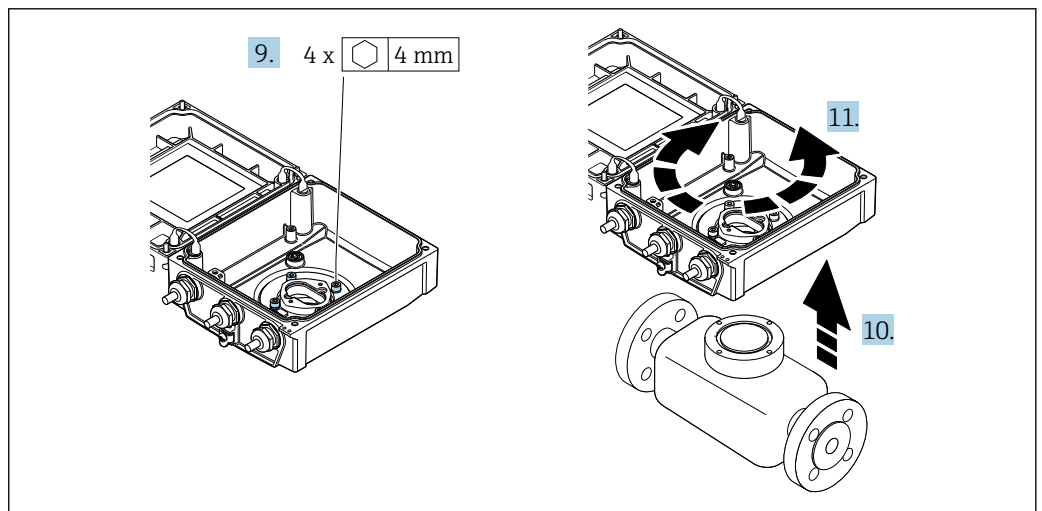
A0032087

5. Loosen the fixing screws of the smart sensor electronics module (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque → 36).
6. Remove the smart sensor electronics module (when reassembling, pay attention to the coding of the plug → 36).



A0032088

7. Loosen the fixing screws of the main electronics module (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque → 36).
8. Remove the main electronics module.



A0032089

9. Loosen the fixing screws of the transmitter housing (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque → 36).
10. Lift the transmitter housing.
11. Turn the housing to the desired position in increments of 90°.

Reassembling the transmitter housing

⚠ WARNING

Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

- Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque:

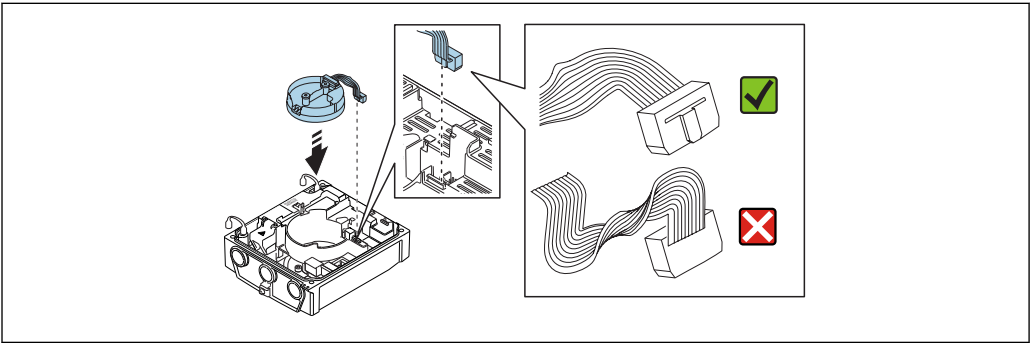
Step → 34	Fixing screw	Tightening torques for housing made of:	
		Aluminum	Plastic
1	Housing cover	2.5 Nm (1.8 lbf ft)	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)
5	Smart sensor electronics module	0.6 Nm (0.4 lbf ft)	
7	Main electronics module	1.5 Nm (1.1 lbf ft)	
9/10	Transmitter housing	5.5 Nm (4.1 lbf ft)	

NOTICE

Plug of the smart sensor electronics module connected incorrectly!

No measuring signal is output.

- Plug in the plug of the smart sensor electronics module as per the coding.

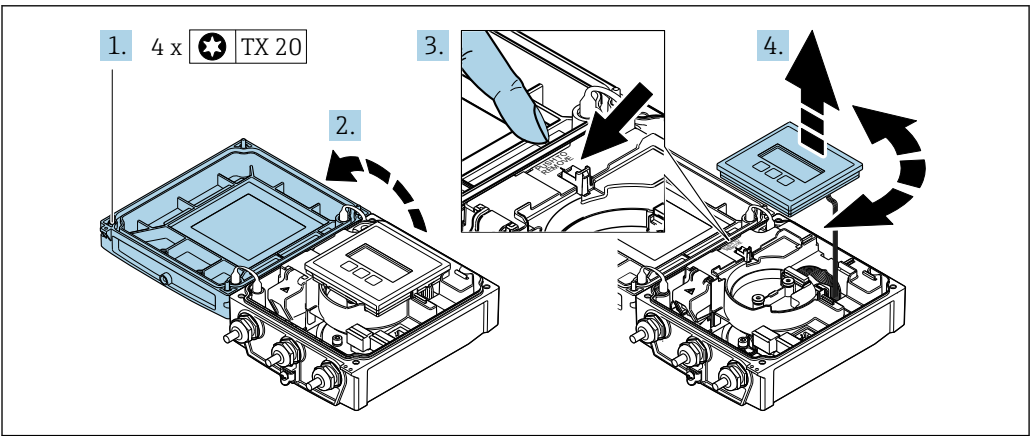


A0021585

- Reverse the procedure to reassemble the measuring device.

6.2.6 Turning the display module

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability and operability.



A0032091

1. Loosen the fixing screws of the housing cover (when reassembling, pay attention to the tightening torque → 37).
2. Open the housing cover.
3. Unlock the display module.

4. Pull out the display module and turn it to the desired position in increments of 90°.

Reassembling the transmitter housing

⚠ WARNING

Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

- Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque:

Step (see graphic)	Fixing screw	Tightening torque for housing made of:	
		Aluminum	Plastic
1	Housing cover	2.5 Nm (1.8 lbf ft)	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)

- Reverse the procedure to reassemble the measuring device.

6.3 Post-installation check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	☐
Does the measuring device conform to the measuring point specifications? For example: ▪ Process temperature ▪ Process pressure (refer to the section on "Pressure-temperature ratings" in the "Technical Information" document) ▪ Ambient temperature ▪ Measuring range	☐
Has the correct orientation for the sensor been selected ? ▪ According to sensor type ▪ According to medium temperature ▪ According to medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)	☐
Does the arrow on the sensor nameplate match the direction of flow of the fluid through the piping ?	☐
Are the measuring point identification and labeling correct (visual inspection)?	☐
Is the device adequately protected from precipitation and direct sunlight?	☐
Have the fixing screws been tightened with the correct tightening torque?	☐

7 Electrical connection

NOTICE

The measuring device does not have an internal circuit breaker.

- For this reason, assign the measuring device a switch or power-circuit breaker so that the power supply line can be easily disconnected from the mains.
- Although the measuring device is equipped with a fuse, additional overcurrent protection (maximum 16 A) should be integrated into the system installation.

7.1 Connection conditions

7.1.1 Requirements for connecting cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

Electrical safety

In accordance with applicable federal/national regulations.

Permitted temperature range

- The installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

Power supply cable

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Signal cable

PROFIBUS DP

The IEC 61158 standard specifies two types of cable (A and B) for the bus line which can be used for every transmission rate. Cable type A is recommended.

Cable type	A
Characteristic impedance	135 to 165 Ω at a measuring frequency of 3 to 20 MHz
Cable capacitance	< 30 pF/m
Wire cross-section	> 0.34 mm ² (22 AWG)
Cable type	Twisted pairs
Loop resistance	$\leq 110 \Omega/\text{km}$
Signal damping	Max. 9 dB over the entire length of the cable cross-section
Shield	Copper braided shielding or braided shielding with foil shield. When grounding the cable shield, observe the grounding concept of the plant.

Connecting cable for remote version

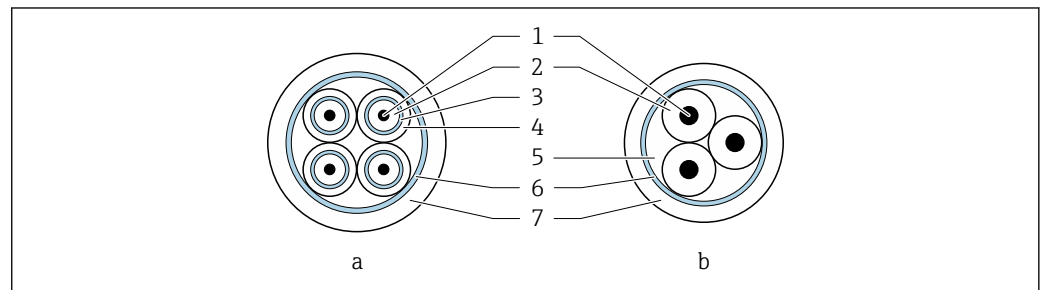
Electrode cable

Standard cable	3 $\times$ 0.38 mm ² (20 AWG) with common, braided copper shield ($\phi \sim 9.5$ mm (0.37 in)) and individual shielded cores
Cable for empty pipe detection (EPD)	4 $\times$ 0.38 mm ² (20 AWG) with common, braided copper shield ($\phi \sim 9.5$ mm (0.37 in)) and individual shielded cores
Conductor resistance	$\leq 50 \Omega/\text{km}$ (0.015 Ω/ft)

Capacitance: core/shield	≤420 pF/m (128 pF/ft)
Operating temperature	–20 to +80 °C (–68 to +176 °F)

Coil current cable

Standard cable	3 × 0.75 mm ² (18 AWG) with common, braided copper shield (ϕ ~9 mm (0.35 in))
Conductor resistance	≤37 Ω/km (0.011 Ω/ft)
Capacitance: core/core, shield grounded	≤120 pF/m (37 pF/ft)
Operating temperature	–20 to +80 °C (–68 to +176 °F)
Test voltage for cable insulation	≤ AC 1433 V r.m.s. 50/60 Hz or ≥ DC 2026 V



A0029151

12 Cable cross-section

- a* Electrode cable
- b* Coil current cable
- 1 Core
- 2 Core insulation
- 3 Core shield
- 4 Core jacket
- 5 Core reinforcement
- 6 Cable shield
- 7 Outer jacket

Reinforced connecting cables

Reinforced connecting cables with an additional, reinforcing metal braid should be used for:

- When laying the cable directly in the ground
- Where there is a risk of damage from rodents

Operation in zones of severe electrical interference

The measuring system meets the general safety requirements → 171 and EMC specifications → 153.

Grounding is by means of the ground terminal provided for the purpose inside the connection housing. The stripped and twisted lengths of cable shield to the ground terminal must be as short as possible.

Cable diameter

- Cable glands supplied:
 - For standard cable: M20 × 1.5 with cable ϕ6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
 - For reinforced cable: M20 × 1.5 with cable ϕ9.5 to 16 mm (0.37 to 0.63 in)
- (Plug-in) spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)

7.1.2 Required tools

- Torque wrench
- For cable entries: Use corresponding tools
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: Crimper for wire end ferrule

7.1.3 Terminal assignment

Transmitter

The sensor can be ordered with terminals.

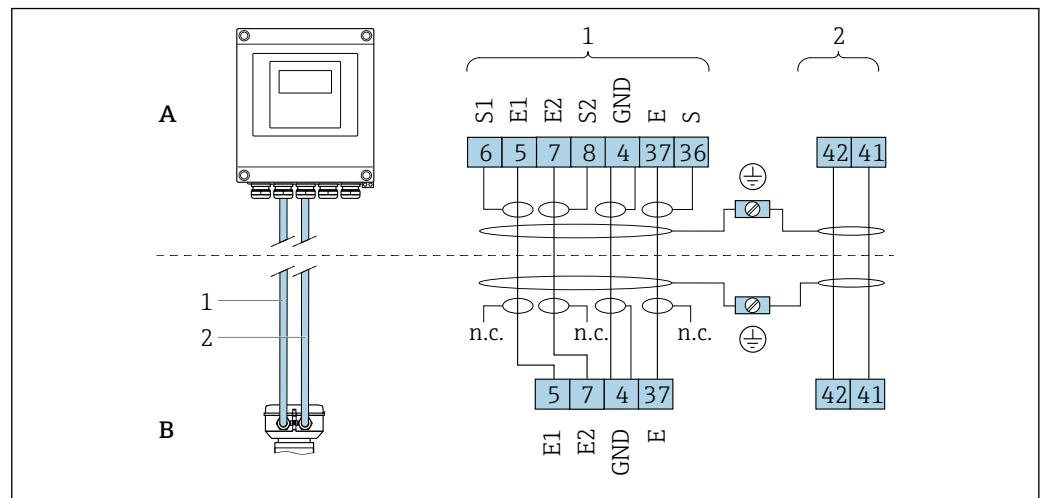
Connection methods available		Possible options for order code "Electrical connection"
Outputs	Power supply	
terminals	terminals	■ Option A: coupling M20x1 ■ Option B: thread M20x1 ■ Option C: thread G ½" ■ Option D: thread NPT ½"

Supply voltage

Order code "Power supply"	Terminal numbers	terminal voltage		Frequency range
Option L (wide range power unit)	1 (L+/L), 2 (L-/N)	DC 24 V	±25%	–
		AC 24 V	±25%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz
		AC 100 to 240 V	–15 to +10%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz

PROFIBUS DP signal transmission

Order code for "Output" and "Input"	Terminal numbers	
	26 (RxD/TxD-P)	27 (RxD/TxD-N)
Option L	B	A
Order code for "Output": Option L: PROFIBUS DP, for use in non-hazardous areas and Zone 2/div. 2		

Remote version

13 Remote version terminal assignment

- A Transmitter wall-mount housing
 B Sensor connection housing
 1 Electrode cable
 2 Coil current cable
 n.c. Not connected, insulated cable shields

Terminal No. and cable colors: 6/5 = brown; 7/8 = white; 4 = green; 36/37 = yellow

7.1.4 Shielding and grounding**PROFIBUS DP**

Optimum electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of the fieldbus system can only be guaranteed if the system components and, in particular, the lines are shielded and the shield forms as complete a cover as possible. A shield coverage of 90% is ideal.

- To ensure an optimum EMC protective effect, connect the shield as often as possible to the reference ground.
- For reasons of explosion protection, you should refrain from grounding however.

To comply with both requirements, the fieldbus system allows three different types of shielding:

- Shielding at both ends.
- Shielding at one end on the feed side with capacitance termination at the field device.
- Shielding at one end on the feed side.

Experience shows that the best results with regard to EMC are achieved in most cases in installations with one-sided shielding on the feed side (without capacitance termination at the field device). Appropriate measures with regard to input wiring must be taken to allow unrestricted operation when EMC interference is present. These measures have been taken into account for this device. Operation in the event of disturbance variables as per NAMUR NE21 is thus guaranteed.

Where applicable, national installation regulations and guidelines must be observed during the installation!

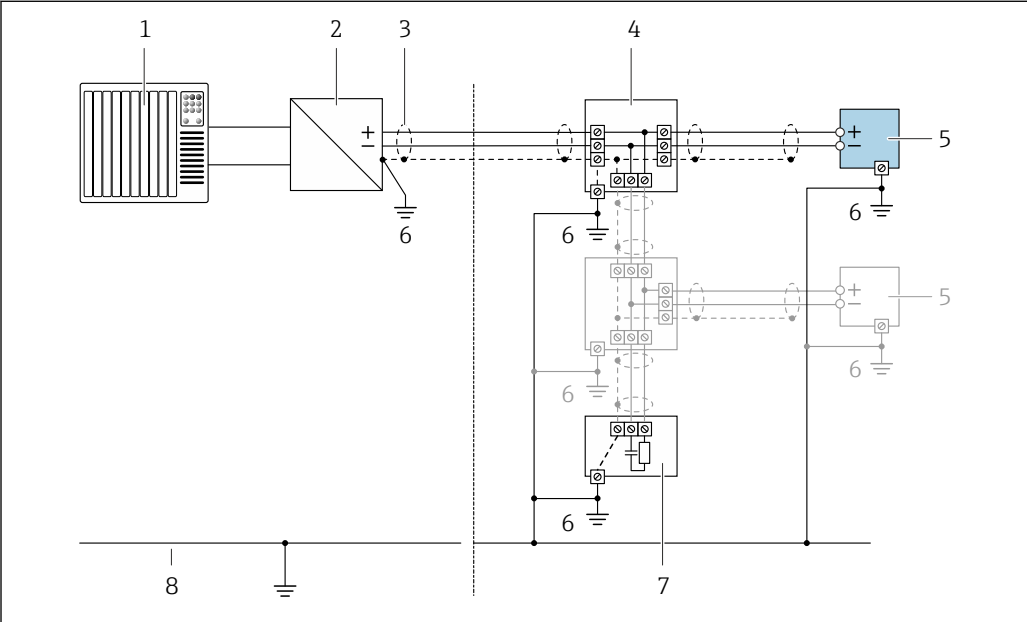
Where there are large differences in potential between the individual grounding points, only one point of the shielding is connected directly with the reference ground. In systems without potential equalization, therefore, cable shielding of fieldbus systems should only be grounded on one side, for example at the fieldbus supply unit or at safety barriers.

NOTICE

In systems without potential matching, the multiple grounding of the cable shield causes mains frequency equalizing currents!

Damage to the bus cable shield.

- Only ground the bus cable shield to either the local ground or the protective ground at one end. Insulate the shield that is not connected.



A0028768

- 1 Controller (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Segment coupler PROFIBUS DP/PA
- 3 Cable shield
- 4 T-box
- 5 Measuring device
- 6 Local grounding
- 7 Bus terminator
- 8 Potential matching line

7.1.5 Requirements for the supply unit

Supply voltage

Transmitter

Order code for "Power supply"	terminal voltage		Frequency range
Option L	DC 24 V	±25%	–
	AC 24 V	±25%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz
	AC 100 to 240 V	–15 to +10%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz

7.1.6 Preparing the measuring device

Carry out the steps in the following order:

1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
2. Connection housing, sensor: Connect connecting cable.
3. Transmitter: Connect connecting cable.
4. Transmitter: Connect signal cable and cable for supply voltage.

NOTICE**Insufficient sealing of the housing!**

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

► Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.

1. Remove dummy plug if present.
2. If the measuring device is supplied without cable glands:
Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
3. If the measuring device is supplied with cable glands:
Observe requirements for connecting cables → 38.

7.1.7 Preparing the connecting cable for the remote version

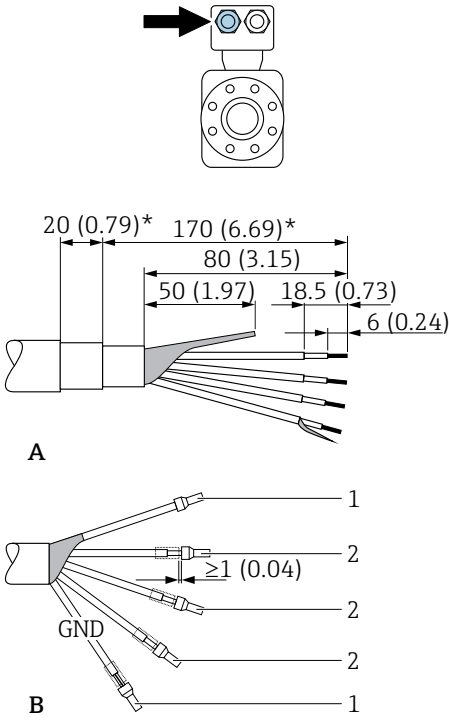
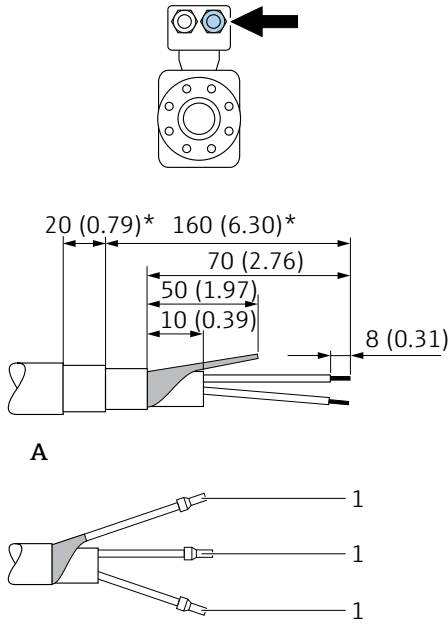
When terminating the connecting cable, pay attention to the following points:

1. In the case of the electrode cable:
Make sure that the ferrules do not touch the core shields on the sensor side.
Minimum distance = 1 mm (exception: green "GND" cable)
2. In the case of the coil current cable:
Insulate one core of the three-core cable at the level of the core reinforcement. You only require two cores for the connection.
3. For cables with fine-wire cores (stranded cables):
Fit the cores with ferrules.

Transmitter

Electrode cable	Coil current cable
14 Engineering unit mm (in) A0032093	15 Engineering unit mm (in) A0032096
A = Termination of the cables B = Termination of the fine-wire cores with ferrules 1 = Red ferrules, ϕ 1.0 mm (0.04 in) 2 = White ferrules, ϕ 0.5 mm (0.02 in) * = Stripping only for reinforced cables	

Sensor

Electrode cable	Coil current cable
 A B 1 2 2 2 1 GND ≥1 (0.04) A0032100	 A B 1 1 1 8 (0.31) A0032101
A = Termination of the cables B = Termination of the fine-wire cores with ferrules 1 = Red ferrules, ϕ 1.0 mm (0.04 in) 2 = White ferrules, ϕ 0.5 mm (0.02 in) * = Stripping only for reinforced cables	

7.2 Connecting the measuring device

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock! Components carry dangerous voltages!

- ▶ Have electrical connection work carried out by correspondingly trained specialists only.
- ▶ Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- ▶ Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ▶ Observe grounding concept of the plant.
- ▶ Never mount or wire the measuring device while it is connected to the supply voltage.
- ▶ Before the supply voltage is applied, connect the protective ground to the measuring device.

7.2.1 Connecting the remote version

⚠ WARNING

Risk of damaging the electronic components!

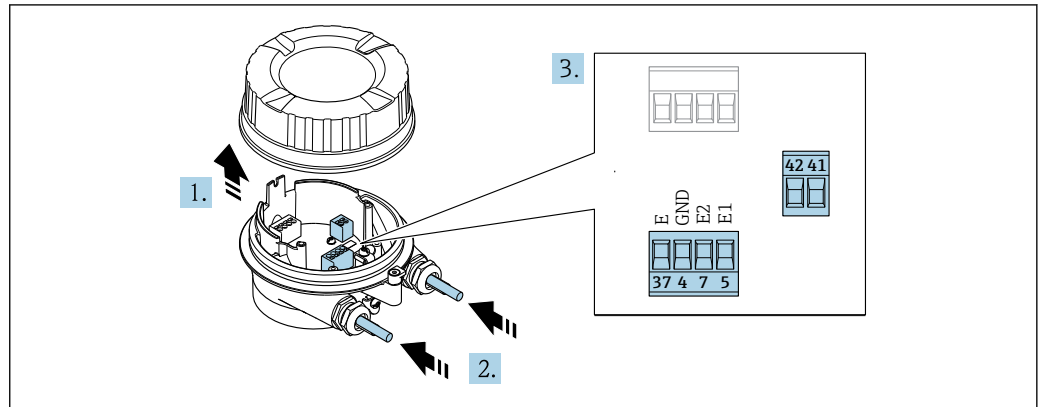
- ▶ Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- ▶ Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.
- ▶ Ground the connection housing of the sensor via the external screw terminal.

The following procedure (in the action sequence given) is recommended for the remote version:

1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
2. Connect the connecting cable for the remote version.

3. Connect the transmitter.

Connecting the connecting cable to the sensor connection housing



A0032103

16 Sensor: connection module

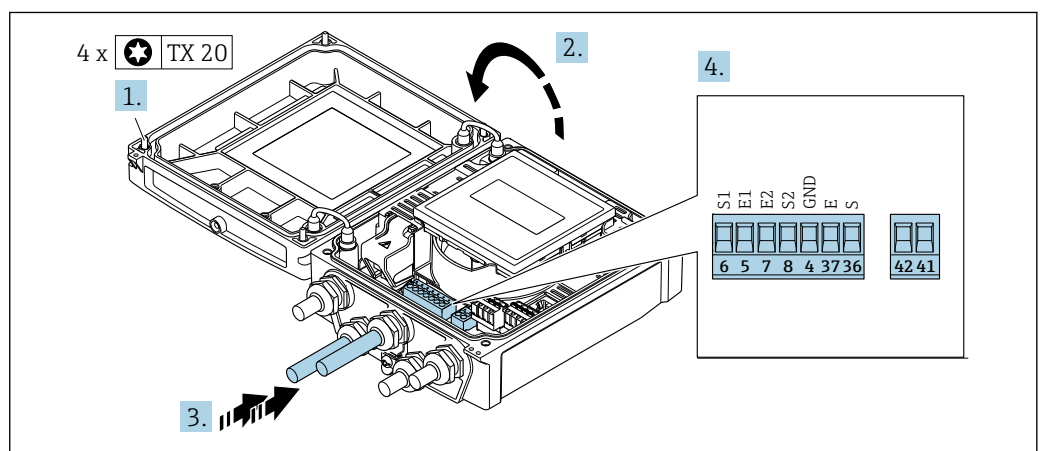
1. Loosen the securing clamp of the housing cover.
2. Unscrew and lift off the housing cover.
3. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules → 43.
5. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment → 41.
6. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
7. **⚠ WARNING**

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- Screw in the screw without using any lubricant. The threads on the cover are coated with a dry lubricant.

Reverse the procedure to reassemble the sensor.

Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter



A0032102

17 Transmitter: main electronics module with terminals

1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
2. Open the housing cover.

3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules
→ 43.
5. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment → 41.
6. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
7. **⚠ WARNING**
Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.
► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant.

Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

7.2.2 Connecting the transmitter

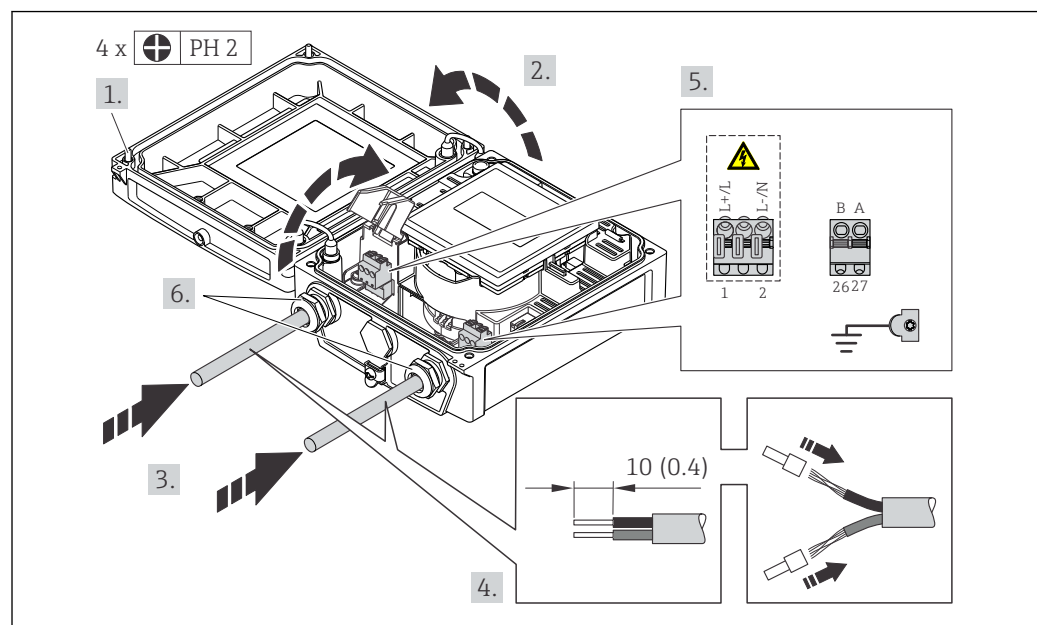
⚠ WARNING

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- Screw in the screw without using any lubricant. The threads on the cover are coated with a dry lubricant.

Tightening torques for plastic housing

Housing cover fixing screw	1.3 Nm
Cable entry	4.5 to 5 Nm
Ground terminal	2.5 Nm



A0023164

18 Connecting the supply voltage and PROFIBUS DP

1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
2. Open the housing cover.
3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.

5. Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment → 40. For supply voltage: open the shock protection cover.
6. Firmly tighten the cable glands.

7. **⚠ WARNING**

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- ▶ Screw in the screw without using any lubricant.

Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

7.2.3 Ensure potential equalization

Requirements

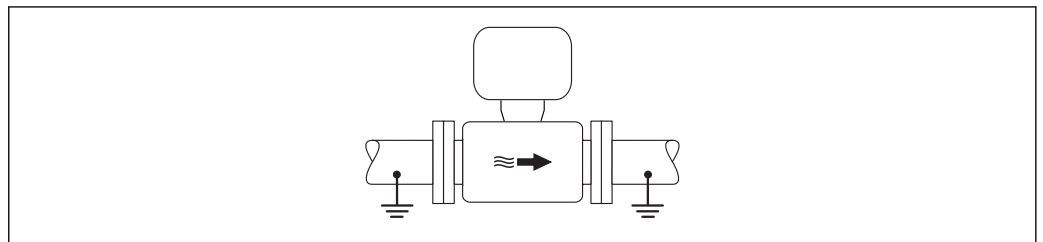
⚠ CAUTION

Electrode damage can result in the complete failure of the device!

- ▶ Same electrical potential for the medium and sensor
- ▶ Remote version: same electrical potential for the sensor and transmitter
- ▶ Company-internal grounding concepts
- ▶ Pipe material and grounding

Connection example, standard scenario

Metal, grounded pipe



A0016315

19 Potential equalization via measuring tube

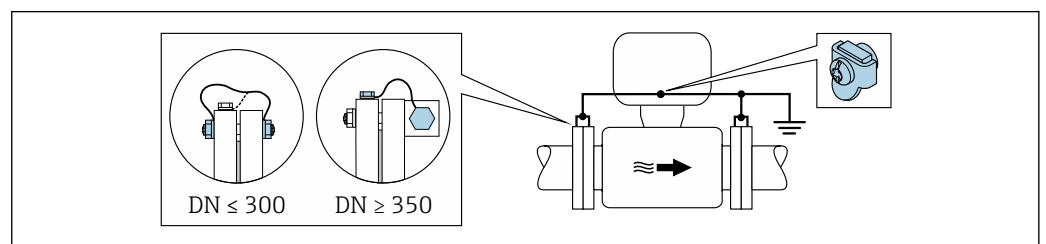
Connection example in special situations

Unlined and ungrounded metal pipe

This connection method also applies in situations where:

- The customary potential equalization is not used
- Equalizing currents are present

Ground cable	Copper wire, at least 6 mm ² (0.0093 in ²)
--------------	---



A0029338

20 Potential equalization via ground terminal and pipe flanges

1. Connect both sensor flanges to the pipe flange via a ground cable and ground them.
2. If $DN \leq 300$ (12"): Mount the ground cable directly on the conductive flange coating of the sensor with the flange screws.
3. If $DN \geq 350$ (14"): Mount the ground cable directly on the metal transport bracket. Observe screw tightening torques: see the Sensor Brief Operating Instructions.
4. Connect the connection housing of the transmitter or sensor to ground potential by means of the ground terminal provided for the purpose.

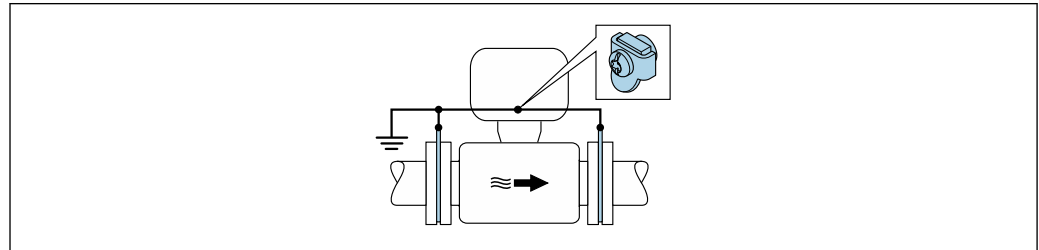
i For remote device versions, the ground terminal in the example always refers to the sensor and **not** to the transmitter.

Plastic pipe or pipe with insulating liner

This connection method also applies in situations where:

- The customary potential equalization is not used
- Equalizing currents are present

Ground cable	Copper wire, at least 6 mm ² (0.0093 in ²)
--------------	---



A0029339

21 Potential equalization via ground terminal and ground disks

1. Connect the ground disks to the ground terminal via the ground cable.
2. Connect the ground disks to ground potential.

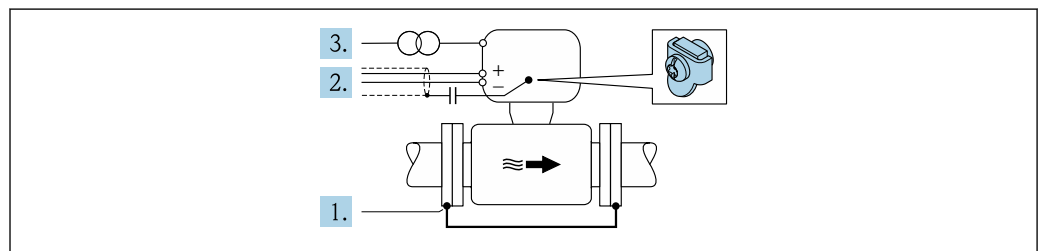
i For remote device versions, the ground terminal in the example always refers to the sensor and **not** to the transmitter.

Pipe with a cathodic protection unit

This connection method is only used if the following two conditions are met:

- Metal pipe without liner or pipe with electrically conductive liner
- Cathodic protection is integrated in the personal protection equipment

Ground cable	Copper wire, at least 6 mm ² (0.0093 in ²)
--------------	---



A0029340

Prerequisite: The sensor is installed in the pipe in a way that provides electrical insulation.

1. Connect the two flanges of the pipe to one another via a ground cable.

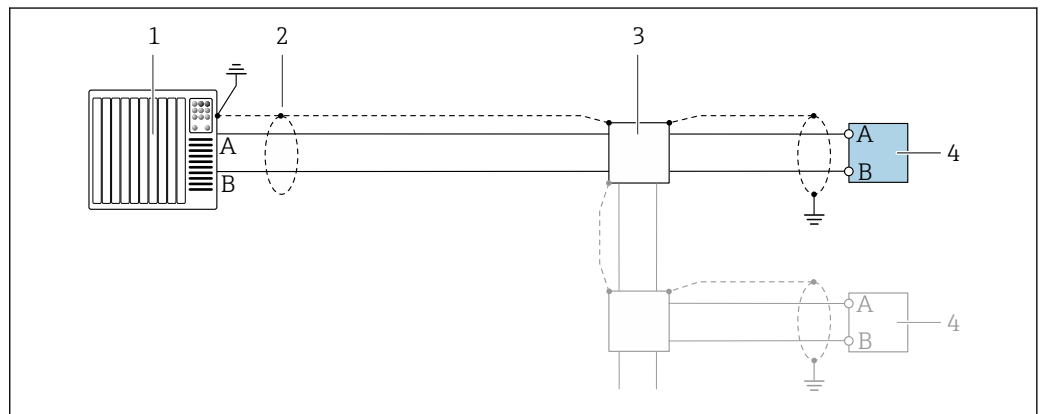
2. Guide the shield of the signal lines through a capacitor.
3. Connect the measuring device to the power supply such that it is floating in relation to the protective ground (isolation transformer).

i For remote device versions, the ground terminal in the example always refers to the sensor and **not** to the transmitter.

7.3 Special connection instructions

7.3.1 Connection examples

PROFIBUS DP



22 Connection example for PROFIBUS DP, non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2

- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Cable shield: the cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC requirements; observe cable specifications
- 3 Transmitter

i If baud rates > 1.5 MBaud an EMC cable entry must be used and the cable shield must continue as far as the terminal wherever possible.

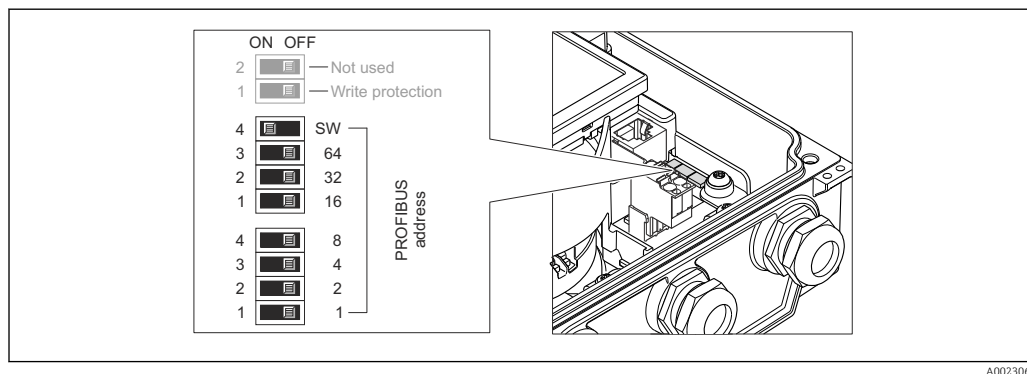
7.4 Hardware settings

7.4.1 Setting the device address

PROFIBUS DP

The address must always be configured for a PROFIBUS DP/PA device. The valid address range is between 1 and 126. In a PROFIBUS DP/PA network, each address can only be assigned once. If an address is not configured correctly, the device is not recognized by the master. All measuring devices are delivered from the factory with the device address 126 and with the software addressing method.

Setting the address



A0023061

23 Addressing using DIP switches on the I/O electronics module

1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
2. Disable software addressing (OFF) via the top DIP switch 4 (SW).
3. Set the desired device address via the corresponding DIP switches.
 - ↳ Example → 23, 50: $1 + 16 + 32 = \text{device address } 49$
The device demands rebooting after 10 s. After rebooting, hardware addressing is enabled with the configured IP address.
4. Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

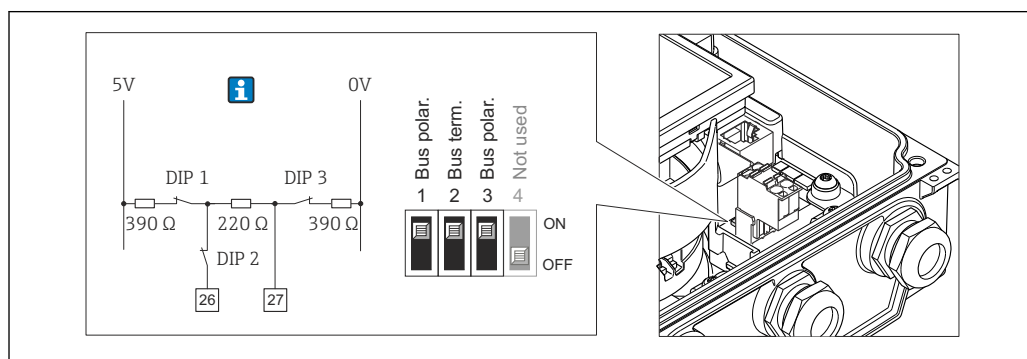
7.4.2 Enabling the terminating resistor

PROFIBUS DP

To avoid incorrect communication transmission caused by impedance mismatch, terminate the PROFIBUS DP cable correctly at the start and end of the bus segment.

- If the device is operated with a baud rate of 1.5 MBaud and under:
For the last transmitter on the bus, terminate via DIP switch 2 (bus termination) and DIP switch 1 and 3 (bus polarization). Setting: ON – ON – ON → 24, 50.
- For baud rates > 1.5 MBaud:
Due to the capacitance load of the user and the line reflections generated as a result, ensure that an external bus terminator is used.

It is generally advisable to use an external bus terminator as the entire segment can fail if a device that is terminated internally is defective.



A0023063

24 Termination using DIP switches on the I/O electronics module (for baud rates < 1.5 MBaud)

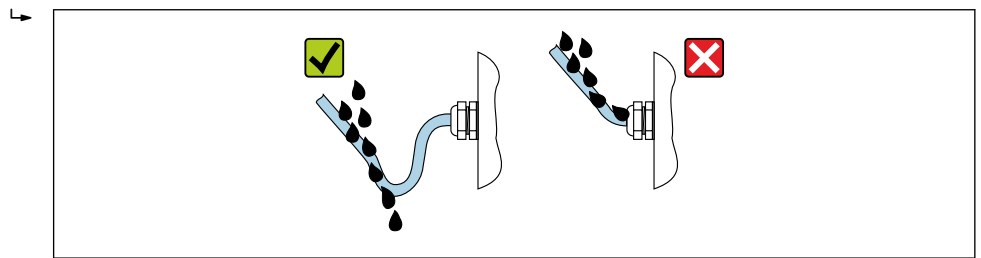
7.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

7.5.1 Degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure

The measuring device fulfills all the requirements for the IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
2. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.
3. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
4. To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry, route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



A0029278

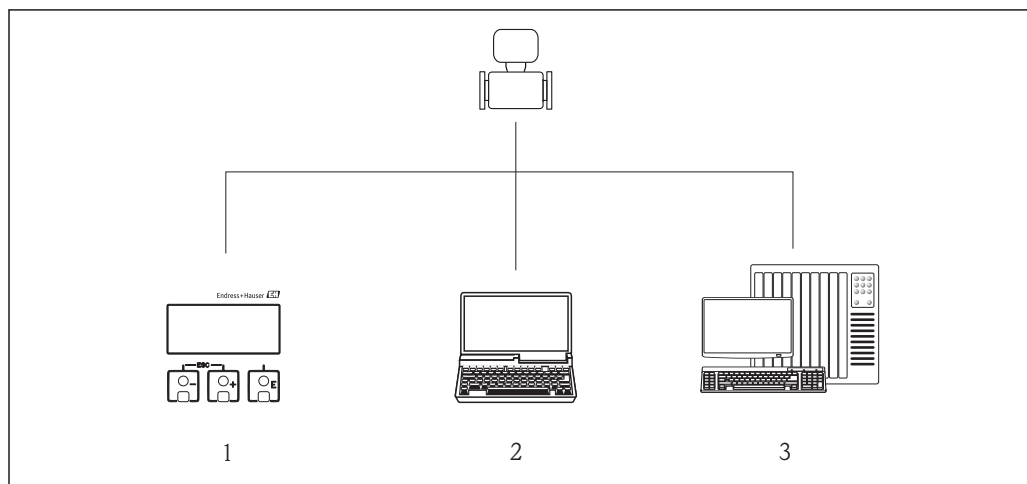
5. Insert dummy plugs into unused cable entries.

7.6 Post-connection check

Are cables or the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	☐
Do the cables used meet the requirements → 38?	☐
Do the cables have adequate strain relief?	☐
Are all the cable glands installed, firmly tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" → 51?	☐
Only for remote version: is the sensor connected to the right transmitter? Check the serial number on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter.	☐
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the transmitter nameplate → 42?	☐
Is the terminal assignment correct → 40?	☐
If supply voltage is present, do values appear on the display module?	☐
Is the potential equalization established correctly?	☐
Are all housing covers installed and the screws tightened with the correct tightening torque?	☐

8 Operation options

8.1 Overview of operation options



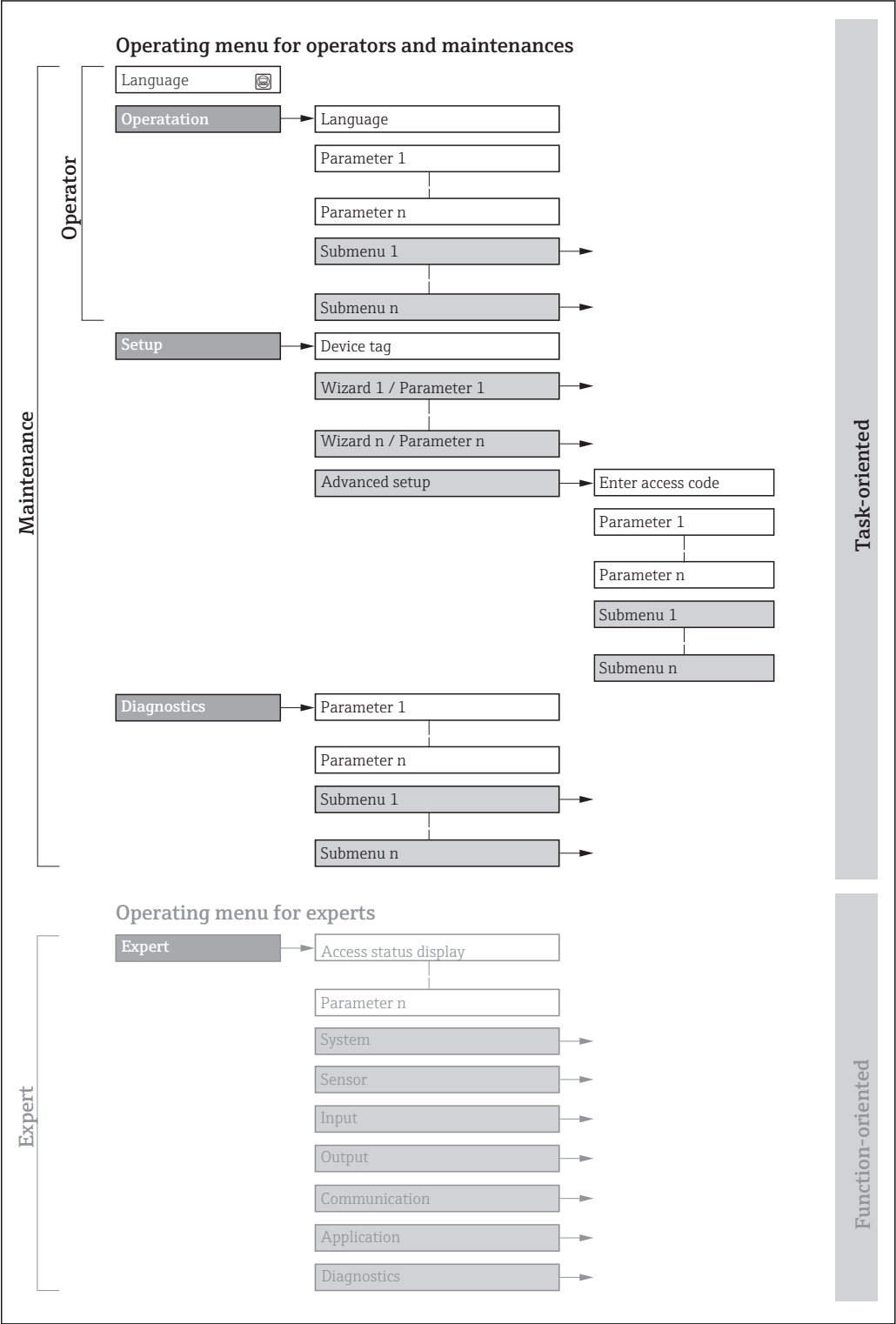
A0019091

- 1 Local operation via display module
- 2 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM)
- 3 Control system (e.g. PLC)

8.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

 For an overview of the operating menu for experts: "Description of Device Parameters" document supplied with the device →  173



 25 Schematic structure of the operating menu

A0018237-EN

8.2.2 Operating philosophy

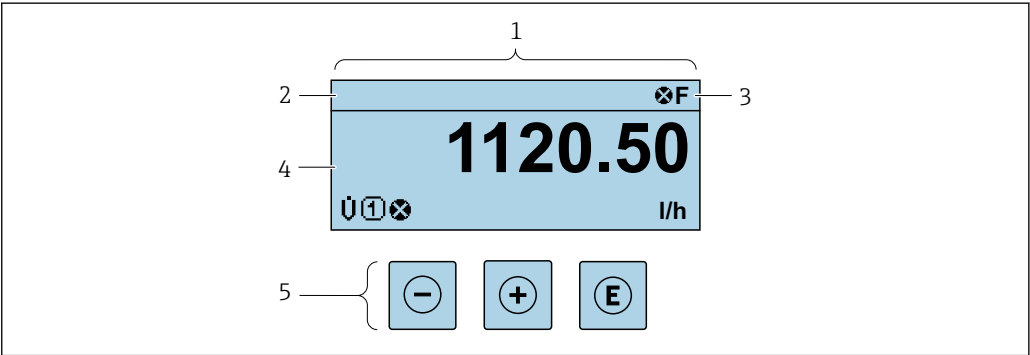
The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device lifecycle.

Menu/parameter		User role and tasks	Content/meaning
Language	task-oriented	Role "Operator", "Maintenance" Tasks during operation: ■ Configuring the operational display ■ Reading measured values	■ Defining the operating language ■ Defining the Web server operating language ■ Resetting and controlling totalizers
Operation			■ Configuring the operational display (e.g. display format, display contrast) ■ Resetting and controlling totalizers
Setup		"Maintenance" role Commissioning: Configuration of the measurement	Wizards for fast commissioning: ■ Set the system units ■ Set the input ■ Configure the outputs ■ Configuring the operational display ■ Define the output conditioning ■ Set the low flow cut off ■ Configure empty pipe detection Advanced setup ■ For more customized configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions) ■ Configuration of totalizers ■ Configuration of electrode cleaning (optional) ■ Configure the WLAN settings ■ Administration (define access code, reset measuring device)
Diagnostics		"Maintenance" role Fault elimination: ■ Diagnostics and elimination of process and device errors ■ Measured value simulation	Contains all parameters for error detection and analyzing process and device errors: ■ Diagnostic list Contains up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages. ■ Event logbook Contains event messages that have occurred. ■ Device information Contains information for identifying the device. ■ Measured values Contains all current measured values. ■ Analog inputs Is used to display the analog input. ■ Data logging submenu with "Extended HistoROM" order option Storage and visualization of measured values ■ Heartbeat The functionality of the device is checked on demand and the verification results are documented. ■ Simulation Is used to simulate measured values or output values.

Menu/parameter		User role and tasks	Content/meaning
Expert	function-oriented	Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device: ▪ Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions ▪ Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions ▪ Detailed configuration of the communication interface ▪ Error diagnostics in difficult cases	Contains all the parameters of the device and makes it possible to access these parameters directly using an access code. The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device: ▪ System Contains all higher-order device parameters which do not concern the measurement or the communication interface. ▪ Sensor Configuration of the measurement. ▪ Input Configuring the status input. ▪ Output Configuring of the analog current outputs as well as the pulse/frequency and switch output. ▪ Communication Configuration of the digital communication interface and the Web server. ▪ Submenus for function blocks (e.g. "Analog Inputs") Configuration of function blocks. ▪ Application Configure the functions that go beyond the actual measurement (e.g. totalizer). ▪ Diagnostics Error detection and analysis of process and device errors and for device simulation and Heartbeat Technology.

8.3 Access to the operating menu via the local display

8.3.1 Operational display



- 1 Operational display
- 2 Device tag → 87
- 3 Status area
- 4 Display area for measured values (4-line)
- 5 Operating elements → 60

Status area

The following symbols appear in the status area of the operational display at the top right:

- Status signals → 114
 - F: Failure
 - C: Function check
 - S: Out of specification
 - M: Maintenance required
- Diagnostic behavior → 115
 - Alarm
 - Warning
- Locking (the device is locked via the hardware)
- Communication (communication via remote operation is active)

Display area

In the display area, each measured value is prefaced by certain symbol types for further description:

Measured values

Symbol	Meaning
	Volume flow
	Conductivity
	Mass flow
	Totalizer  The measurement channel number indicates which of the three totalizers is displayed.
	Status input

Measurement channel numbers

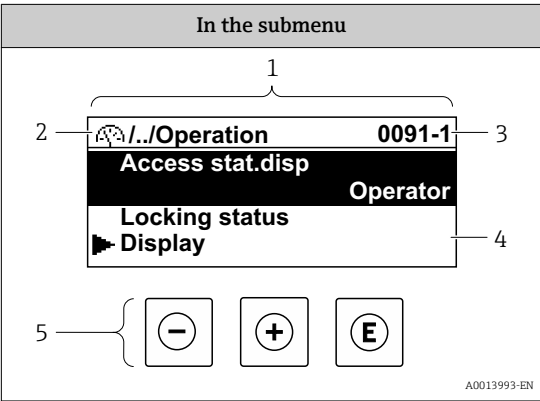
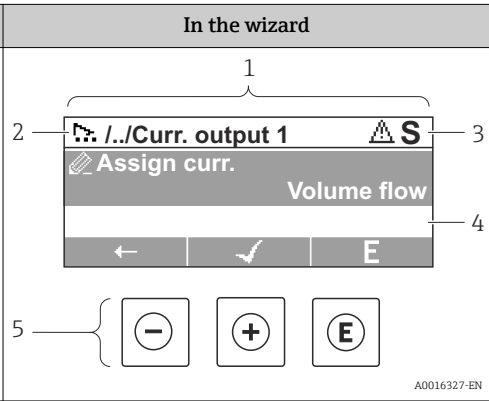
Symbol	Meaning
	Measurement channel 1 to 4
The measurement channel number is displayed only if more than one channel is present for the same measured variable type (e.g. Totalizer 1 to 3).	

Diagnostic behavior

The diagnostic behavior pertains to a diagnostic event that is relevant to the displayed measured variable.
For information on the symbols →  115

 The number and display format of the measured values can be configured via the **Format display** parameter (→  90).

8.3.2 Navigation view

In the submenu	In the wizard
	
1 Navigation view 2 Navigation path to current position 3 Status area 4 Display area for navigation 5 Operating elements →  60	

Navigation path

The navigation path - displayed at the top left in the navigation view - consists of the following elements:

	■ In the submenu: Display symbol for menu ■ In the wizard: Display symbol for wizard	Omission symbol for operating menu levels in between	Name of current ■ Submenu ■ Wizard ■ Parameters
	↓	↓	↓
Examples		/ .. /	Display
		/ .. /	Display

 For more information about the icons in the menu, refer to the "Display area" section
→  57

Status area

The following appears in the status area of the navigation view in the top right corner:

- In the submenu
 - The direct access code for the parameter you are navigating to (e.g. 0022-1)
 - If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal
- In the wizard
 - If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal

 ■ For information on the diagnostic behavior and status signal →  114
 ■ For information on the function and entry of the direct access code →  62

Display area

Menus

Symbol	Meaning
	Operation Appears: ■ In the menu next to the "Operation" selection ■ At the left in the navigation path in the Operation menu
	Setup Appears: ■ In the menu next to the "Setup" selection ■ At the left in the navigation path in the Setup menu
	Diagnostics Appears: ■ In the menu next to the "Diagnostics" selection ■ At the left in the navigation path in the Diagnostics menu
	Expert Appears: ■ In the menu next to the "Expert" selection ■ At the left in the navigation path in the Expert menu

Submenus, wizards, parameters

Symbol	Meaning
	Submenu
	Wizard
	Parameters within a wizard  No display symbol exists for parameters in submenus.

Locking

Symbol	Meaning
	Parameter locked When displayed in front of a parameter name, indicates that the parameter is locked. - By a user-specific access code - By the hardware write protection switch

Wizard operation

Symbol	Meaning
	Switches to the previous parameter.
	Confirms the parameter value and switches to the next parameter.
	Opens the editing view of the parameter.

8.3.3 Editing view

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1 Editing view

2 Display area of the entered values

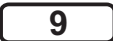
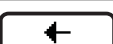
3 Input mask

4 Operating elements → 60

Input mask

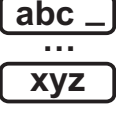
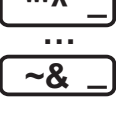
The following input symbols are available in the input mask of the numeric and text editor:

Numeric editor

Symbol	Meaning
 ... 	Selection of numbers from 0 to 9.
	Inserts decimal separator at the input position.
	Inserts minus sign at the input position.
	Confirms selection.
	Moves the input position one position to the left.

	Exits the input without applying the changes.
	Clears all entered characters.

Text editor

Symbol	Meaning
	Toggle - Between upper-case and lower-case letters - For entering numbers - For entering special characters
	Selection of letters from A to Z.
	Selection of letters from a to z.
	Selection of special characters.
	Confirms selection.
	Switches to the selection of the correction tools.
	Exits the input without applying the changes.
	Clears all entered characters.

*Correction symbols under *

Symbol	Meaning
	Clears all entered characters.
	Moves the input position one position to the right.
	Moves the input position one position to the left.
	Deletes one character immediately to the left of the input position.

8.3.4 Operating elements

Operating key(s)	Meaning
	Minus key <i>In a menu, submenu</i> Moves the selection bar upwards in a choose list. <i>With a Wizard</i> Confirms the parameter value and goes to the previous parameter. <i>With a text and numeric editor</i> In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the left (backwards).
	Plus key <i>In a menu, submenu</i> Moves the selection bar downwards in a choose list. <i>With a Wizard</i> Confirms the parameter value and goes to the next parameter. <i>With a text and numeric editor</i> Moves the selection bar to the right (forwards) in an input screen.
	Enter key <i>For operational display</i> - Pressing the key briefly opens the operating menu. - Pressing the key for 2 s opens the context menu including the option for activating the keypad lock. <i>In a menu, submenu</i> - Pressing the key briefly: - Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter. - Starts the wizard. - If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter. - Pressing the key for 2 s for parameter: - If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter. <i>With a Wizard</i> Opens the editing view of the parameter. <i>With a text and numeric editor</i> - Pressing the key briefly: - Opens the selected group. - Carries out the selected action. - Pressing the key for 2 s confirms the edited parameter value.
	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously) <i>In a menu, submenu</i> - Pressing the key briefly: - Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level. - If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter. - Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the operational display ("home position"). <i>With a Wizard</i> Exits the wizard and takes you to the next higher level. <i>With a text and numeric editor</i> Closes the text or numeric editor without applying changes.
	Minus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously) Press the key for 3 s: deactivate the keypad lock.
	Minus/Plus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously) <i>For operational display</i> Enables or disables the keypad lock (only SD02 display module).

8.3.5 Opening the context menu

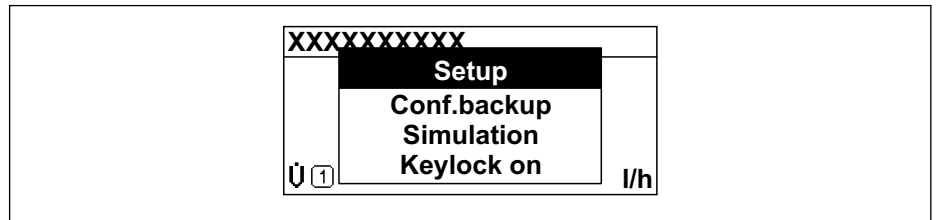
Using the context menu, the user can call up the following menus quickly and directly from the operational display:

- Setup
- Simulation

Calling up and closing the context menu

The user is in the operational display.

1. Press  for 2 s.
↳ The context menu opens.



2. Press  +  simultaneously.
↳ The context menu is closed and the operational display appears.

Calling up the menu via the context menu

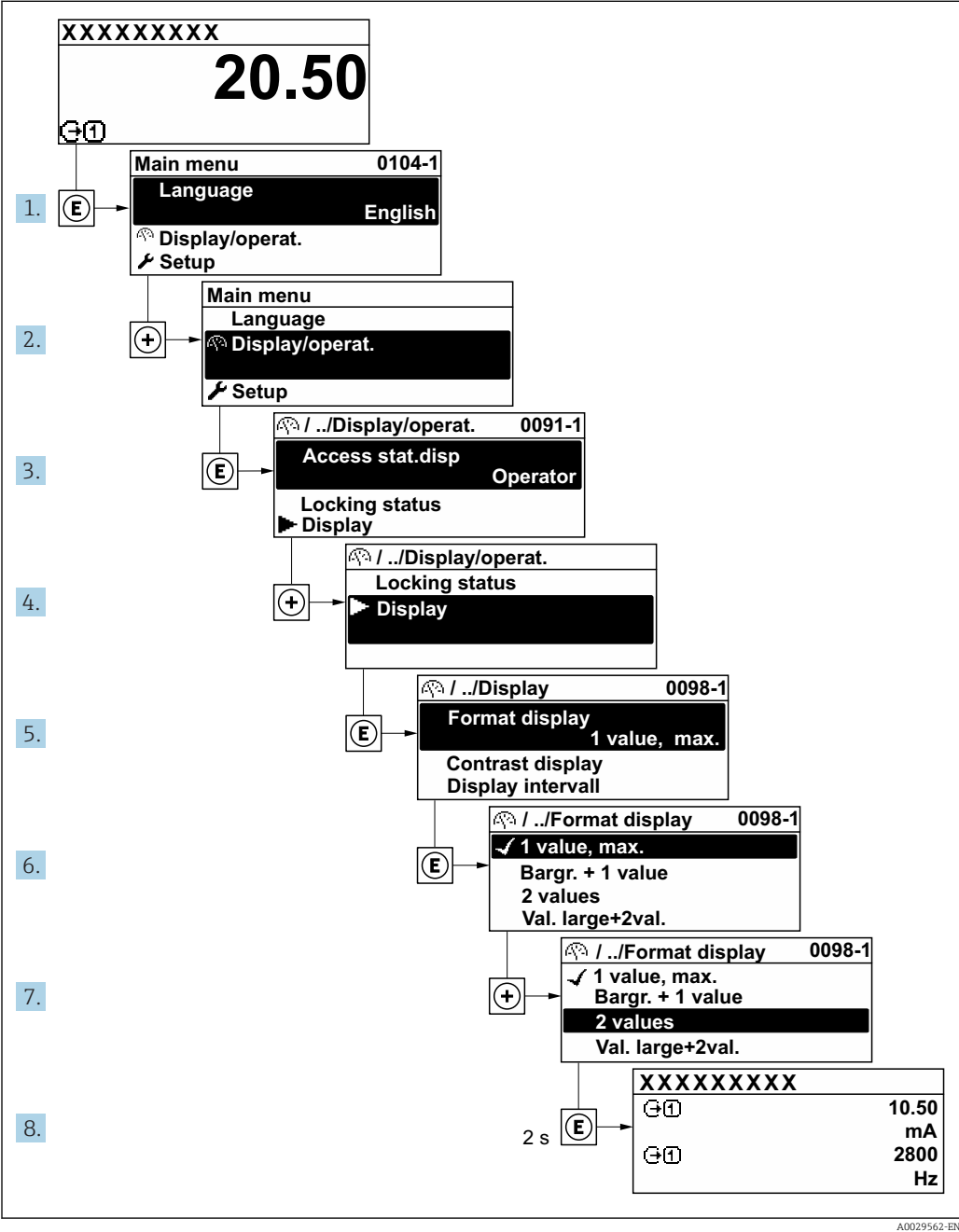
1. Open the context menu.
2. Press  to navigate to the desired menu.
3. Press  to confirm the selection.
↳ The selected menu opens.

8.3.6 Navigating and selecting from list

Different operating elements are used to navigate through the operating menu. The navigation path is displayed on the left in the header. Icons are displayed in front of the individual menus. These icons are also shown in the header during navigation.

 For an explanation of the navigation view with symbols and operating elements
→  56

Example: Setting the number of displayed measured values to "2 values"



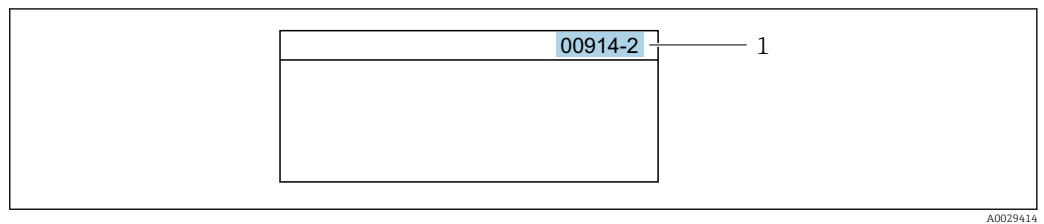
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8.3.7 Calling the parameter directly

A parameter number is assigned to every parameter to be able to access a parameter directly via the onsite display. Entering this access code in the **Direct access** parameter calls up the desired parameter directly.

Navigation path
Expert → Direct access

The direct access code consists of a 5-digit number (at maximum) and the channel number, which identifies the channel of a process variable: e.g. 00914-2. In the navigation view, this appears on the right-hand side in the header of the selected parameter.



1 Direct access code

Note the following when entering the direct access code:

- The leading zeros in the direct access code do not have to be entered.
Example: Enter **"914"** instead of **"00914"**
- If no channel number is entered, channel 1 is accessed automatically.
Example: Enter **00914** → **Assign process variable** parameter
- If a different channel is accessed: Enter the direct access code with the corresponding channel number.
Example: Enter **00914-2** → **Assign process variable** parameter



For the direct access codes of the individual parameters, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document for the device

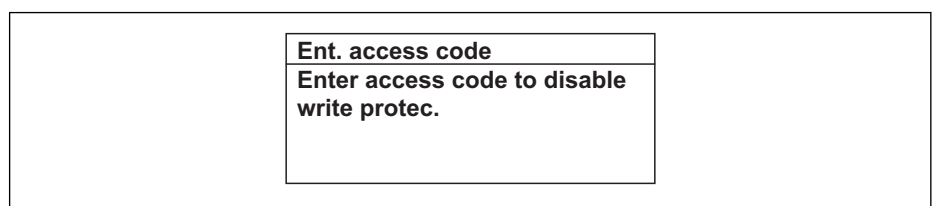
8.3.8 Calling up help text

Help text is available for some parameters and can be called up from the navigation view. The help text provides a brief explanation of the parameter function and thereby supports swift and safe commissioning.

Calling up and closing the help text

The user is in the navigation view and the selection bar is on a parameter.

1. Press for 2 s.
↳ The help text for the selected parameter opens.



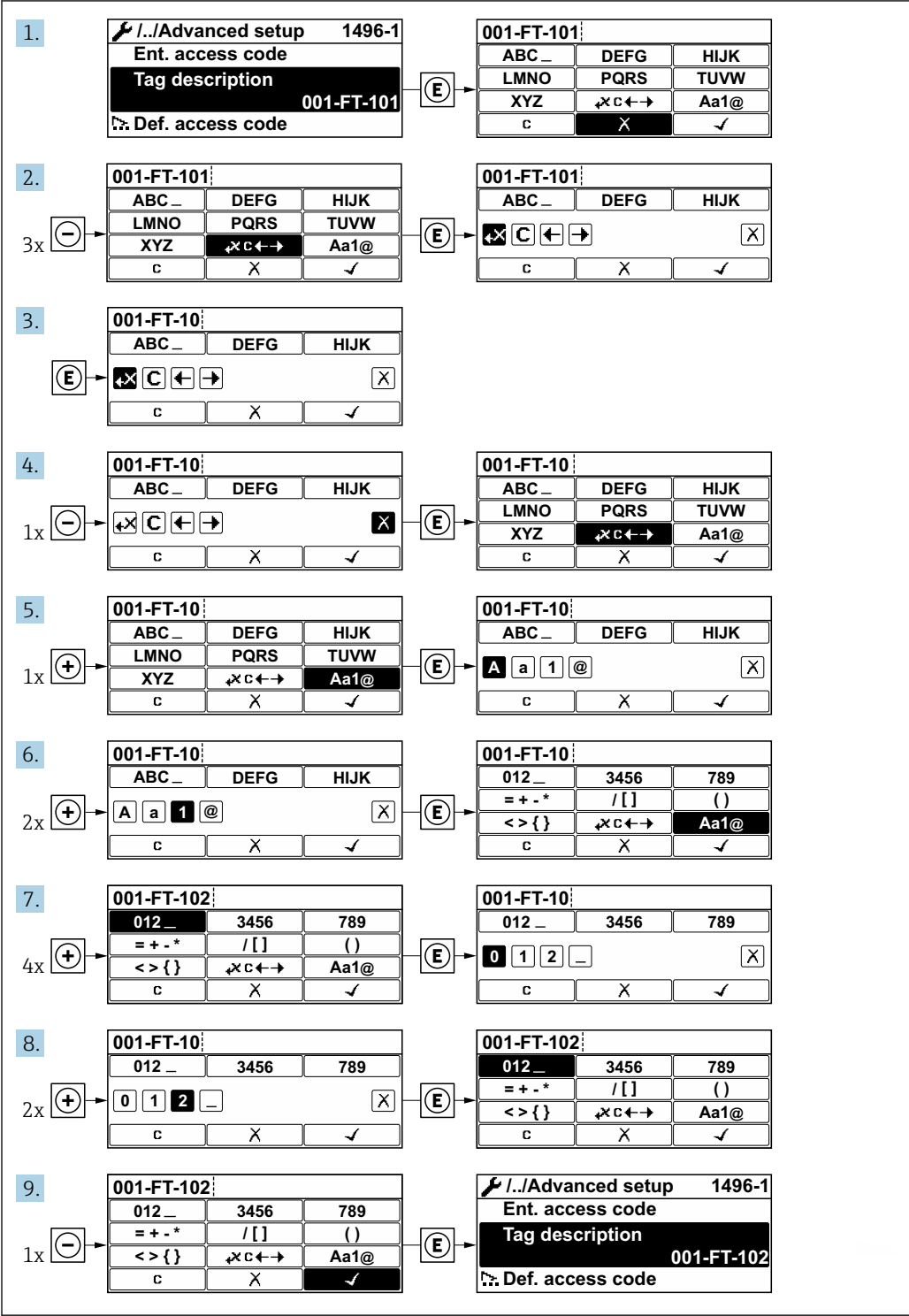
26 Example: Help text for parameter "Enter access code"

2. Press + simultaneously.
↳ The help text is closed.

8.3.9 Changing the parameters

i For a description of the editing view - consisting of the text editor and numeric editor - with symbols → 58, for a description of the operating elements → 60

Example: Changing the tag name in the "Tag description" parameter from 001-FT-101 to 001-FT-102



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A message is displayed if the value entered is outside the permitted value range.

Ent. access code Invalid or out of range input value Min:0 Max:9999
--

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8.3.10 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles "Operator" and "Maintenance" have different write access to the parameters if the customer defines a user-specific access code. This protects the device configuration via the local display from unauthorized access → 102.

Defining access authorization for user roles

An access code is not yet defined when the device is delivered from the factory. Access authorization (read and write access) to the device is not restricted and corresponds to the "Maintenance" user role.

- ▶ Define the access code.
 - ↳ The "Operator" user role is redefined in addition to the "Maintenance" user role. Access authorization differs for the two user roles.

Access authorization to parameters: "Maintenance" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
An access code has not yet been defined (factory setting).	✓	✓
After an access code has been defined.	✓	✓ ¹⁾

- 1) The user only has write access after entering the access code.

Access authorization to parameters: "Operator" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
After an access code has been defined.	✓	-- ¹⁾

- 1) Despite the defined access code, certain parameters can always be modified and thus are excepted from the write protection, as they do not affect the measurement. Refer to the "Write protection via access code" section

The user role with which the user is currently logged on is indicated by the **Access status display** parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status display

8.3.11 Disabling write protection via access code

If the -symbol appears on the local display in front of a parameter, the parameter is write-protected by a user-specific access code and its value cannot be changed at the moment using local operation → 102.

Parameter write protection via local operation can be disabled by entering the user-specific access code in the **Enter access code** parameter via the respective access option.

1. After you press , the input prompt for the access code appears.
2. Enter the access code.
 - ↳ The -symbol in front of the parameters disappears; all previously write-protected parameters are now re-enabled.

8.3.12 Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

The keypad lock makes it possible to block access to the entire operating menu via local operation. As a result, it is no longer possible to navigate through the operating menu or change the values of individual parameters. Users can only read the measured values on the operational display.

The keypad lock is switched on and off via the context menu.

Switching on the keypad lock

-  The keypad lock is switched on automatically:
- If the device has not been operated via the display for > 1 minute.
 - Each time the device is restarted.

To activate the keylock manually:

1. The device is in the measured value display.
Press  for at least 2 seconds.
↳ A context menu appears.
2. In the context menu select the **Keylock on** option.
↳ The keypad lock is switched on.

-  If the user attempts to access the operating menu while the keypad lock is active, the **Keylock on** message appears.

Switching off the keypad lock

1. The keypad lock is switched on.
Press  for at least 2 seconds.
↳ A context menu appears.
2. In the context menu select the **Keylock off** option.
↳ The keypad lock is switched off.

8.4 Access to the operating menu via the Web browser

8.4.1 Function range

Thanks to the integrated Web server, the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser and via a service interface (CDI-RJ45). The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is also displayed and allows the user to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.

-  For additional information on the Web server, refer to the Special Documentation for the device →  174

8.4.2 Prerequisites

Computer hardware

Hardware	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Interface	The computer must have an RJ45 interface.	The operating unit must have a WLAN interface.
Connection	Standard Ethernet cable with RJ45 connector.	Connection via Wireless LAN.
Screen	Recommended size: $\geq 12"$ (depends on the screen resolution)	

Computer software

Software	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Recommended operating systems	▪ Microsoft Windows 7 or higher. ▪ Mobile operating systems: – iOS – Android  Microsoft Windows XP is supported.	
Web browsers supported	▪ Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 or higher ▪ Microsoft Edge ▪ Mozilla Firefox ▪ Google Chrome ▪ Safari	

Computer settings

Settings	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
User rights	Appropriate user rights (e.g. administrator rights) for TCP/IP and proxy server settings are necessary (for adjusting the IP address, subnet mask etc.).	
Proxy server settings of the Web browser	The Web browser setting <i>Use a Proxy Server for Your LAN</i> must be deselected .	
JavaScript	JavaScript must be enabled.  If JavaScript cannot be enabled: enter <code>http://192.168.1.212/basic.html</code> in the address line of the Web browser. A fully functional but simplified version of the operating menu structure starts in the Web browser.  When installing a new firmware version: To enable correct data display, clear the temporary memory (cache) of the Web browser under Internet options.	
Network connections	Only the active network connections to the measuring device should be used.	
	Switch off all other network connections such as WLAN.	Switch off all other network connections.



In the event of connection problems: →  112

Measuring device: Via CDI-RJ45 service interface

Device	CDI-RJ45 service interface
Measuring device	The measuring device has an RJ45 interface.
Web server	Web server must be enabled; factory setting: ON  For information on enabling the Web server → 72

Measuring device: via WLAN interface

Device	WLAN interface
Measuring device	The measuring device has a WLAN antenna: Transmitter with integrated WLAN antenna
Web server	Web server and WLAN must be enabled; factory setting: ON  For information on enabling the Web server → 72

8.4.3 Establishing a connection**Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)***Preparing the measuring device**Configuring the Internet protocol of the computer*

The following information refers to the default Ethernet settings of the device.

IP address of the device: 192.168.1.212 (factory setting)

1. Switch on the measuring device.
2. Connect to the computer using a cable .
3. If a 2nd network card is not used, close all the applications on the notebook.
 - ↳ Applications requiring Internet or a network, such as e-mail, SAP applications, Internet or Windows Explorer.
4. Close any open Internet browsers.
5. Configure the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) as defined in the table:

IP address	192.168.1.XXX; for XXX all numerical sequences except: 0, 212 and 255 → e.g. 192.168.1.213
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.1.212 or leave cells empty

Via WLAN interface*Configuring the Internet protocol of the mobile terminal***NOTICE**

If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

- Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

NOTICE

In principle, avoid simultaneous access to the measuring device via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface from the same mobile terminal. This could cause a network conflict.

- ▶ Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 service interface or WLAN interface).
- ▶ If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

Preparing the mobile terminal

- ▶ Enable WLAN reception on the mobile terminal.

Establishing a connection from the mobile terminal to the measuring device

1. In the WLAN settings of the mobile terminal:
Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH_Promag__A802000).
2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
3. Enter the password: serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).
 - ↳ LED on display module flashes: it is now possible to operate the measuring device with the Web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.



The serial number can be found on the nameplate.



To ensure the safe and swift assignment of the WLAN network to the measuring point, it is advisable to change the SSID name. It should be possible to clearly assign the new SSID name to the measuring point (e.g. tag name) because it is displayed as the WLAN network.

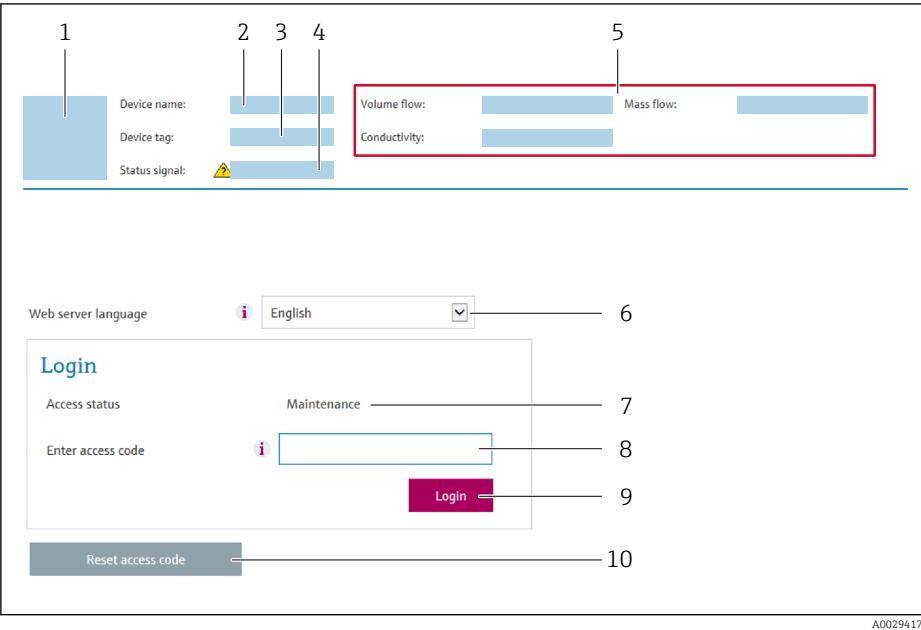
Disconnecting

- ▶ After configuring the device:
Terminate the WLAN connection between the operating unit and measuring device.

Starting the Web browser

1. Start the Web browser on the computer.

2.
- Enter the IP address of the Web server in the address line of the Web browser:
192.168.1.212
- The login page appears.



- 1 Picture of device
- 2 Device name
- 3 Device tag
- 4 Status signal
- 5 Current measured values
- 6 Operating language
- 7 User role
- 8 Access code
- 9 Login
- 10 Reset access code

 If a login page does not appear, or if the page is incomplete →  112

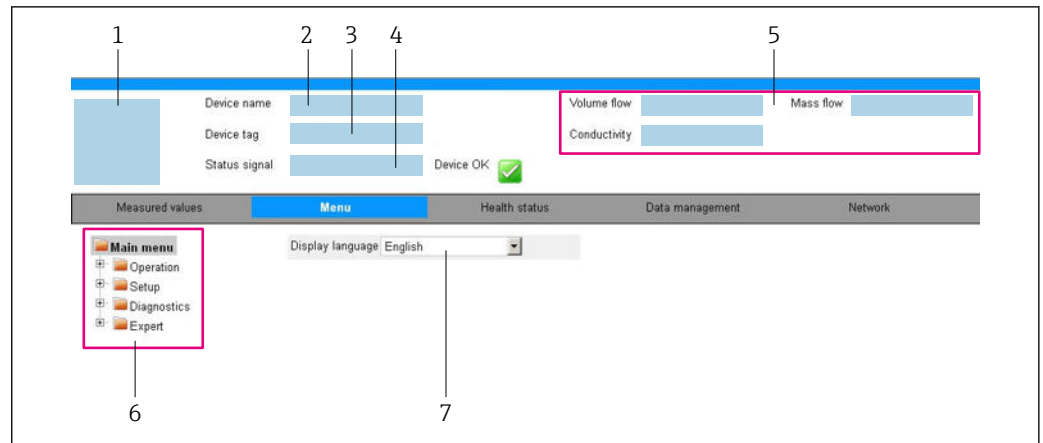
8.4.4 **Logging on**

1. Select the preferred operating language for the Web browser.
2. Enter the user-specific access code.
3. Press **OK** to confirm your entry.

Access code	0000 (factory setting); can be changed by customer
-------------	--

 If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the Web browser automatically returns to the login page.

8.4.5 User interface



A0032879

- 1 Picture of device
- 2 Device name
- 3 Device tag
- 4 Status signal
- 5 Current measured values
- 6 Navigation area
- 7 Local display language

Header

The following information appears in the header:

- Device tag
- Device status with status signal → 117
- Current measured values

Function row

Functions	Meaning
Measured values	Displays the measured values of the measuring device
Menu	■ Access to the operating menu from the measuring device ■ The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display  For detailed information on the structure of the operating menu, see the Operating Instructions for the measuring device
Device status	Displays the diagnostic messages currently pending, listed in order of priority
Data management	Data exchange between PC and measuring device: ■ Device configuration: – Load settings from the device (XML format, save configuration) – Save settings to the device (XML format, restore configuration) ■ Logbook - Export Event logbook (.csv file) ■ Documents - Export documents: – Export backup data record (.csv file, create documentation of the measuring point configuration) – Verification report (PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package) ■ File for system integration - If using fieldbuses, upload device drivers for system integration from the measuring device: PROFIBUS DP: GSD file
Network configuration	Configuration and checking of all the parameters required for establishing the connection to the measuring device: ■ Network settings (e.g. IP address, MAC address) ■ Device information (e.g. serial number, firmware version)
Logout	End the operation and call up the login page

Navigation area

If a function is selected in the function bar, the submenus of the function open in the navigation area. The user can now navigate through the menu structure.

Working area

Depending on the selected function and the related submenus, various actions can be performed in this area:

- Configuring parameters
- Reading measured values
- Calling up help text
- Starting an upload/download

8.4.6 Disabling the Web server

The Web server of the measuring device can be switched on and off as required using the **Web server functionality** parameter.

Navigation

"Expert" menu → Communication → Web server

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Web server functionality	Switch the Web server on and off.	■ Off ■ On	On

Function scope of the "Web server functionality" parameter

Option	Description
Off	■ The web server is completely disabled. ■ Port 80 is locked.
On	■ The complete functionality of the web server is available. ■ JavaScript is used. ■ The password is transferred in an encrypted state. ■ Any change to the password is also transferred in an encrypted state.

Enabling the Web server

If the Web server is disabled it can only be re-enabled with the **Web server functionality** parameter via the following operating options:

- Via local display
- Via Bedientool "FieldCare"
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool

8.4.7 Logging out

 Before logging out, perform a data backup via the **Data management** function (upload configuration from device) if necessary.

1. Select the **Logout** entry in the function row.
↳ The home page with the Login box appears.
2. Close the Web browser.
3. If no longer needed:
Reset modified properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) →  68.

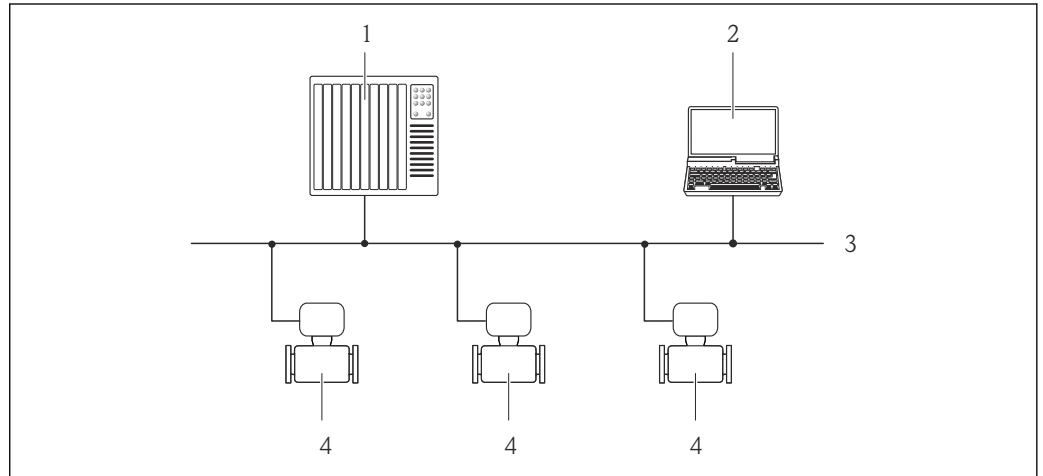
8.5 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

The structure of the operating menu in the operating tools is the same as for operation via the local display.

8.5.1 Connecting the operating tool

Via PROFIBUS DP network

This communication interface is available in device versions with PROFIBUS DP.

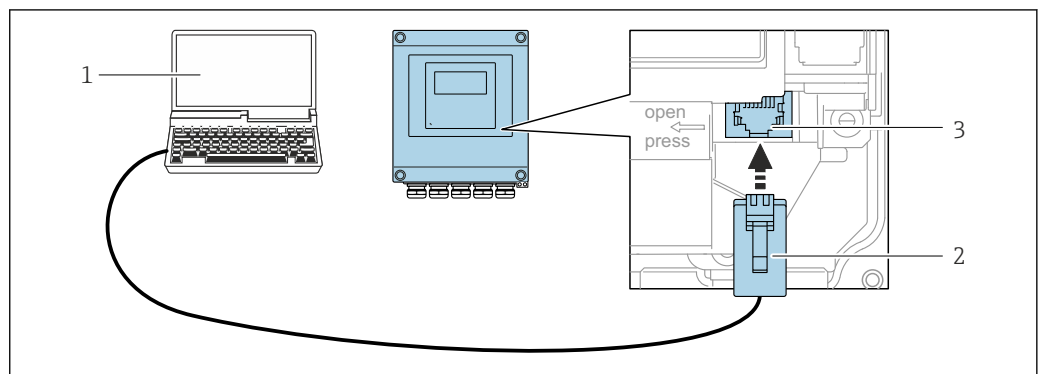


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27 Options for remote operation via PROFIBUS DP network

- 1 Automation system
- 2 Computer with PROFIBUS network card
- 3 PROFIBUS DP network
- 4 Measuring device

Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)



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28 Connection via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

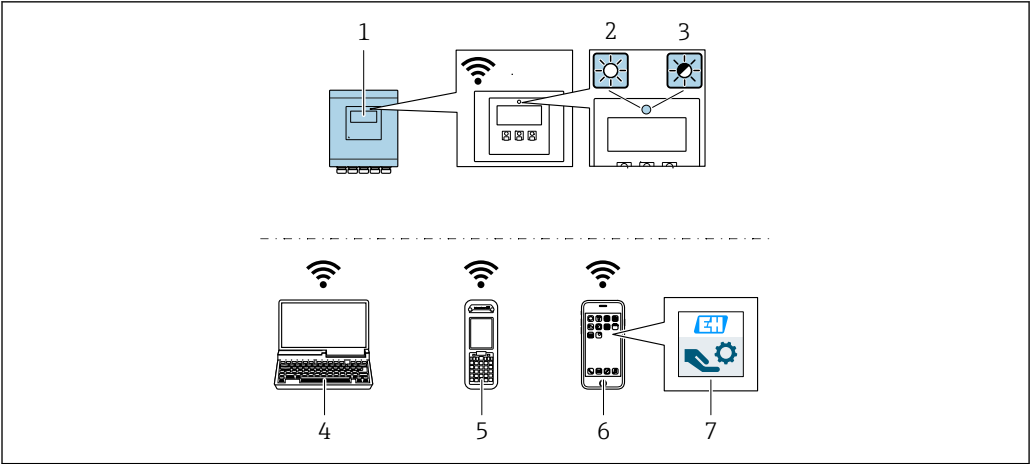
- 1 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
- 2 Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 plug
- 3 Service interface (CDI-RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server

Via WLAN interface

The optional WLAN interface is available on the following device version:

Order code for "Display", option **W1** "WLAN display":

4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control + WLAN



A0032079

- 1 Transmitter with integrated WLAN antenna
- 2 LED lit constantly: WLAN reception is enabled on measuring device
- 3 LED flashing: WLAN connection established between operating unit and measuring device
- 4 Computer with WLAN interface and Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)
- 5 Mobile handheld terminal with WLAN interface and Web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)
- 6 Smartphone or tablet
- 7 SmartBlue App

Encryption	WPA2-PSK/AES 128 bit
Configurable WLAN channels	1 to 11
Degree of protection	IP67
Available antennas	- Internal antenna - External antenna (optional) In the event of poor transmission/reception conditions at the place of installation.  Only one antenna active in each case!
Max. range	50 m (164 ft)
Materials: External WLAN antenna	- Antenna: ASA plastic (acrylic ester-styrene-acrylonitrile) and nickel-plated brass - Adapter: Stainless steel and nickel-plated brass - Cable: Polyethylene - Connector: Nickel-plated brass - Angle bracket: Stainless steel

Configuring the Internet protocol of the mobile terminal

NOTICE

If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

- Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

NOTICE

In principle, avoid simultaneous access to the measuring device via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface from the same mobile terminal. This could cause a network conflict.

- Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 service interface or WLAN interface).
- If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

Preparing the mobile terminal

- Enable WLAN reception on the mobile terminal.

Establishing a connection from the mobile terminal to the measuring device

1. In the WLAN settings of the mobile terminal:
Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH_Promag__A802000).
2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
3. Enter the password: serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).
↳ LED on display module flashes: it is now possible to operate the measuring device with the Web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.



The serial number can be found on the nameplate.



To ensure the safe and swift assignment of the WLAN network to the measuring point, it is advisable to change the SSID name. It should be possible to clearly assign the new SSID name to the measuring point (e.g. tag name) because it is displayed as the WLAN network.

Disconnecting

- After configuring the device:
Terminate the WLAN connection between the operating unit and measuring device.

8.5.2 FieldCare**Function scope**

FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field devices in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Access is via:

Typical functions:

- Configuring parameters of transmitters
- Loading and saving device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook



For additional information about FieldCare, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

Source for device description files

See information → 77

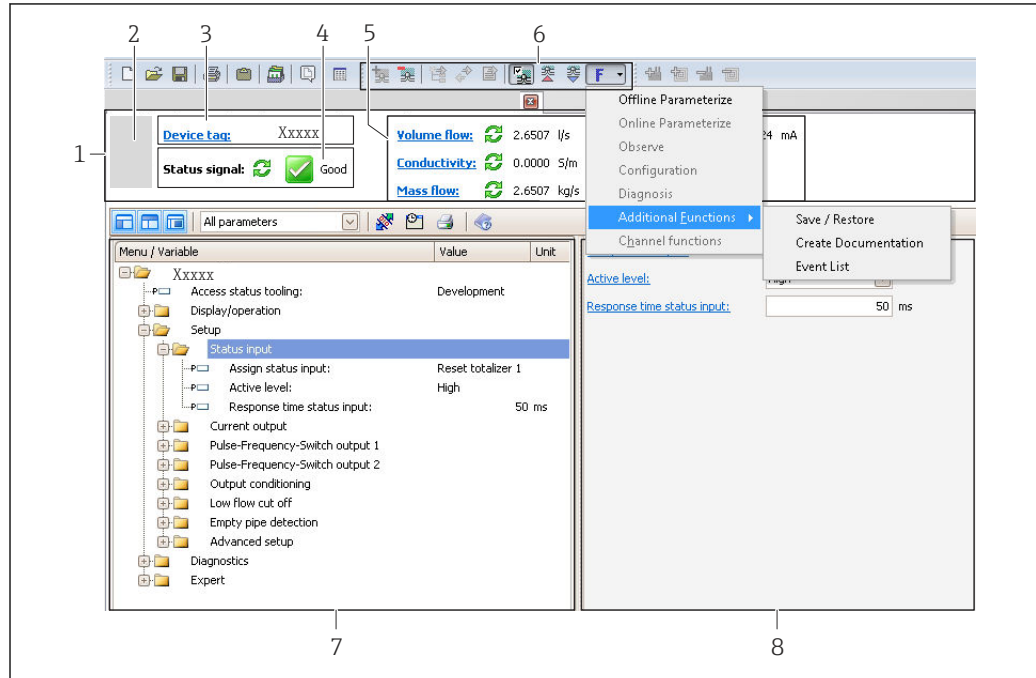
Establishing a connection

1. Start FieldCare and launch the project.
2. In the network: Add a device.
↳ The **Add device** window opens.
3. Select the **CDI Communication TCP/IP** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
4. Right-click **CDI Communication TCP/IP** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.
5. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
↳ The **CDI Communication TCP/IP (Configuration)** window opens.
6. Enter the device address in the **IP address** field: 192.168.1.212 and press **Enter** to confirm.

7. Establish the online connection to the device.

 For additional information, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

User interface



A0021053-EN

- 1 Header
- 2 Picture of device
- 3 Tag name
- 4 Status area with status signal →  117
- 6 Display area for current measured values
- 5 Edit toolbar with additional functions such as save/restore, event list and create documentation
- 7 Navigation area with operating menu structure
- 8 Working area

8.5.3 DeviceCare

Function scope

Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.

 For details, see Innovation Brochure IN01047S

Source for device description files

See information →  77

9 System integration

9.1 Overview of device description files

9.1.1 Current version data for the device

Firmware version	01.00.zz	- On the title page of the Operating instructions - On the transmitter nameplate - Firmware version Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version
Release date of firmware version	05.2014	---
Manufacturer ID	0x11	Manufacturer ID Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer ID
Device type ID	0x1562	Device type Diagnostics → Device information → Device type
Profile version	3.02	---



For an overview of the different firmware versions for the device

9.1.2 Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tool via PROFIBUS protocol	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	www.endress.com → Download Area - CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) - DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)
DeviceCare	www.endress.com → Download Area - CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) - DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)

9.2 Device master file (GSD)

In order to integrate field devices into a bus system, the PROFIBUS system needs a description of the device parameters, such as output data, input data, data format, data volume and supported transmission rate.

These data are available in the device master file (GSD) which is provided to the PROFIBUS Master when the communication system is commissioned. In addition device bit maps, which appear as icons in the network structure, can also be integrated.

With the Profile 3.0 device master file (GSD) it is possible to exchange field devices made by different manufacturers without having to reconfigure.

Generally speaking two different GSD versions are possible with Profile 3.0 and higher.



- Before configuring, the user must decide which GSD should be used to operate the system.
- The setting can be changed via a Class 2 master.

9.2.1 Manufacturer-specific GSD

This GSD guarantees the unrestricted functionality of the measuring device. Device-specific process parameters and functions are therefore available.

Manufacturer-specific GSD	ID number	File name
PROFIBUS DP	0x1562	EH3x1562.gsd

The fact that the manufacturer-specific GSD should be used is specified in the **Ident number selector** parameter by selecting the **Manufacturer** option.



Where to acquire the manufacturer-specific GSD:

www.endress.com → Download Area

9.2.2 Profile GSD

Differs in terms of the number of Analog Input blocks (AI) and the measured values. If a system is configured with a Profile GSD, it is possible to exchange devices made by different manufacturers. However, it is essential to ensure that the order of the cyclic process values is correct.

ID number	Supported blocks	Supported channels
0x9740	1 Analog Input 1 Totalizer	- Channel Analog Input: volume flow - Channel totalizer: volume flow
0x9741	2 Analog Input 1 Totalizer	- Channel Analog Input 1: volume flow - Channel Analog Input 2: mass flow - Channel totalizer: volume flow
0x9742	3 Analog Input 1 Totalizer	- Channel Analog Input 1: volume flow - Channel Analog Input 2: mass flow - Channel Analog Input 3: corrected volume flow - Channel totalizer: volume flow

The Profile GSD that is to be used is specified in the **Ident number selector** parameter by selecting the **Profile 0x9740** option, **Profile 0x9741** option or **Profile 0x9742** option.

9.2.3 Compatibility with other Endress+Hauser measuring devices

The Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP guarantees compatibility during cyclic data exchange with the automation system (Class 1 master) for the following measuring devices:

- Promag 50 PROFIBUS DP (Profile version 3.0, ID number 0x1546)
- Promag 53 PROFIBUS DP (Profile version 3.0, ID number 0x1526)

It is possible to replace these measuring devices with a Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP without the need to reconfigure the PROFIBUS network in the automation unit even though the names and ID numbers of the measuring devices differ. Once replaced, the device is either identified automatically (factory setting) or device identification can be set manually.

Automatic identification (factory setting)

The Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP automatically identifies the measuring device configured in the automation system (Promag 50 PROFIBUS DP or Promag 53 PROFIBUS DP) and makes the same input and output data and measured value status information available for cyclic data exchange.

Automatic identification is set in the **Ident number selector** parameter using the **Auto** option (factory setting).

Manual setting

The manual setting is made in the **Ident number selector** parameter using the Promag 50 (0x1546) or Promag 53 (0x1526) option.

Afterwards, the Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP makes the same input and output data and measured status information available for cyclic data exchange.

-  If the Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP is acyclically configured via an operating program (Class 2 master), access is directly via the block structure or the parameters of the measuring device.
- If parameters have been changed in the device to be replaced (Promag 50 PROFIBUS DP or Promag 53 PROFIBUS DP) (parameter setting no longer corresponds to the original factory setting), these parameters must be changed accordingly in the new replacement Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP via an operating program (Class 2 master).

Example

The setting for low flow cut off has been changed from mass flow (factory setting) to corrected volume flow in a Promag 50 PROFIBUS DP currently in operation. This device is now replaced by a Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP device. After replacing the device, the assignment for the low flow cut off must be changed manually in the Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP, i.e. to corrected volume flow, to ensure the measuring device behaves identically.

Replacing the measuring devices without changing the GSD file or restarting the controller

In the procedure described below, the device can be replaced without interrupting ongoing operation or restarting the controller. However with this procedure the measuring device is not fully integrated!

1. Replace the measuring device Promag 50 PROFIBUS DP or Promag 53 PROFIBUS DP by the Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP.
2. Set the device address: The same device address that was set for the Promag 50, Promag 53 or PROFIBUS DP Profile GSD must be used.
3. Connect the Promag 400 PROFIBUS DP.

If the factory setting had been changed on the replaced device (Promag 50 or Promag 53), the following settings may need to be changed:

1. Configuration of the application-specific parameters.
2. Choice of process variables to be transmitted via the CHANNEL parameter in the Analog Input or Totalizer function block.
3. Setting of the units for the process variables.

9.3 Cyclic data transmission

Cyclic data transmission when using the device master file (GSD).

9.3.1 Block model

The block model shows which input and output data the measuring device makes available for cyclic data exchange. Cyclic data exchange takes place with a PROFIBUS master (Class 1), e.g. a control system etc.

Measuring device				Control system
Transducer Block	Analog Input block 1 to 4	→ 80	Output value AI	→
			Output value TOTAL	→
	Totalizer block 1 to 3	→ 81	Controller SETTOT	←
			Configuration MODETOT	←
	Analog Output block 1	→ 83	Input values AO	←

	Discrete Input block 1 to 2 → 83	Output values DI →	
	Discrete Output block 1 to 2 → 84	Input values DO ←	

Defined order of modules

The measuring device works as a modular PROFIBUS slave. In contrast to a compact slave, a modular slave has a variable design and consists of several individual modules. The device master file (GSD) contains a description of the individual modules (input and output data) along with their individual properties.

The modules are permanently assigned to the slots, i.e. when configuring the modules, the order and the arrangement of the modules must be respected.

Slot	Module	Function block
1...4	AI	Analog Input block 1 to 4
5	TOTAL or SETTOT_TOTAL or SETTOT_MODETOT_TOTAL	Totalizer block 1
6		Totalizer block 2
7		Totalizer block 3
8	AO	Analog Output block 1
9...10	DI	Discrete Input block 1 to 2
11...12	DO	Discrete Output block 1 to 2

To optimize the data throughput rate of the PROFIBUS network, it is advisable to only configure modules that are processed in the PROFIBUS master system. If this results in gaps between the configured modules, these gaps must be assigned to the EMPTY_MODULE.

9.3.2 Description of the modules



The data structure is described from the perspective of the PROFIBUS master:

- Input data: Are sent from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master.
- Output data: Are sent from the PROFIBUS master to the measuring device.

AI module (Analog Input)

Transmit an input variable from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

The selected input variable, along with the status, is cyclically transmitted to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the AI module. The input variable is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

Four Analog Input blocks are available (slot 1 to 4).

Selection: input variable

The input variable can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

CHANNEL	Input variable
33122	Volume flow
32961	Mass flow
708	Flow velocity
1132	Conductivity
1042	Electronic temperature

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting
AI 1	Volume flow
AI 2	Mass flow
AI 3	Electronic temperature
AI 4	Flow velocity

*Data structure**Input data of Analog Input*

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)				Status

TOTAL module

Transmit a totalizer value from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

A selected totalizer value, along with the status, is cyclically transmitted to a PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the TOTAL module. The totalizer value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the totalizer value.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 5 to 7).

Selection: totalizer value

The totalizer value can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

CHANNEL	Input variable
33122	Volume flow
32961	Mass flow

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: TOTAL
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	Volume flow

*Data structure**Input data of TOTAL*

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)				Status

SETTOT_TOTAL module

The module combination consists of the SETTOT and TOTAL functions:

- SETTOT: Control the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- TOTAL: Transmit totalizer value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS master.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 5 to 7).

Selection: control totalizer

CHANNEL	Value SETTOT	Control totalizer
33310	0	Totalize
33046	1	Resetting
33308	2	Adopt totalizer initial setting

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: Value SETTOT (meaning)
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	0 (totalizing)

*Data structure**Output data of SETTOT*

Byte 1
Control variable 1

Input data of TOTAL

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)				Status

SETTOT_MODETOT_TOTAL module

The module combination consists of the SETTOT, MODETOT and TOTAL functions:

- SETTOT: Control the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- MODETOT: Configure the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- TOTAL: Transmit totalizer value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS master.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 5 to 7).

Selection: totalizer configuration

CHANNEL	MODETOT value	Totalizer configuration
33306	0	Balancing
33028	1	Balance the positive flow
32976	2	Balance the negative flow
32928	3	Stop totalizing

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: Value MODETOT (meaning)
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	0 (balancing)

*Data structure**Output data of SETTOT and MODETOT*

Byte 1	Byte 2
Control variable 1: SETTOT	Control variable 2: MODETOT

Input data of TOTAL

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)				Status

AO module (Analog Output)

Transmit a compensation value from the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to the measuring device.

A compensation value, along with the status, is cyclically transmitted from the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) to the measuring device via the AO module. The compensation value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the compensation value.

One Analog Output block is available (slot 8).

Assigned compensation values

A compensation value is permanently assigned to the individual Analog Output blocks.

CHANNEL	Function block	Compensation value
731	AO 1	External density



The selection is made via: Expert → Sensor → External compensation

*Data structure**Output data of Analog Output*

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)				Status

DI module (Discrete Input)

Transmit discrete input values from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1). Discrete input values are used by the measuring device to transmit the state of device functions to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

The DI module cyclically transmits the discrete input value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1). The discrete input value is depicted in the first byte. The second byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input value.

Two Discrete Input blocks are available (slot 9 to 10).

Selection: device function

The device function can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

CHANNEL	Device function	Factory setting: Status (meaning)
893	Status switch output	■ 0 (device function not active) ■ 1 (device function active)
894	Empty pipe detection	
895	Low flow cut off	
1430	Status verification ¹⁾	

1) Only available with the Heartbeat Verification application package

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting
DI 1	Empty pipe detection
DI 2	Low flow cut off

*Data structure**Input data of Discrete Input*

Byte 1	Byte 2
Discrete	Status

DO module (Discrete Output)

Transmit discrete output values from the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to the measuring device. Discrete output values are used by the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to enable and disable device functions.

The DO module cyclically transmits the discrete output value, along with the status, to the measuring device. The discrete output value is depicted in the first byte. The second byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the output value.

Two Discrete Output blocks are available (slot 11 to 12).

Assigned device functions

A device function is permanently assigned to the individual Discrete Output blocks.

CHANNEL	Function block	Device function	Values: control (meaning)
891	DO 1	Flow override	■ 0 (disable device function) ■ 1 (enable device function)
1429	DO 2	Start verification ¹⁾	

1) Only available with the Heartbeat Verification application package

*Data structure**Output data of Discrete Output*

Byte 1	Byte 2
Discrete	Status

EMPTY_MODULE module

This module is used to assign empty spaces arising from modules not being used in the slots →  80.

10 Commissioning

10.1 Function check

Before commissioning the measuring device:

- ▶ Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed.
- "Post-installation check" checklist →  37
- "Post-connection check" checklist →  51

10.2 Switching on the measuring device

- ▶ After a successful function check, switch on the measuring device.
 - ↳ After a successful startup, the local display switches automatically from the startup display to the operational display.

 If nothing appears on the local display or a diagnostic message is displayed, refer to the section on "Diagnostics and troubleshooting" →  111.

10.3 Configuring the device address via software

In the **"Communication"** submenu the device address can be set.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Communication → Device address

10.3.1 PROFIBUS network

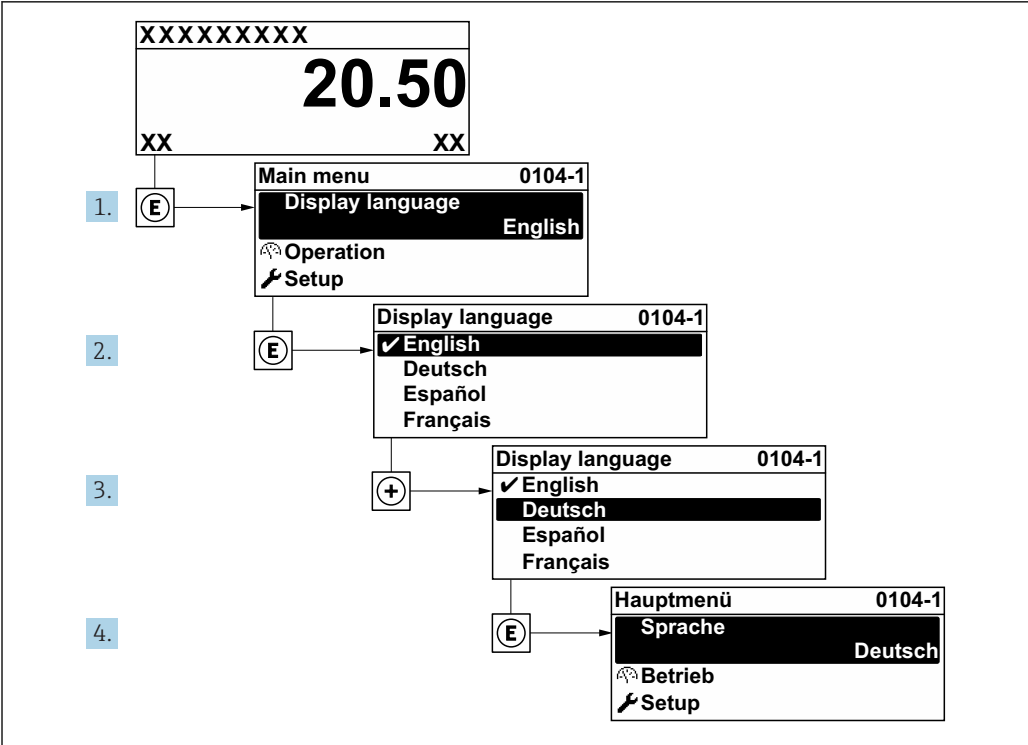
At time of delivery, the measuring device has the following factory setting:

Device address	126
----------------	-----

 If hardware addressing is active, software addressing is blocked

10.4 Setting the operating language

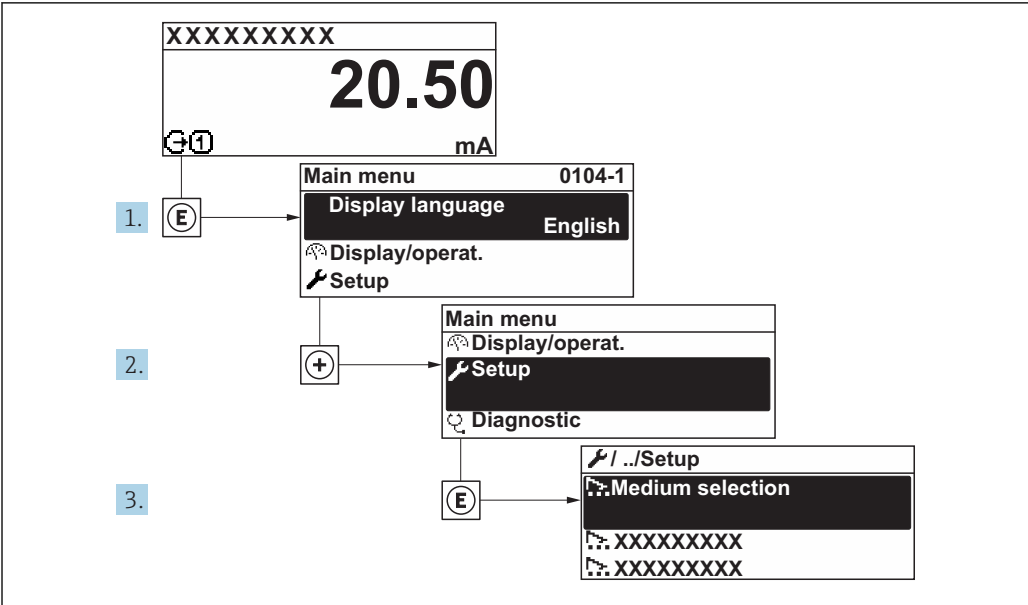
Factory setting: English or ordered local language



29 Taking the example of the local display

10.5 Configuring the measuring device

- The **Setup** menu with its guided wizards contains all the parameters needed for standard operation.
- Navigation to the **Setup** menu



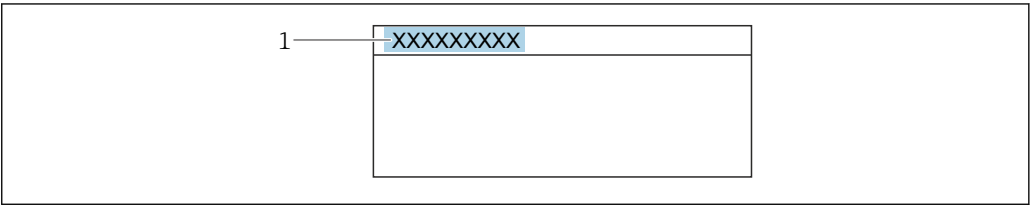
30 Taking the example of the local display

Navigation
"Setup" menu

⚙ Setup		
Device tag	→ 📄	87
▶ System units	→ 📄	88
▶ Communication	→ 📄	89
▶ Display	→ 📄	89
▶ Analog inputs	→ 📄	91
▶ Low flow cut off	→ 📄	91
▶ Empty pipe detection	→ 📄	93
▶ Advanced setup	→ 📄	94

10.5.1 Defining the tag name

To enable fast identification of the measuring point within the system, you can enter a unique designation using the **Device tag** parameter and thus change the factory setting.



31 Header of the operational display with tag name

1 Tag name

 Enter the tag name in the "FieldCare" operating tool → 📄 76

Navigation
"Setup" menu → Device tag

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry	Factory setting
Device tag	Enter the name for the measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Promag 400 DP

10.5.2 Setting the system units

In the **System units** submenu the units of all the measured values can be set.

 Depending on the device version, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. The selection can vary depending on the order code.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → System units

▶ System units

Volume flow unit

→  88

Volume unit

→  88

Conductivity unit

→  88

Temperature unit

→  88

Mass flow unit

→  88

Mass unit

→  89

Density unit

→  89

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Volume flow unit	–	Select volume flow unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: - Output - Low flow cut off - Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific: - l/h - gal/min (us)
Volume unit	–	Select volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: - m³ - gal (us)
Conductivity unit	The On option is selected in the Conductivity measurement parameter.	Select conductivity unit. <i>Effect</i> The selected unit applies for: Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	µS/cm
Temperature unit	–	Select temperature unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: Maximum value parameter Minimum value parameter	Unit choose list	Country-specific: °C °F
Mass flow unit	–	Select mass flow unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: - Output - Low flow cut off - Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific: - kg/h - lb/min

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Mass unit	–	Select mass unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: ■ kg ■ lb
Density unit	–	Select density unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: ■ Output ■ Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific: ■ kg/l ■ lb/ft³

10.5.3 **Configuring communication interface**

The **Communication** submenu guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be configured for selecting and setting the communication interface.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Communication

► Communication

Device address

→ 89

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry	Factory setting
Device address	Enter device address.	0 to 126	126

10.5.4 **Configuring the local display**

The **Display** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can be configured for configuring the local display.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Display

► Display

Format display

Value 1 display

0% bargraph value 1

100% bargraph value 1

Value 2 display

Value 3 display

0% bargraph value 3

→ 90

→ 90

→ 90

→ 90

→ 90

→ 90

→ 90

100% bargraph value 3	→  90
Value 4 display	→  90

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	■ 1 value, max. size ■ 1 bargraph + 1 value ■ 2 values ■ 1 value large + 2 values ■ 4 values	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow ■ Conductivity ■ Totalizer 1 ■ Totalizer 2 ■ Totalizer 3 ■ Electronic temperature	Volume flow
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: ■ 0 l/h ■ 0 gal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter	None
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter (→  90)	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the Value 3 display parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: ■ 0 l/h ■ 0 gal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the Value 3 display parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter (→  90)	None

10.5.5 Configuring the analog inputs

The **Analog inputs** submenu guides the user systematically to the individual **Analog input 1 to n** submenu. From here you get to the parameters of the individual analog input.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Analog inputs

▶ Analog inputs

▶ Analog input 1 to n

Channel

→ 91

PV filter time

→ 91

Fail safe type

→ 91

Fail safe value

→ 91

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Channel	–	Select the process variable.	■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow ■ Flow velocity ■ Conductivity ■ Electronic temperature	Volume flow
PV filter time	–	Specify the time to suppress signal peaks. During the specified time the analog input does not respond to an erratic increase in the process variable.	Positive floating-point number	0
Fail safe type	–	Select the failure mode.	■ Fail safe value ■ Fallback value ■ Off	Off
Fail safe value	In Fail safe type parameter, the Fail safe value option is selected.	Specify the values to be output when an error occurs.	Signed floating-point number	0

10.5.6 Configuring the low flow cut off

The **Low flow cut off** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be set to configure low flow cut off.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Low flow cut off

► Low flow cut off	
Assign process variable	→ 92
On value low flow cutoff	→ 92
Off value low flow cutoff	→ 92
Pressure shock suppression	→ 92

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	–	Select process variable for low flow cut off.	■ Off ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Volume flow
On value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 92): ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Enter on value for low flow cut off.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Off value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 92): ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Enter off value for low flow cut off.	0 to 100.0 %	50 %
Pressure shock suppression	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 92): ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Enter time frame for signal suppression (= active pressure shock suppression).	0 to 100 s	0 s

10.5.7 Configuring empty pipe detection

The **Empty pipe detection** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring empty pipe detection.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Empty pipe detection

▶ Empty pipe detection

Empty pipe detection	→ 93
New adjustment	→ 93
Progress	→ 93
Switch point empty pipe detection	→ 93
Response time empty pipe detection	→ 93

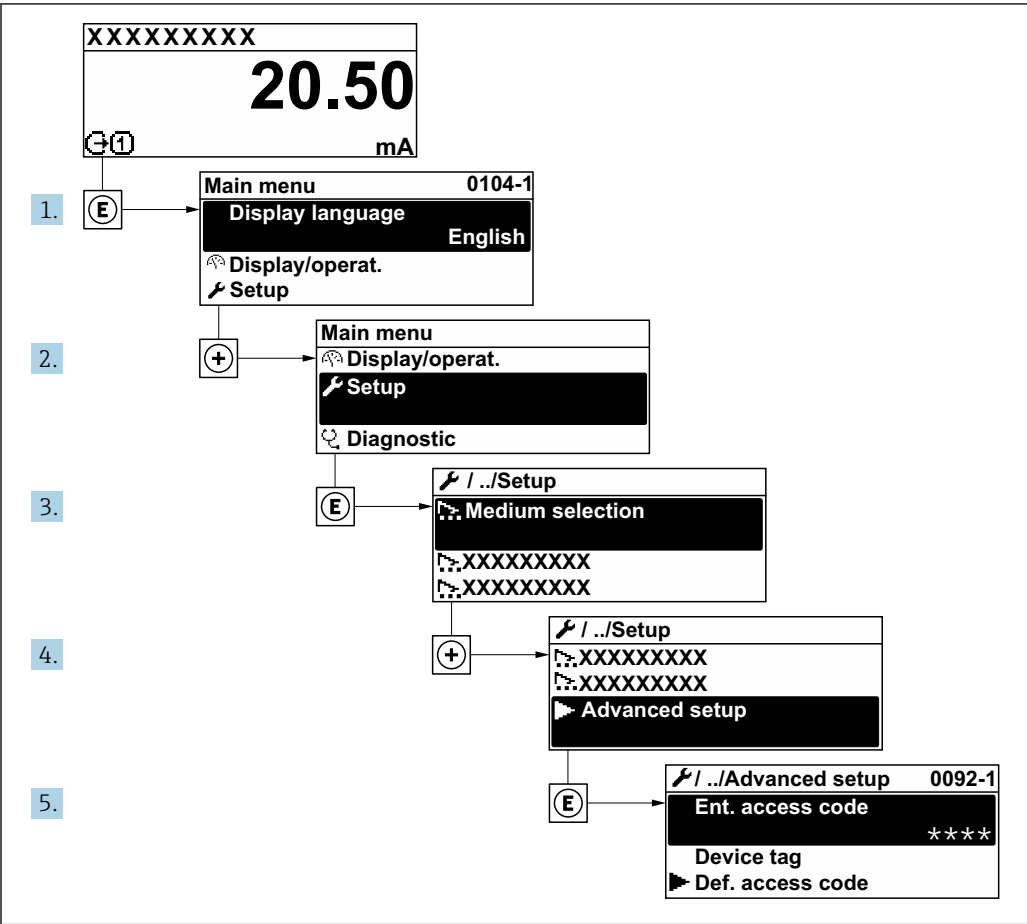
Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Empty pipe detection	–	Switch empty pipe detection on and off.	■ Off ■ On	Off
New adjustment	The On option is selected in the Empty pipe detection parameter.	Select type of adjustment.	■ Cancel ■ Empty pipe adjust ■ Full pipe adjust	Cancel
Progress	The On option is selected in the Empty pipe detection parameter.	Shows the progress.	■ Ok ■ Busy ■ Not ok	–
Switch point empty pipe detection	The On option is selected in the Empty pipe detection parameter.	Enter hysteresis in %, below this value the measuring tube will detected as empty.	0 to 100 %	50 %
Response time empty pipe detection	In the Empty pipe detection parameter (→ 93), the On option is selected.	Enter the time before diagnostic message S862 'Pipe empty' is displayed for empty pipe detection.	0 to 100 s	1 s

10.6 Advanced settings

The **Advanced setup** submenu together with its submenus contains parameters for specific settings.

Navigation to the "Advanced setup" submenu



Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup

► Advanced setup

Enter access code

► Sensor adjustment → 95

► Totalizer 1 to n → 95

► Display → 97

► Electrode cleaning circuit → 99

► Administration → 100

10.6.1 Carrying out a sensor adjustment

The **Sensor adjustment** submenu contains parameters that pertain to the functionality of the sensor.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Sensor adjustment

► Sensor adjustment

Installation direction

→ 95

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Installation direction	Set sign of flow direction to match the direction of the arrow on the sensor.	- Flow in arrow direction - Flow against arrow direction	Flow in arrow direction

10.6.2 Configuring the totalizer

In the **"Totalizer 1 to n"** submenu the individual totalizer can be configured.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Totalizer 1 to n

► Totalizer 1 to n

Assign process variable

Unit totalizer

Control Totalizer 1 to n

Totalizer operation mode

Failure mode

→ 95

→ 95

→ 108

→ 96

→ 96

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Assign process variable	–	Select process variable for totalizer.	- Volume flow - Mass flow	Volume flow
Unit totalizer	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter: - Volume flow - Mass flow	Select the unit for the process variable of the totalizer.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: - m³ - ft³

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Totalizer operation mode	In the Assign process variable parameter, one of the following options is selected: ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Select totalizer calculation mode.	■ Net flow total ■ Forward flow total ■ Reverse flow total ■ Last valid value	Net flow total
Failure mode	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter: ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Define the totalizer behavior in the event of a device alarm.	■ Stop ■ Actual value ■ Last valid value	Actual value

10.6.3 Carrying out additional display configurations

In the **Display** submenu you can set all the parameters associated with the configuration of the local display.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Display

► Display	
Format display	→ 98
Value 1 display	→ 98
0% bargraph value 1	→ 98
100% bargraph value 1	→ 98
Decimal places 1	→ 98
Value 2 display	→ 98
Decimal places 2	→ 98
Value 3 display	→ 98
0% bargraph value 3	→ 98
100% bargraph value 3	→ 98
Decimal places 3	→ 98
Value 4 display	→ 98
Decimal places 4	→ 98
Display language	→ 99
Display interval	→ 99
Display damping	→ 99
Header	→ 99
Header text	→ 99
Separator	→ 99
Backlight	→ 99

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	■ 1 value, max. size ■ 1 bargraph + 1 value ■ 2 values ■ 1 value large + 2 values ■ 4 values	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow ■ Conductivity ■ Totalizer 1 ■ Totalizer 2 ■ Totalizer 3 ■ Electronic temperature	Volume flow
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: ■ 0 l/h ■ 0 gal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Decimal places 1	A measured value is specified in the Value 1 display parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	■ x ■ x.x ■ x.xx ■ x.xxx ■ x.xxxx	x.xx
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter	None
Decimal places 2	A measured value is specified in the Value 2 display parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	■ x ■ x.x ■ x.xx ■ x.xxx ■ x.xxxx	x.xx
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter (→  90)	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the Value 3 display parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: ■ 0 l/h ■ 0 gal/min (us)
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the Value 3 display parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Decimal places 3	A measured value is specified in the Value 3 display parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	■ x ■ x.x ■ x.xx ■ x.xxx ■ x.xxxx	x.xx
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter (→  90)	None
Decimal places 4	A measured value is specified in the Value 4 display parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	■ x ■ x.x ■ x.xx ■ x.xxx ■ x.xxxx	x.xx

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Display language	A local display is provided.	Set display language.	■ English * ■ Deutsch * ■ Français * ■ Español * ■ Italiano * ■ Nederlands * ■ Portuguesa * ■ Polski * ■ русский язык (Russian) * ■ Svenska * ■ Türkçe * ■ 中文 (Chinese) * ■ 日本語 (Japanese) * ■ 한국어 (Korean) * ■ العربية (Arabic) * ■ Bahasa Indonesia * ■ ภาษาไทย (Thai) * ■ tiếng Việt (Vietnamese) * ■ čeština (Czech) *	English (alternatively, the ordered language is preset in the device)
Display interval	A local display is provided.	Set time measured values are shown on display if display alternates between values.	1 to 10 s	5 s
Display damping	A local display is provided.	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	0.0 to 999.9 s	0.0 s
Header	A local display is provided.	Select header contents on local display.	■ Device tag ■ Free text	Device tag
Header text	In the Header parameter, the Free text option is selected.	Enter display header text.	Max. 12 characters such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)	-----
Separator	A local display is provided.	Select decimal separator for displaying numerical values.	■ . (point) ■ , (comma)	. (point)
Backlight	A local display is provided.	Switch the local display backlight on and off.	■ Disable ■ Enable	Enable

* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

10.6.4 Performing electrode cleaning

The **Electrode cleaning circuit** wizard guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring electrode cleaning.



The wizard only appears if the device was ordered with an electrode cleaning circuit.

Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Electrode cleaning circuit

▶ Electrode cleaning circuit	
Electrode cleaning circuit	→ 100
ECC duration	→ 100

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry / Selection	Factory setting
Define access code	Restrict write-access to parameters to protect the configuration of the device against unintentional changes via the local display.	0 to 9 999	0
Confirm access code	Confirm the entered access code.	0 to 9 999	0
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	■ Cancel ■ To delivery settings ■ Restart device	Cancel

10.7 Simulation

The **Simulation** submenu enables you to simulate, without a real flow situation, various process variables in the process and the device alarm mode and to verify downstream signal chains (switching valves or closed-control loops).

-  The parameters displayed depend on:
- The selected device order
 - The set operating mode of the pulse/frequency/switch outputs

Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Simulation

► Simulation

Assign simulation process variable

→  102

Value process variable

→  102

Simulation device alarm

→  102

Diagnostic event category

→  102

Simulation diagnostic event

→  102

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign simulation process variable	–	Select a process variable for the simulation process that is activated.	■ Off ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow ■ Conductivity *	Off
Value process variable	One of the following options is selected in the Assign simulation process variable parameter (→ 102): ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Flow velocity ■ Conductivity * ■ Corrected conductivity * ■ Temperature	Enter the simulation value for the selected process variable.	Depends on the process variable selected	0
Simulation device alarm	–	Switch the device alarm on and off.	■ Off ■ On	Off
Diagnostic event category	–	Select a diagnostic event category.	■ Sensor ■ Electronics ■ Configuration ■ Process	Process
Simulation diagnostic event	–	Select a diagnostic event for the simulation process that is activated.	■ Off ■ Diagnostic event picklist (depends on the category selected)	Off

* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

10.8 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The following options exist for protecting the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification after commissioning:

- Write protection via access code for the local display and Web browser
- Write protection via write protection switch
- Write protection via keypad lock

10.8.1 Write protection via access code

The effects of the user-specific access code are as follows:

- Via local operation, the parameters for the measuring device configuration are write-protected and their values can no longer be changed.
- Device access is protected via the Web browser, as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.

Defining the access code via local display

1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter.
2. Define a max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters as the access code.
3. Enter the access code again in the to confirm the code.
 - ↳ The -symbol appears in front of all write-protected parameters.

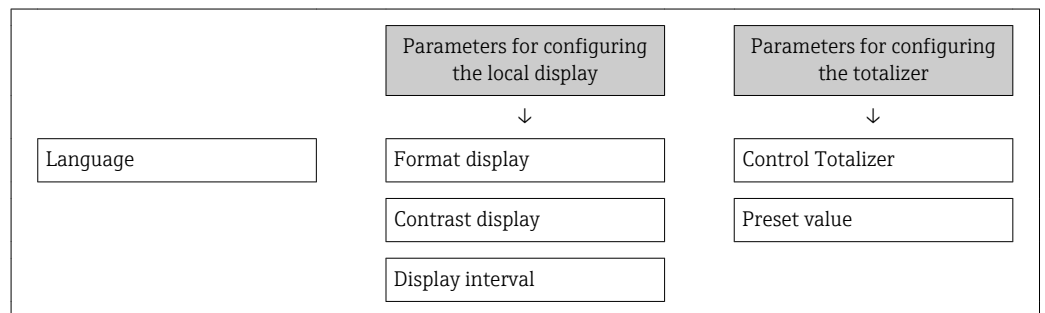
The device automatically locks the write-protected parameters again if a key is not pressed for 10 minutes in the navigation and editing view. The device locks the write-protected

parameters automatically after 60 s if the user skips back to the operational display mode from the navigation and editing view.

-  If parameter write protection is activated via an access code, it can also only be deactivated via this access code →  65.
- The user role with which the user is currently logged on via the local display is indicated by the →  65 **Access status display** parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status display

Parameters which can always be modified via the local display

Certain parameters that do not affect the measurement are excepted from parameter write protection via the local display. Despite the user-specific access code, they can always be modified, even if the other parameters are locked.



Defining the access code via the Web browser

1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter.
2. Define a max. 16-digit numeric code as an access code.
3. Enter the access code again in the to confirm the code.
 - ↳ The Web browser switches to the login page.

 If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the Web browser automatically returns to the login page.

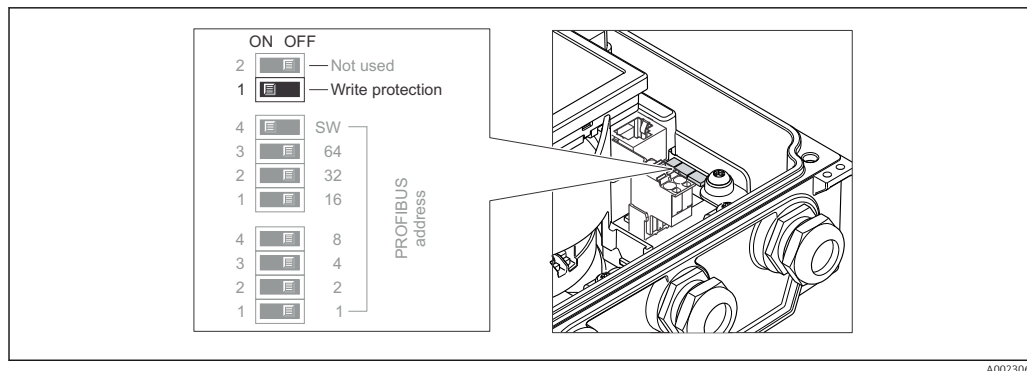
-  If parameter write protection is activated via an access code, it can also only be deactivated via this access code →  65.
- The user role with which the user is currently logged on via Web browser is indicated by the **Access status tooling** parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status tooling

10.8.2 Write protection via write protection switch

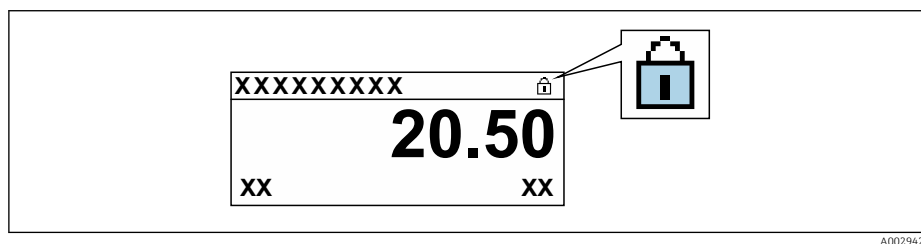
Unlike parameter write protection via a user-specific access code, this allows write access to the entire operating menu - except for the **"Contrast display" parameter** - to be locked.

The parameter values are now read only and cannot be edited any more (exception **"Contrast display" parameter**):

- Via local display
- Via PROFIBUS DP protocol



1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover and open the housing cover.
2. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables the hardware write protection. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **OFF** position (factory setting) disables the hardware write protection.
 - ↳ If the hardware write protection is enabled: The **Hardware locked** option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter . In addition, on the local display the -symbol appears in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.



If the hardware write protection is disabled: No option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter . On the local display, the -symbol disappears from in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.

3. **⚠ WARNING**
Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!
 Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.
 ► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque .

Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

11 Operation

11.1 Reading the device locking status

Device active write protection: **Locking status** parameter

Operation → Locking status

Function scope of the "Locking status" parameter

Options	Description
None	The access status displayed in the Access status display parameter applies → 65. Only appears on local display.
Hardware locked	The DIP switch for hardware locking is activated on the main electronics module. This locks write access to the parameters (e.g. via local display or operating tool) .
Temporarily locked	Write access to the parameters is temporarily locked on account of internal processes running in the device (e.g. data upload/download, reset etc.). Once the internal processing has been completed, the parameters can be changed once again.

11.2 Adjusting the operating language



Detailed information:

- To configure the operating language → 85
- For information on the operating languages supported by the measuring device → 167

11.3 Configuring the display

Detailed information:

- On the basic settings for the local display → 89
- On the advanced settings for the local display → 97

11.4 Reading measured values

With the **Measured values** submenu, it is possible to read all the measured values.

Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Output values

► Measured values	
► Process variables	→ 105
► Totalizer 1 to n	→ 106

11.4.1 Process variables

The **Process variables** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for each process variable.

Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Process variables

► Process variables		
Volume flow	→	📄 106
Mass flow	→	📄 106
Conductivity	→	📄 106

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Volume flow	–	Displays the volume flow currently measured. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter (→ 📄 88).	Signed floating-point number
Mass flow	–	Displays the mass flow currently calculated. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the Mass flow unit parameter (→ 📄 88).	Signed floating-point number
Conductivity	The On option is selected in the Conductivity measurement parameter.	Displays the conductivity currently measured. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the Conductivity unit parameter (→ 📄 88).	Signed floating-point number

11.4.2 Totalizer

The **Totalizer** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every totalizer.

Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Totalizer 1 to n

► Totalizer 1 to n		
Assign process variable	→	📄 107
Totalizer value 1 to n	→	📄 107
Totalizer status 1 to n	→	📄 107
Totalizer status (Hex) 1 to n	→	📄 107

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Assign process variable	–	Select process variable for totalizer.	■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Volume flow
Totalizer value 1 to n	In the Assign process variable parameter one of the following options is selected: ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Total mass flow ■ Condensate mass flow ■ Energy flow ■ Heat flow difference	Displays the current totalizer counter value.	Signed floating-point number	0 m ³
Totalizer status 1 to n	–	Displays the current totalizer status.	■ Good ■ Uncertain ■ Bad	–
Totalizer status (Hex) 1 to n	In Target mode parameter, the Auto option is selected.	Displays the current status value (hex) of the totalizer.	0 to 0xFF	–

11.5 Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions

The following are available for this purpose:

- Basic settings using the **Setup** menu (→  86)
- Advanced settings using the **Advanced setup** submenu (→  94)

11.6 Performing a totalizer reset

The totalizers are reset in the **Operation** submenu:
Control Totalizer 1 to n

Function scope of the "Control Totalizer" parameter

Options	Description
Totalize	The totalizer is started.
Reset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is reset to 0.
Preset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is set to its defined start value from the Preset value 1 to n parameter.
Stop totalizing option	Totalizing is stopped.

Navigation

"Operation" menu → Totalizer handling

► Totalizer handling Control Totalizer 1 to n	→  108
---	---

Preset value 1 to n	→  108
Reset all totalizers	→  108

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Control Totalizer 1 to n	In the Assign process variable parameter, one of the following options is selected: ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow	Control totalizer value.	■ Totalize ■ Reset + hold ■ Preset + hold	Totalize
Preset value 1 to n	–	Specify start value for totalizer.	Signed floating-point number	0 m³
Reset all totalizers	–	Reset all totalizers to 0 and start.	■ Cancel ■ Reset + totalize	Cancel

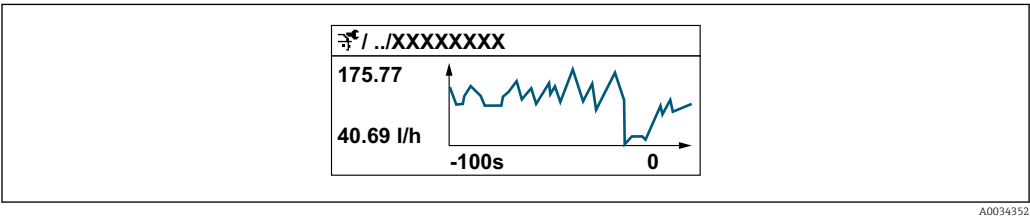
11.7 Showing data logging

The **Extended HistoROM** application package must be enabled in the device (order option) for the **Data logging** submenu to appear. This contains all the parameters for the measured value history.

-  Data logging is also available via:
 - Plant Asset Management Tool FieldCare →  75.
 - Web browser

Function range

- A total of 1000 measured values can be stored
- 4 logging channels
- Adjustable logging interval for data logging
- Display of the measured value trend for each logging channel in the form of a chart



- x-axis: depending on the number of channels selected displays 250 to 1000 measured values of a process variable.
- y-axis: displays the approximate measured value span and constantly adapts this to the ongoing measurement.

 If the length of the logging interval or the assignment of the process variables to the channels is changed, the content of the data logging is deleted.

Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Data logging

► Data logging		
Assign channel 1		→  109
Assign channel 2		→  109
Assign channel 3		→  109
Assign channel 4		→  110
Logging interval		→  110
Clear logging data		→  110
► Display channel 1		
► Display channel 2		
► Display channel 3		
► Display channel 4		

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign channel 1	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.		■ Off ■ Volume flow ■ Mass flow ■ Flow velocity ■ Conductivity* ■ Electronic temperature	Off
Assign channel 2	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see Assign channel 1 parameter (→  109)	Off
Assign channel 3	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see Assign channel 1 parameter (→  109)	Off

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign channel 4	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see Assign channel 1 parameter (→  109)	Off
Logging interval	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.	Define the logging interval for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory.	1.0 to 3 600.0 s	10.0 s
Clear logging data	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.	Clear the entire logging data.	■ Cancel ■ Clear data	Cancel

* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

12.1 General troubleshooting

For local display

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage does not match the value indicated on the nameplate.	Apply the correct supply voltage → 46 → 46.
Local display dark and no output signals	No contact between connecting cables and terminals.	Check the connection of the cables and correct if necessary.
Local display dark and no output signals	Terminals are not plugged into the main electronics module correctly.	Check terminals.
Local display dark and no output signals	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 141.
Local display dark and no output signals	The connector between the main electronics module and display module is not plugged in correctly.	Check the connection and correct if necessary.
Local display dark and no output signals	The connecting cable is not plugged in correctly.	1. Check the connection of the electrode cable and correct if necessary. 2. Check the connection of the coil current cable and correct if necessary.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display is set too bright or too dark.	- Set the display brighter by simultaneously pressing $\oplus$ + $\boxtimes$. - Set the display darker by simultaneously pressing $\ominus$ + $\boxtimes$.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display module is defective.	Order spare part → 141.
Backlighting of local display is red	Diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.	Take remedial measures
Text on local display appears in a foreign language and cannot be understood.	Incorrect operating language is configured.	1. Press $\ominus$ + $\oplus$ for 2 s ("home position"). 2. Press $\boxtimes$. 3. Set the desired language in the Display language parameter (→ 99).
Message on local display: "Communication Error" "Check Electronics"	Communication between the display module and the electronics is interrupted.	- Check the cable and the connector between the main electronics module and display module. - Order spare part → 141.

For output signals

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Signal output outside the valid range	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 141.
Device shows correct value on local display, but signal output is incorrect, though in the valid range.	Configuration error	Check and correct the parameter configuration.
Device measures incorrectly.	Configuration error or device is operated outside the application.	1. Check and correct parameter configuration. 2. Observe limit values specified in the "Technical Data".

For access

Error	Possible causes	Solution
No write access to parameters	Hardware write protection enabled	Set the write protection switch on main electronics module to the OFF position → 103.
No write access to parameters	Current user role has limited access authorization	1. Check user role → 65. 2. Enter correct customer-specific access code → 65.
No connection via PROFIBUS DP	PROFIBUS DP bus cable connected incorrectly	Check terminal assignment .
No connection via PROFIBUS DP	PROFIBUS DP cable incorrectly terminated	Check terminating resistor → 50.
Not connecting to Web server	Web server disabled	Using the "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool, check whether the Web server of the measuring device is enabled, and enable it if necessary → 72.
	Incorrect setting for the Ethernet interface of the computer	1. Check the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) → 68. 2. Check the network settings with the IT manager.
Not connecting to Web server	Incorrect IP address	Check the IP address: 192.168.1.212 → 68
Web browser frozen and operation no longer possible	Data transfer active	Wait until data transfer or current action is finished.
	Connection lost	1. Check cable connection and power supply. 2. Refresh the Web browser and restart if necessary.
Content of Web browser incomplete or difficult to read	Not using optimum version of Web server.	1. Use the correct Web browser version . 2. Clear the Web browser cache and restart the Web browser.
	Unsuitable view settings.	Change the font size/display ratio of the Web browser.
No or incomplete display of contents in the Web browser	■ JavaScript not enabled ■ JavaScript cannot be enabled	1. Enable JavaScript. 2. Enter http://192.168.1.212/basic.html as the IP address.
Operation with FieldCare or DeviceCare via CDI-RJ45 service interface (port 8000)	Firewall of computer or network is preventing communication	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the computer or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.
Flashing of firmware with FieldCare or DeviceCare via CDI-RJ45 service interface (via port 8000 or TFTP ports)	Firewall of computer or network is preventing communication	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the computer or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.

12.2 Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes

12.2.1 Transmitter

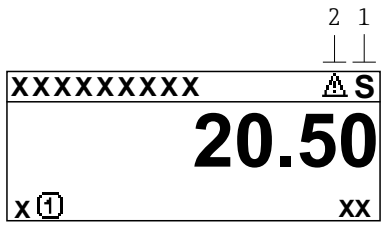
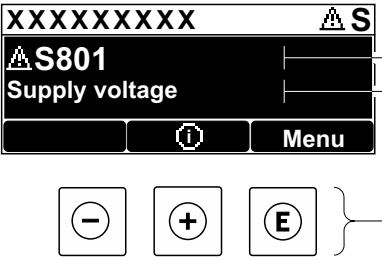
Different LEDs in the transmitter provide information on the device status.

LED	Color	Meaning
Supply voltage	Off	Supply voltage is off or too low
	Green	Supply voltage is ok
Alarm	Off	Device status is ok
	Flashing red	A device error of diagnostic behavior "Warning" has occurred
	Red	■ A device error of diagnostic behavior "Alarm" has occurred ■ Boot loader is active
Communication	Flashing white	PROFIBUS DP communication is active
Alarm	Green	Measuring device is ok
	Flashing green	Measuring device not configured
	Off	Firmware error
	Red	Main error
	Flashing red	Error
	Flashing red/green	Start measuring device

12.3 Diagnostic information on local display

12.3.1 Diagnostic message

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the operational display.

Operational display in alarm condition	Diagnostic message
	
1 Status signal 2 Diagnostic behavior 3 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code 4 Short text 5 Operating elements	

If two or more diagnostic events are pending simultaneously, only the message of the diagnostic event with the highest priority is shown.

-  Other diagnostic events that have occurred can be displayed in the **Diagnostics** menu:
- Via parameter
 - Via submenus →  135

Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

-  The status signals are categorized according to VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M = Maintenance Required

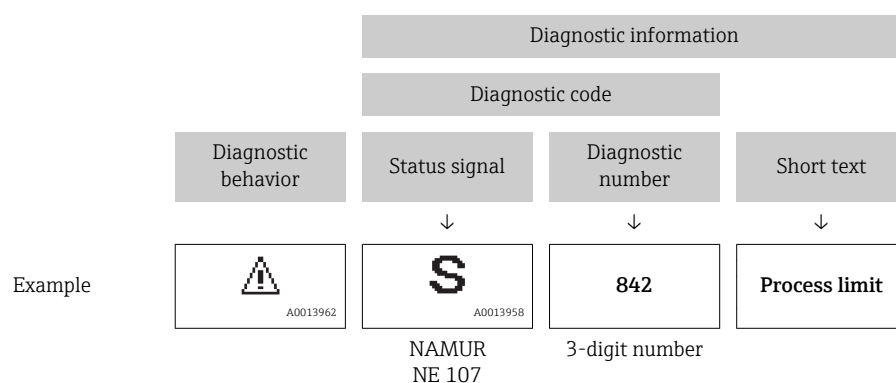
Symbol	Meaning
F	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
C	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	Out of specification The device is operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
M	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
	Alarm ■ Measurement is interrupted. ■ Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. ■ A diagnostic message is generated. ■ The background lighting changes to red.
	Warning Measurement is resumed. The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.

Diagnostic information

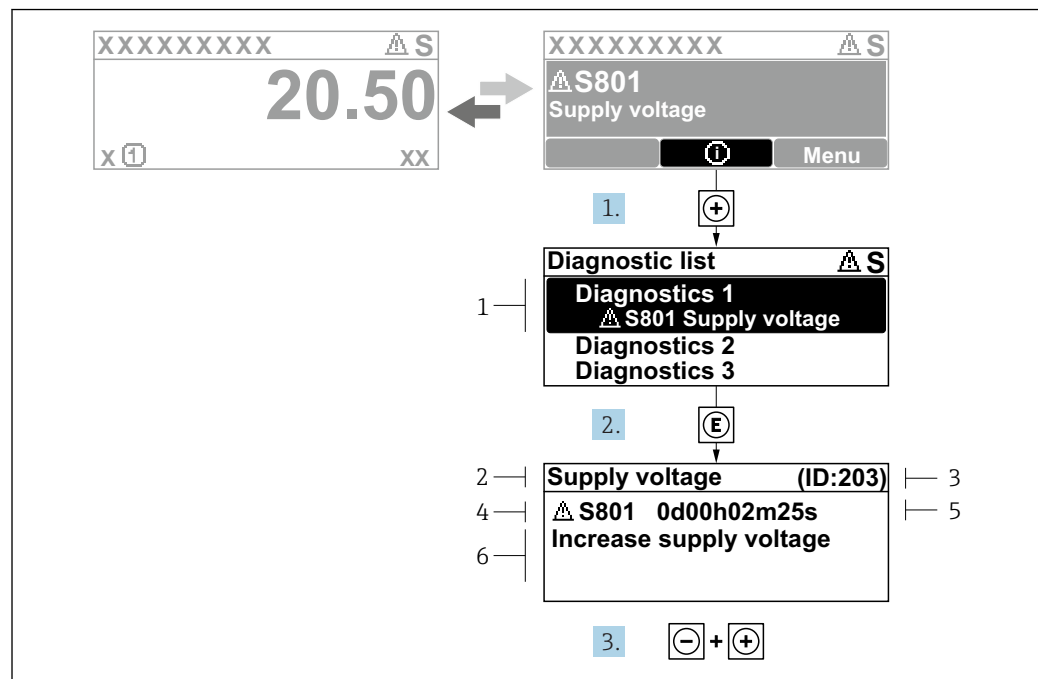
The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



Operating elements

Key	Meaning
	Plus key <i>In a menu, submenu</i> Opens the message about remedy information.
	Enter key <i>In a menu, submenu</i> Opens the operating menu.

12.3.2 Calling up remedial measures



A0029431-EN

32 Message about remedial measures

- 1 Diagnostic information
- 2 Short text
- 3 Service ID
- 4 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 5 Operation time of occurrence
- 6 Remedial measures

1. The user is in the diagnostic message.
Press $\oplus$ (ⓘ symbol).
↳ The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
2. Select the desired diagnostic event with $\oplus$ or $\ominus$ and press E .
↳ The message about the remedial measures opens.
3. Press $\ominus + \oplus$ simultaneously.
↳ The message about the remedial measures closes.

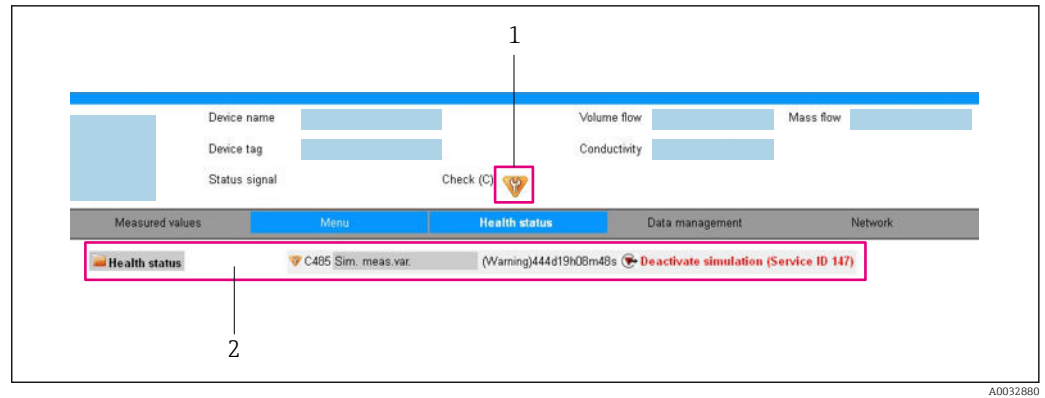
The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu at an entry for a diagnostics event, e.g. in the **Diagnostic list** submenu or **Previous diagnostics** parameter.

1. Press E .
↳ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
2. Press $\ominus + \oplus$ simultaneously.
↳ The message for the remedial measures closes.

12.4 Diagnostic information in the Web browser

12.4.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed in the Web browser on the home page once the user has logged on.



- 1 Status area with status signal
 2 Diagnostic information → 115 and remedial measures with Service ID

i In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:

- Via parameter
- Via submenu → 135

Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

Symbol	Meaning
	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
	Out of specification The device is operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid.

i The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

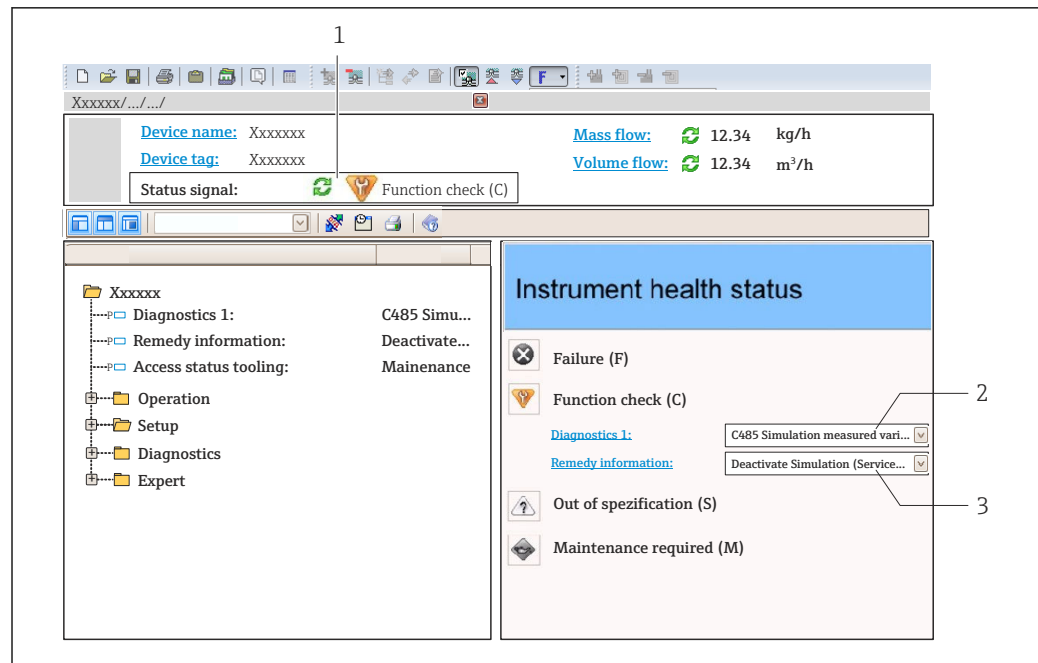
12.4.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly. These measures are displayed in red along with the diagnostic event and the related diagnostic information.

12.5 Diagnostic information in DeviceCare or FieldCare

12.5.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.



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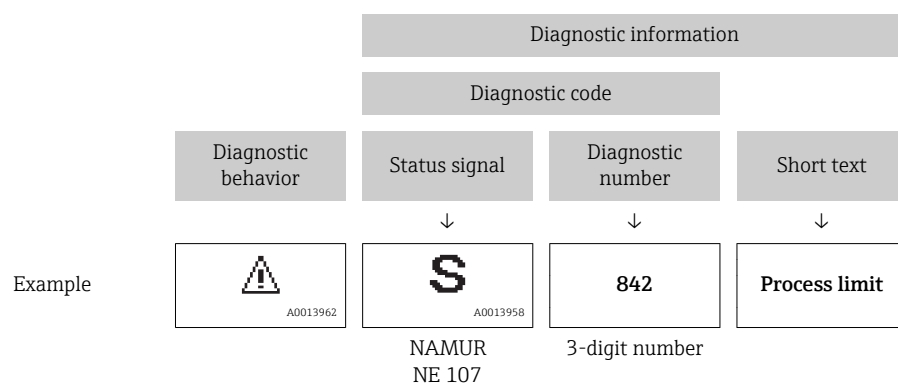
- 1 Status area with status signal→  114
- 2 Diagnostic information→  115
- 3 Remedy information with Service ID

 In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:

- Via parameter
- Via submenu →  135

Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



12.5.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:

- On the home page
Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.
- In the **Diagnostics** menu
Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

1. Call up the desired parameter.
2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.
 - ↳ A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

12.6 Adapting the diagnostic information

12.6.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic behavior** submenu.

Expert → System → Diagnostic handling → Diagnostic behavior

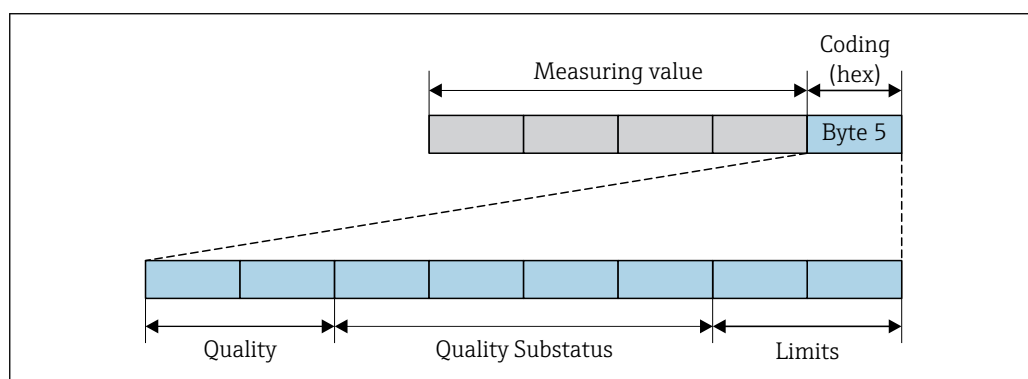
Available diagnostic behaviors

The following diagnostic behaviors can be assigned:

Diagnostic behavior	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	The device continues to measure. The measured value output via PROFIBUS and the totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is displayed only in the Event logbook submenu (Event list submenu) and not in alternation with the operational display.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

Displaying the measured value status

If the Analog Input, Digital Input and Totalizer function blocks are configured for cyclic data transmission, the device status is coded as per PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02 Specification and transmitted along with the measured value to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the coding byte (byte 5). The coding byte is split into three segments: Quality, Quality Substatus and Limits.



33 Structure of the coding byte

A0032228-EN

The content of the coding byte depends on the configured failsafe mode in the particular function block. Depending on which failsafe mode has been configured, status information in accordance with PROFIBUS PA Profile Specification 3.02 is transmitted to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the coding byte.

Determining the measured value status and device status via the diagnostic behavior

When the diagnostic behavior is assigned, this also changes the measured value status and device status for the diagnostic information. The measured value status and device status depend on the choice of diagnostic behavior and on the group in which the diagnostic information is located. The measured value status and device status are firmly assigned to the particular diagnostic behavior and cannot be changed individually.

The diagnostic information is grouped as follows:

- Diagnostic information pertaining to the sensor: diagnostic number 000 to 199
→ 120
- Diagnostic information pertaining to the electronics: diagnostic number 200 to 399
→ 120
- Diagnostic information pertaining to the configuration: diagnostic number 400 to 599
→ 120
- Diagnostic information pertaining to the process: diagnostic number 800 to 999
→ 121

Depending on the group in which the diagnostic information is located, the following measured value status and device status are firmly assigned to the particular diagnostic behavior:

Diagnostic information pertaining to the sensor: diagnostic number 000 to 199

Diagnostic behavior (configurable)	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Device diagnosis (fixed assignment)
	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	
Alarm	BAD	Maintenance alarm	0x24 to 0x27	F (Failure)	Maintenance alarm
Warning	GOOD	Maintenance demanded	0xA8 to 0xAB	M (Maintenance)	Maintenance demanded
Logbook entry only	GOOD	ok	0x80 to 0x8E	–	–
Off					

Diagnostic information pertaining to the electronics: diagnostic number 200 to 399

Diagnostic behavior (configurable)	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Device diagnosis (fixed assignment)
	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	
Alarm	BAD	Maintenance alarm	0x24 to 0x27	F (Failure)	Maintenance alarm
Warning					
Logbook entry only	GOOD	ok	0x80 to 0x8E	–	–
Off					

Diagnostic information pertaining to the configuration: diagnostic number 400 to 599

Diagnostic behavior (configurable)	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Device diagnosis (fixed assignment)
	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	
Alarm	BAD	Process related	0x28 to 0x2B	F (Failure)	Invalid process condition
Warning	UNCERTAIN	Process related	0x78 to 0x7B	S (Out of specification)	Invalid process condition

Diagnostic behavior (configurable)	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Device diagnosis (fixed assignment)
	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	
Logbook entry only	GOOD	ok	0x80 to 0x8E	–	–
Off					

Diagnostic information pertaining to the process: diagnostic number 800 to 999

Diagnostic behavior (configurable)	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Device diagnosis (fixed assignment)
	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	
Alarm	BAD	Process related	0x28 to 0x2B	F (Failure)	Invalid process condition
Warning	UNCERTAIN	Process related	0x78 to 0x7B	S (Out of specification)	Invalid process condition
Logbook entry only	GOOD	ok	0x80 to 0x8E	–	–
Off					

12.7 Overview of diagnostic information

 The amount of diagnostic information and the number of measured variables affected increase if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

 In the case of some items of diagnostic information, the diagnostic behavior can be changed. Change the diagnostic information →  119

12.7.1 Diagnostic of sensor

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
004	Sensor	1. Change sensor 2. Contact service	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
022	Sensor temperature	1. Change main electronic module 2. Change sensor	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
043	Sensor short circuit	1. Check sensor and cable 2. Change sensor or cable	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
062	Sensor connection	1. Check sensor connections 2. Contact service	- Density - Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
082	Data storage	1. Check module connections 2. Contact service	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
083	Memory content	1. Restart device 2. Contact service	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
190	Special event 1		Contact service	▪ Density ▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

12.7.2 Diagnostic of electronic

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
201	Device failure		1. Restart device 2. Contact service	■ Density ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
222	Electronic drift		Change main electronic module	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
242	Software incompatible		1. Check software 2. Flash or change main electronics module	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
252	Modules incompatible	1. Check electronic modules 2. Change electronic modules	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status [from the factory] ¹⁾		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
262	Module connection	1. Check module connections 2. Change main electronics	- Density - Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
270	Main electronic failure	Change main electronic module	- Density - Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
271	Main electronic failure	1. Restart device 2. Change main electronic module	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
272	Main electronic failure		1. Restart device 2. Contact service	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
273	Main electronic failure		Change electronic	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
281	Electronic initialization		Firmware update active, please wait!	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
283	Memory content		1. Reset device 2. Contact service	▪ Density ▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
302	Device verification active	Device verification active, please wait.	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status [from the factory] ¹⁾		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
311	Electronic failure	1. Reset device 2. Contact service	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
311	Electronic failure	1. Do not reset device 2. Contact service	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
322	Electronic drift	1. Perform verification manually 2. Change electronic	■ Density ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
382	Data storage		1. Insert DAT module 2. Change DAT module	■ Density ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
383	Memory content		1. Restart device 2. Check or change DAT module 3. Contact service	■ Density ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
390	Special event 2		Contact service	■ Density ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

12.7.3 Diagnostic of configuration

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
410	Data transfer		1. Check connection 2. Retry data transfer	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
411	Up-/download active	Up-/download active, please wait	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
411	Up-/download active	Up-/download active, please wait	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
437	Configuration incompatible	- Restart device - Contact service	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
438	Dataset	- Check data set file - Check device configuration - Up- and download new configuration	- Empty pipe detection - Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
453	Flow override		Deactivate flow override	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0xBC to 0xBF		
	Status signal	C		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
482	Block in OOS		Set Block in AUTO mode	–
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
484	Simulation failure mode		Deactivate simulation	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0x3C to 0x3F		
	Status signal	C		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
485	Simulation measured variable		Deactivate simulation	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0xBC to 0xBF		
	Status signal	C		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
495	Simulation diagnostic event	Deactivate simulation	–
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
497	Simulation block output	Deactivate simulation	–
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
500	Electrode 1 potential exceeded	1. Check process cond. 2. Increase system pressure	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text		
500	Electrode difference voltage too high	1. Check process cond. 2. Increase system pressure	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status		
	Quality		
	Quality substatus		
	Coding (hex)		
	Status signal		
	Diagnostic behavior		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
530	Electrode cleaning is running		1. Check process cond. 2. Increase system pressure	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0xBC to 0xBF		
	Status signal	C		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
531	Empty pipe detection		Execute EPD adjustment	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status [from the factory] ¹⁾			
	Quality	Uncertain		
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
537	Configuration		1. Check IP addresses in network 2. Change IP address	–
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
590	Special event 3		Contact service	■ Density ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

12.7.4 Diagnostic of process

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
832	Electronic temperature too high		Reduce ambient temperature	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status [from the factory] ¹⁾			
	Quality	Uncertain		
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
833	Electronic temperature too low		Increase ambient temperature	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status [from the factory] ¹⁾			
	Quality	Uncertain		
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
842	Process limit		Low flow cut off active! 1. Check low flow cut off configuration	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
862	Empty pipe		1. Check for gas in process 2. Adjust empty pipe detection	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status [from the factory] ¹⁾			
	Quality	Uncertain		
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
882	Input signal		1. Check input configuration 2. Check external device or process conditions	■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
937	EMC interference		Change main electronic module	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status [from the factory] ¹⁾			
	Quality	Uncertain		
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
938	EMC interference		1. Check ambient conditions regarding EMC influence 2. Change main electronic module	▪ Empty pipe detection ▪ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x28 to 0x2B		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	Short text			
990	Special event 4		Contact service	■ Density ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

12.8 Pending diagnostic events

The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

 To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display →  116
- Via Web browser →  117
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool →  118
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool →  118

 Other pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu
→  135

Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu

 Diagnostics		
Actual diagnostics		→  134
Previous diagnostics		→  134
Operating time from restart		→  135
Operating time		→  135

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	A diagnostic event has occurred.	Shows the current occurred diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.  If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
Previous diagnostics	Two diagnostic events have already occurred.	Shows the diagnostic event that occurred prior to the current diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.

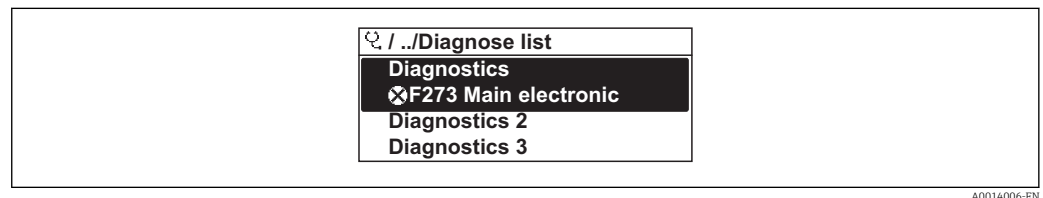
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Operating time from restart	–	Shows the time the device has been in operation since the last device restart.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Operating time	–	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)

12.9 Diagnostic list

Up to 5 currently pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu along with the associated diagnostic information. If more than 5 diagnostic events are pending, the events with the highest priority are shown on the display.

Navigation path

Diagnostics → Diagnostic list



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34 Taking the example of the local display

 To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display →  116
- Via Web browser →  117
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool →  118
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool →  118

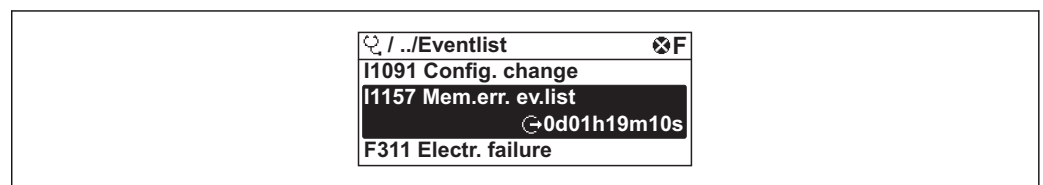
12.10 Event logbook

12.10.1 Reading out the event logbook

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the **Events list** submenu.

Navigation path

Diagnostics menu → **Event logbook** submenu → Event list



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35 Taking the example of the local display

- A maximum of 20 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.
- If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled in the device, the event list can contain up to 100 entries.

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events →  121
- Information events →  136

In addition to the operation time of its occurrence, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is ended:

- Diagnostic event
 - ☹: Occurrence of the event
 - ☺: End of the event
- Information event
 - ☹: Occurrence of the event

 To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display →  116
- Via Web browser →  117
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool →  118
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool →  118

 For filtering the displayed event messages →  136

12.10.2 Filtering the event logbook

Using the **Filter options** parameter you can define which category of event message is displayed in the **Events list** submenu.

Navigation path

Diagnostics → Event logbook → Filter options

Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information (I)

12.10.3 Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name
I1000	----- (Device ok)
I1089	Power on
I1090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed
I1092	Trend data deleted
I1110	Write protection switch changed
I1137	Electronic changed
I1151	History reset
I1155	Reset electronic temperature
I1156	Memory error trend
I1157	Memory error event list
I1185	Display backup done
I1186	Restore via display done
I1187	Settings downloaded with display
I1188	Display data cleared
I1189	Backup compared

Info number	Info name
I1256	Display: access status changed
I1264	Safety sequence aborted
I1335	Firmware changed
I1351	Empty pipe detection adjustment failure
I1353	Empty pipe detection adjustment ok
I1361	Wrong web server login
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1443	Coating thickness not determined
I1444	Device verification passed
I1445	Device verification failed
I1446	Device verification active
I1457	Failed:Measured error verification
I1459	Failed: I/O module verification
I1461	Failed: Sensor verification
I1462	Failed:Sensor electronic module verific.

12.11 Resetting the measuring device

Using the **Device reset** parameter (→  101) it is possible to reset the entire device configuration or some of the configuration to a defined state.

12.11.1 Function scope of the "Device reset" parameter

Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
To delivery settings	Every parameter for which a customer-specific default setting was ordered is reset to this customer-specific value. All other parameters are reset to the factory setting.
Restart device	The restart resets every parameter whose data are in the volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.

12.12 Device information

The **Device information** submenu contains all parameters that display different information for device identification.

Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Device information

► Device information	
Device tag	→  138
Serial number	→  138

Firmware version	→  138
Device name	→  138
Order code	→  138
Extended order code 1	→  138
Extended order code 2	→  139
Extended order code 3	→  139
ENP version	→  139
PROFIBUS ident number	→  139
Status PROFIBUS Master Config	→  139
IP address	→  139
Subnet mask	→  139
Default gateway	→  139

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Device tag	Shows name of measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Promag 400 DP
Serial number	Shows the serial number of the measuring device.	A maximum of 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.	–
Firmware version	Shows the device firmware version installed.	Character string in the format xx.yy.zz	–
Device name	Shows the name of the transmitter.  The name can be found on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Max. 32 characters such as letters or numbers.	Promag 400 DP
Order code	Shows the device order code.  The order code can be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Order code" field.	Character string composed of letters, numbers and certain punctuation marks (e.g. /).	–
Extended order code 1	Shows the 1st part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	–

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Extended order code 2	Shows the 2nd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	–
Extended order code 3	Shows the 3rd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	–
ENP version	Shows the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string	2.02.00
PROFIBUS ident number	Displays the PROFIBUS identification number.	0 to FFFF	0x1562
Status PROFIBUS Master Config	Displays the status of the PROFIBUS Master configuration.	■ Active ■ Not active	Not active
IP address	Displays the IP address of the Web server of the measuring device.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	192.168.1.212
Subnet mask	Displays the subnet mask.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	Displays the default gateway.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	0.0.0.0

12.13 Firmware history

Release date	Firmware version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware Changes	Documentation type	Documentation
05.2014	01.00.00	Option 78	Original firmware	Operating Instructions	BA01233D/06/EN/01.14

 It is possible to flash the firmware to the current version or the previous version using the service interface.

 For the compatibility of the firmware version with the previous version, the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.

 The manufacturer's information is available:

- In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com → Downloads
- Specify the following details:
 - Text search: Manufacturer's information
 - Media type: Documentation – Technical Documentation

13 Maintenance

13.1 Maintenance tasks

No special maintenance work is required.

13.1.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

WARNING

Cleaning agents can damage the plastic transmitter housing!

- ▶ Do not use high-pressure steam.
- ▶ Only use the permitted cleaning agents specified.

Permitted cleaning agents for the plastic transmitter housing

- Commercially available household cleaners
- Methyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol
- Mild soap solutions

13.1.2 Interior cleaning

No interior cleaning is planned for the device.

13.1.3 Replacing seals

The sensor's seals (particularly aseptic molded seals) must be replaced periodically.

The interval between changes depends on the frequency of the cleaning cycles, the cleaning temperature and the medium temperature.

Replacement seals (accessory part) →  173

13.2 Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of measuring and test equipment, such as W@M or device tests.

 Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

List of some of the measuring and testing equipment: →  143

13.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

 Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

14 Repairs

14.1 General notes

14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The measuring devices have a modular design.
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated Installation Instructions.
- Repairs are carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers.
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified devices by Endress+Hauser Service or at the factory.

14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion

For repair and modification of a measuring device, observe the following notes:

- ▶ Use only original Endress+Hauser spare parts.
- ▶ Carry out the repair according to the Installation Instructions.
- ▶ Observe the applicable standards, federal/national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates.
- ▶ Document every repair and each conversion and enter them into the *W@M* life cycle management database.

14.2 Spare parts

W@M Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer):

All the spare parts for the measuring device, along with the order code, are listed here and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.



Measuring device serial number:

- Is located on the nameplate of the device.
- Can be read out via the **Serial number** parameter (→  138) in the **Device information** submenu.

14.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.



Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

14.4 Return

The measuring device must be returned if it is in need of repair or a factory calibration, or if the wrong measuring device has been delivered or ordered. Legal specifications require Endress+Hauser, as an ISO-certified company, to follow certain procedures when handling products that are in contact with the medium.

To ensure safe, swift and professional device returns, please refer to the procedure and conditions for returning devices provided on the Endress+Hauser website at

<http://www.endress.com/support/return-material>

14.5 Disposal

14.5.1 Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

WARNING

Danger to persons from process conditions.

- ▶ Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive fluids.

2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device

WARNING

Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.

- ▶ Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:

- ▶ Observe valid federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

15 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

15.1 Device-specific accessories

15.1.1 For the transmitter

Accessories	Description
Display protection	Is used to protect the display against impact or scoring from sand in desert areas.  For details, see Special Documentation SD00333F
Connecting cable for remote version	Coil current and electrode cables, various lengths, reinforced cables available on request.
Ground cable	Set, consisting of two ground cables for potential equalization.
Post mounting kit	Post mounting kit for transmitter.
Compact → Remote conversion kit	For converting a compact device version to a remote device version.
Conversion kit Promag 50/53 → Promag 400	For converting a Promag with transmitter 50/53 to a Promag 400.

15.1.2 For the sensor

Accessories	Description
Ground disks	Are used to ground the medium in lined measuring tubes to ensure proper measurement.  For details, see Installation Instructions EA00070D

15.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop.  For details, see the "Technical Information" document TI405C/07

15.3 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: - Choice of measuring devices for industrial requirements - Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and accuracy. - Graphic illustration of the calculation results - Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project. Applicator is available: - Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator - As a downloadable DVD for local PC installation.
W@M	W@M Life Cycle Management Improved productivity with information at your fingertips. Data relevant to a plant and its components is generated from the first stages of planning and during the asset's complete life cycle. W@M Life Cycle Management is an open and flexible information platform with online and on-site tools. Instant access for your staff to current, in-depth data shortens your plant's engineering time, speeds up procurement processes and increases plant uptime. Combined with the right services, W@M Life Cycle Management boosts productivity in every phase. For more information, visit www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.  For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
DeviceCare	Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.  For details, see Innovation brochure IN01047S

15.4 System components

Accessories	Description
Memograph M graphic data manager	The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick.  For details, see "Technical Information" TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R

16 Technical data

16.1 Application

The measuring device is only suitable for flow measurement of liquids with a minimum conductivity of 5 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

16.2 Function and system design

Measuring principle	Electromagnetic flow measurement on the basis of <i>Faraday's law of magnetic induction</i> .
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Measuring system	The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor. Two device versions are available: ■ Compact version – transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit. ■ Remote version - transmitter and sensor are mounted in separate locations. For information on the structure of the device
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16.3 Input

Measured variable	Direct measured variables ■ Volume flow (proportional to induced voltage) ■ Electrical conductivity
-------------------	--

Calculated measured variables

Mass flow

Measuring range	Typically $v = 0.01$ to 10 m/s (0.03 to 33 ft/s) with the specified accuracy Electrical conductivity: $\geq 5 \text{ }\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ for liquids in general
-----------------	--

Flow characteristic values in SI units

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow min./max. full scale value ($v \sim 0.3/10 \text{ m/s}$)	Factory settings		
[mm]	[in]		Full scale value current output ($v \sim 2.5 \text{ m/s}$)	Pulse value ($\sim 2 \text{ pulse/s}$)	Low flow cut off ($v \sim 0.04 \text{ m/s}$)
		[m^3/h]	[m^3/h]	[m^3]	[m^3/h]
25	1	9 to 300 dm^3/min	75 dm^3/min	0.5 dm^3	1 dm^3/min
32	–	15 to 500 dm^3/min	125 dm^3/min	1.0 dm^3	2 dm^3/min
40	1 ½	25 to 700 dm^3/min	200 dm^3/min	1.5 dm^3	3 dm^3/min
50	2	35 to 1100 dm^3/min	300 dm^3/min	2.5 dm^3	5 dm^3/min
65	–	60 to 2000 dm^3/min	500 dm^3/min	5 dm^3	8 dm^3/min

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Factory settings		
			Full scale value current output (v ~ 2.5 m/s)	Pulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)	Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)
[mm]	[in]	[m³/h]	[m³/h]	[m³]	[m³/h]
80	3	90 to 3 000 dm³/min	750 dm³/min	5 dm³	12 dm³/min
100	4	145 to 4 700 dm³/min	1 200 dm³/min	10 dm³	20 dm³/min
125	–	220 to 7 500 dm³/min	1 850 dm³/min	15 dm³	30 dm³/min
150	6	20 to 600	150	0.025	2.5
200	8	35 to 1 100	300	0.05	5
250	10	55 to 1 700	500	0.05	7.5
300	12	80 to 2 400	750	0.1	10
350	14	110 to 3 300	1 000	0.1	15
375	15	140 to 4 200	1 200	0.15	20
400	16	140 to 4 200	1 200	0.15	20
450	18	180 to 5 400	1 500	0.25	25
500	20	220 to 6 600	2 000	0.25	30
600	24	310 to 9 600	2 500	0.3	40
700	28	420 to 13 500	3 500	0.5	50
750	30	480 to 15 000	4 000	0.5	60
800	32	550 to 18 000	4 500	0.75	75
900	36	690 to 22 500	6 000	0.75	100
1 000	40	850 to 28 000	7 000	1	125
–	42	950 to 30 000	8 000	1	125
1 200	48	1 250 to 40 000	10 000	1.5	150
–	54	1 550 to 50 000	13 000	1.5	200
1 400	–	1 700 to 55 000	14 000	2	225
–	60	1 950 to 60 000	16 000	2	250
1 600	–	2 200 to 70 000	18 000	2.5	300
–	66	2 500 to 80 000	20 500	2.5	325
1 800	72	2 850 to 90 000	23 000	3	350
–	78	3 300 to 100 000	28 500	3.5	450
2 000	–	3 400 to 110 000	28 500	3.5	450
–	84	3 700 to 125 000	31 000	4.5	500
2 200	–	4 100 to 136 000	34 000	4.5	540
–	90	4 300 to 143 000	36 000	5	570
2 400	–	4 800 to 162 000	40 000	5.5	650

Flow characteristic values in US units

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Factory settings		
			Full scale value current output (v ~ 2.5 m/s)	Pulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)	Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)
[in]	[mm]	[gal/min]	[gal/min]	[gal]	[gal/min]
1	25	2.5 to 80	18	0.2	0.25
1 ½	40	7 to 190	50	0.5	0.75
2	50	10 to 300	75	0.5	1.25
–	65	16 to 500	130	1	2
3	80	24 to 800	200	2	2.5
4	100	40 to 1250	300	2	4
8	200	155 to 4850	1200	10	15
10	250	250 to 7500	1500	15	30
12	300	350 to 10600	2400	25	45
14	350	500 to 15000	3600	30	60
15	375	600 to 19000	4800	50	60
16	400	600 to 19000	4800	50	60
18	450	800 to 24000	6000	50	90
20	500	1000 to 30000	7500	75	120
24	600	1400 to 44000	10500	100	180
28	700	1900 to 60000	13500	125	210
30	750	2150 to 67000	16500	150	270
32	800	2450 to 80000	19500	200	300
36	900	3100 to 100000	24000	225	360
40	1000	3800 to 125000	30000	250	480
42	–	4200 to 135000	33000	250	600
48	1200	5500 to 175000	42000	400	600
54	–	9 to 300 Mgal/d	75 Mgal/d	0.0005 Mgal/d	1.3 Mgal/d
–	1400	10 to 340 Mgal/d	85 Mgal/d	0.0005 Mgal/d	1.3 Mgal/d
60	–	12 to 380 Mgal/d	95 Mgal/d	0.0005 Mgal/d	1.3 Mgal/d
–	1600	13 to 450 Mgal/d	110 Mgal/d	0.0008 Mgal/d	1.7 Mgal/d
66	–	14 to 500 Mgal/d	120 Mgal/d	0.0008 Mgal/d	2.2 Mgal/d
72	1800	16 to 570 Mgal/d	140 Mgal/d	0.0008 Mgal/d	2.6 Mgal/d
78	–	18 to 650 Mgal/d	175 Mgal/d	0.0010 Mgal/d	3.0 Mgal/d
–	2000	20 to 700 Mgal/d	175 Mgal/d	0.0010 Mgal/d	2.9 Mgal/d
84	–	24 to 800 Mgal/d	190 Mgal/d	0.0011 Mgal/d	3.2 Mgal/d
–	2200	26 to 870 Mgal/d	210 Mgal/d	0.0012 Mgal/d	3.4 Mgal/d
90	–	27 to 910 Mgal/d	220 Mgal/d	0.0013 Mgal/d	3.6 Mgal/d
–	2400	31 to 1030 Mgal/d	245 Mgal/d	0.0014 Mgal/d	4.1 Mgal/d

Recommended measuring range

"Flow limit" section → 154

Operable flow range

Over 1000 : 1

Input signal

External measured values

 Various pressure transmitters and temperature measuring devices can be ordered from Endress+Hauser: see "Accessories" section →  144

It is recommended to read in external measured values to calculate the following measured variables:
Corrected volume flow

Digital communication

The measured values are written from the automation system to the measuring device via PROFIBUS DP.

16.4 Output

Output signal	PROFIBUS DP				
	<table><tr><td>Signal encoding</td><td>NRZ code</td></tr><tr><td>Data transfer</td><td>9.6 kBaud...12 MBaud</td></tr></table>	Signal encoding	NRZ code	Data transfer	9.6 kBaud...12 MBaud
Signal encoding	NRZ code				
Data transfer	9.6 kBaud...12 MBaud				

Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

PROFIBUS DP

Status and alarm messages	Diagnostics in accordance with PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02
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Local display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
Backlight	Red backlighting indicates a device error.

 Status signal as per NAMUR recommendation NE 107

- Interface/protocol
- Via digital communication:
PROFIBUS DP
 - Via service interface
 - CDI-RJ45 service interface
 - WLAN interface

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
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Web server

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
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Light emitting diodes (LED)

Status information	Status indicated by various light emitting diodes The following information is displayed depending on the device version: ■ Supply voltage active ■ Data transmission active ■ Device alarm/error has occurred  Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes
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Low flow cut off The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

Galvanic isolation The following connections are galvanically isolated from each other:

- Outputs
- Power supply

Protocol-specific data**PROFIBUS DP**

Manufacturer ID	0x11
Ident number	0x1562
Profile version	3.02
Device description files (GSD, DTM, DD)	Information and files under: ■ www.endress.com ■ www.profibus.org
Output values (from measuring device to automation system)	Analog input 1 to 4 ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Flow velocity ■ Conductivity ■ Electronic temperature Digital input 1 to 2 ■ Empty pipe detection ■ Low flow cut off ■ Verification status Totalizer 1 to 3 ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow
Input values (from automation system to measuring device)	Analog output 1 (fixed assignment) External density Digital output 1 to 2 (fixed assignment) ■ Digital output 1: switch positive zero return on/off ■ Digital output 2: start verification Totalizer 1 to 3 ■ Totalize ■ Reset and hold ■ Preset and hold ■ Stop ■ Operating mode configuration: – Net flow total – Forward flow total – Reverse flow total

Supported functions	■ Identification & Maintenance Simplest device identification on the part of the control system and nameplate ■ PROFIBUS upload/download Reading and writing parameters is up to ten times faster with PROFIBUS upload/download ■ Condensed status Simplest and self-explanatory diagnostic information by categorizing diagnostic messages that occur
Configuration of the device address	■ DIP switches on the I/O electronics module ■ Via operating tools (e.g. FieldCare)

16.5 Power supply

Terminal assignment → 40

Supply voltage Transmitter

Order code for "Power supply"	terminal voltage		Frequency range
Option L	DC 24 V	±25%	–
	AC 24 V	±25%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz
	AC 100 to 240 V	–15 to +10%	50/60 Hz, ±4 Hz

Power consumption	Order code for "Output"	Maximum power consumption
	Option L: PROFIBUS DP	30 VA/8 W

Current consumption Transmitter

Order code for "Power supply"	Maximum Current consumption	Maximum switch-on current
Option L: AC 100 to 240 V	145 mA	25 A (< 5 ms)
Option L: AC/DC 24 V	350 mA	27 A (< 5 ms)

Power supply failure

- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Configuration is retained in the plug-in memory (HistoROM DAT).
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

Electrical connection → 44

Potential equalization → 47

terminals Transmitter

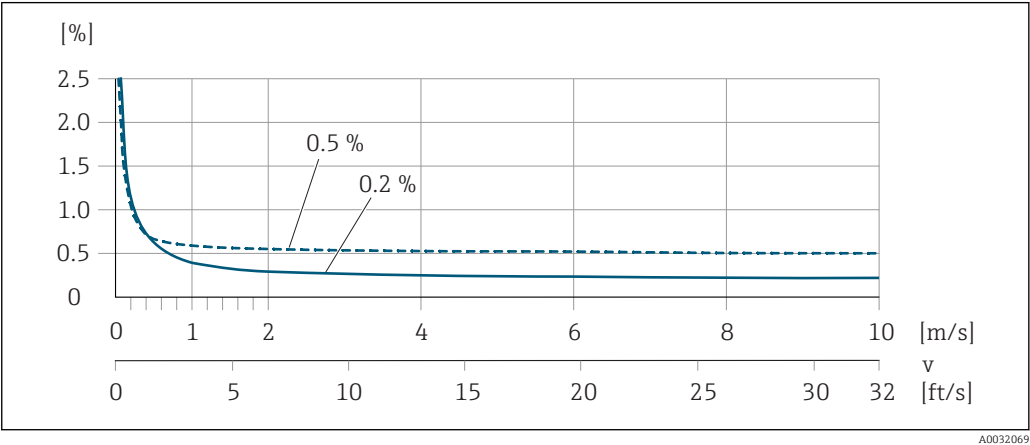
- Supply voltage cable: plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)
- Signal cable: plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)
- Electrode cable: spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)
- Coil current cable: spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)

Sensor connection housing
Spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)

Cable entries	Cable entry thread ■ M20 x 1.5 ■ Via adapter: – NPT ½" – G ½" Cable gland ■ For standard cable: M20 x 1.5 with cable Ø6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in) ■ For reinforced cable: M20 x 1.5 with cable Ø9.5 to 16 mm (0.37 to 0.63 in)  If metal cable entries are used, use a grounding plate.
Cable specification	→  38

16.6 Performance characteristics

Reference operating conditions	■ Error limits following DIN EN 29104, in future ISO 20456 ■ Water, typically +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F); 0.5 to 7 bar (73 to 101 psi) ■ Data as indicated in the calibration protocol ■ Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs according to ISO 17025
Maximum measured error	Error limits under reference operating conditions o.r. = of reading Volume flow ■ ±0.5 % o.r. ± 1 mm/s (0.04 in/s) ■ Optional: ±0.2 % o.r. ± 2 mm/s (0.08 in/s)  Fluctuations in the supply voltage do not have any effect within the specified range.



 36 Maximum measured error in % o.r.

Electrical conductivity
Max. measured error not specified.

Accuracy of outputs
The outputs have the following base accuracy specifications.

Repeatability

o.r. = of reading

Volume flowmax. $\pm 0.1\%$ o.r. ± 0.5 mm/s (0.02 in/s)**Electrical conductivity**Max. $\pm 5\%$ o.r.

Influence of ambient temperature

Current output

o.r. = of reading

Temperature coefficient	Max. $\pm 0.005\%$ o.r./°C
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Pulse/frequency output

Temperature coefficient	No additional effect. Included in accuracy.
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16.7 Installation

"Mounting requirements"

16.8 Environment

Ambient temperature range

→  23

Storage temperature

The storage temperature corresponds to the operating temperature range of the measuring transmitter and the appropriate measuring sensors. →  23

- Protect the measuring device against direct sunlight during storage in order to avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- Select a storage location where moisture cannot collect in the measuring device as fungus or bacteria infestation can damage the liner.
- If protection caps or protective covers are mounted these should never be removed before installing the measuring device.

Atmosphere

If a plastic transmitter housing is permanently exposed to certain steam and air mixtures, this can damage the housing.



If you are unsure, please contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center for clarification.

Degree of protection

Transmitter

- As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure
- When housing is open: IP20, type 1 enclosure

Sensor

- As standard: IP66/67, type 4X enclosure
 - Optionally available for remote version:
 - IP67, type 4X enclosure. Suitable for temporary immersion in water for up to 168 hours at depths ≤ 3 m (10 ft) or up to 48 hours at depths ≤ 10 m (30 ft).
 - IP68, type 6P enclosure (for DN ≤ 300 (12") only possible in conjunction with stainless steel flanges)
- Not suitable for use in corrosive atmospheres/liquids or in buried applications if special precautions are not taken.

Vibration resistance

Compact version

- Vibration, sinusoidal according to IEC 60068-2-6
 - 2 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5 mm peak
 - 8.4 to 2 000 Hz, 1 g peak
- Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64
 - 10 to 200 Hz, 0.003 g²/Hz
 - 200 to 2 000 Hz, 0.001 g²/Hz
 - Total: 1.54 g rms

Remote version

- Vibration, sinusoidal according to IEC 60068-2-6
 - 2 to 8.4 Hz, 7.5 mm peak
 - 8.4 to 2 000 Hz, 2 g peak
- Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64
 - 10 to 200 Hz, 0.01 g²/Hz
 - 200 to 2 000 Hz, 0.003 g²/Hz
 - Total: 2.70 g rms

Shock resistance

Shock, half-sine according to IEC 60068-2-27
6 ms 50 g

Impact resistance

Rough handling shocks according to IEC 60068-2-31

Mechanical load

- Protect the transmitter housing against mechanical effects, such as shock or impact; the use of the remote version is sometimes preferable.
- Never use the transmitter housing as a ladder or climbing aid.

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

- As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21)
 - Complies with emission limits for industry as per EN 55011 (Class A)
 - Device version with PROFIBUS DP: Complies with emission limits for industry as per EN 50170 Volume 2, IEC 61784
-  The following applies for PROFIBUS DP: If baud rates > 1.5 MBaud, an EMC cable entry must be used and the cable shield must continue as far as the terminal wherever possible.
-  Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity.

16.9 Process

Medium temperature range

- 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F) for hard rubber, DN 350 to 2400 (14 to 90")
- -20 to +50 °C (-4 to +122 °F) for polyurethane, DN 25 to 1200 (1 to 48")
- -20 to +90 °C (-4 to +194 °F) for PTFE, DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12")

Conductivity	≥ 5 µS/cm for liquids in general. Stronger filter damping is required for very low conductivity values.  Note that in the case of the remote version, the requisite minimum conductivity also depends on the cable length →  25.
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Pressure-temperature ratings	 An overview of the pressure-temperature ratings for the process connections is provided in the "Technical Information" document
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Pressure tightness	<i>Liner: hard rubber, polyurethane</i>
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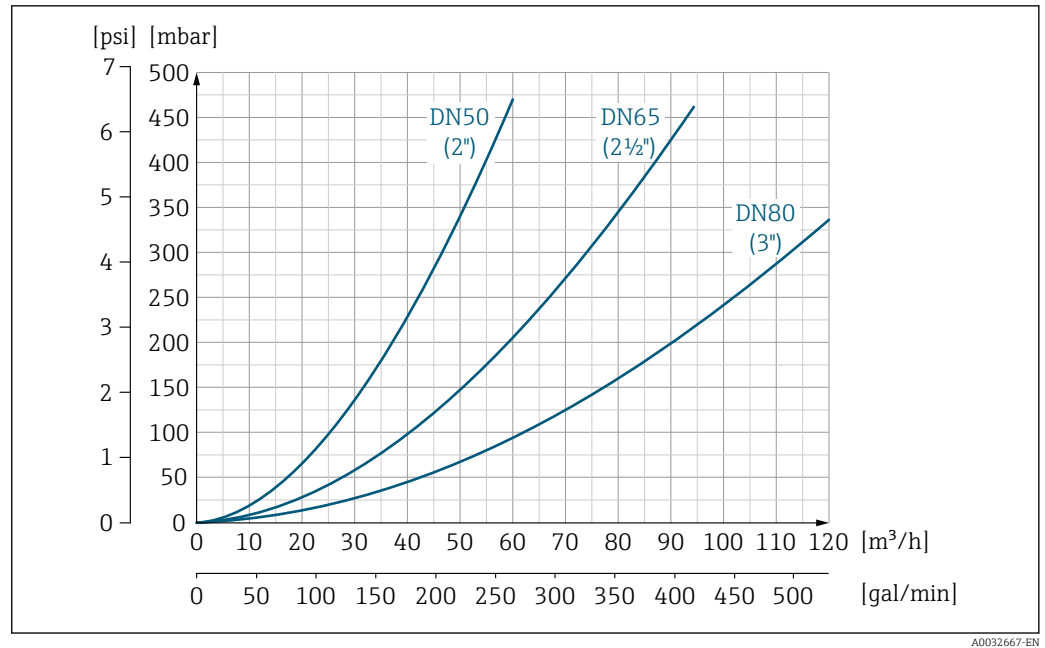
Nominal diameter		Liner	Limit values for absolute pressure in [mbar] ([psi]) for fluid temperatures:		
[mm]	[in]		+25 °C (+77 °F)	+50 °C (+122 °F)	+80 °C (+176 °F)
350...2400	14...90	Hard rubber	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
25...1200	1...48	Polyurethane	0 (0)	0 (0)	–

Liner: PTFE

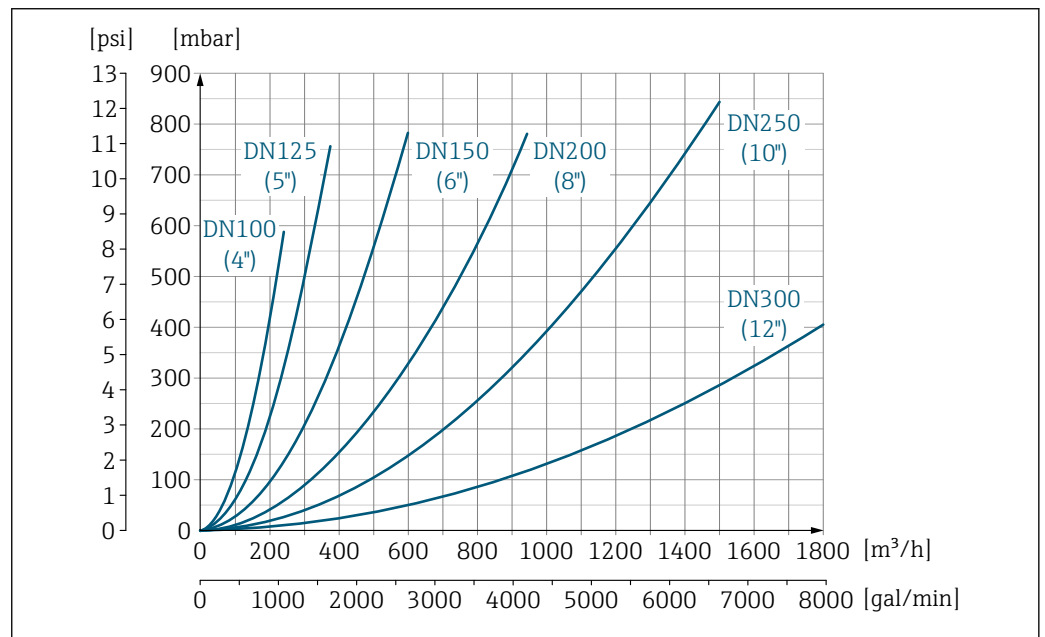
Nominal diameter		Limit values for absolute pressure in [mbar] ([psi]) for fluid temperatures:	
[mm]	[in]	+25 °C (+77 °F)	+90 °C (+194 °F)
25	1	0 (0)	0 (0)
40	2	0 (0)	0 (0)
50	2	0 (0)	0 (0)
65	2 ½	0 (0)	40 (0.58)
80	3	0 (0)	40 (0.58)
100	4	0 (0)	135 (2.0)
125	5	135 (2.0)	240 (3.5)
150	6	135 (2.0)	240 (3.5)
200	8	200 (2.9)	290 (4.2)
250	10	330 (4.8)	400 (5.8)
300	12	400 (5.8)	500 (7.3)

Flow limit	The diameter of the pipe and the flow rate determine the nominal diameter of the sensor. The optimum velocity of flow is between 2 to 3 m/s (6.56 to 9.84 ft/s). Also match the velocity of flow (v) to the physical properties of the fluid: ■ v < 2 m/s (6.56 ft/s): for abrasive fluids (e.g. potter's clay, lime milk, ore slurry) ■ v > 2 m/s (6.56 ft/s): for fluids producing buildup (e.g. wastewater sludge)  A necessary increase in the flow velocity can be achieved by reducing the sensor nominal diameter.  For an overview of the full scale values for the measuring range, see the "Measuring range" section →  145
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Pressure loss	■ No pressure loss occurs if the sensor is installed in a pipe with the same nominal diameter. ■ Pressure losses for configurations incorporating adapters according to DIN EN 545 →  25
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37 Pressure loss DN 50 to 80 (2 to 3") in the case of order code for "Design", option C "Insertion length short ISO/DVGW to DN300, without inlet/outlet runs, constricted meas.tube"



38 Pressure loss DN 100 to 300 (4 to 12") in the case of order code for "Design", option C "Insertion length short ISO/DVGW to DN300, without inlet/outlet runs, constricted meas.tube"

System pressure → 24

Vibrations → 24

16.10 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions



For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section.

Weight

Compact version

Weight data:

- Including the transmitter
 - Order code for "Housing", option M, Q: 1.3 kg (2.9 lb)
 - Order code for "Housing", option A, R: 2.0 kg (4.4 lb)
- Excluding packaging material

*Weight in SI units**Lap joint flange; fixed flange DN ≥ 350*

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)			
DN [mm]	Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾		
	Weight [kg]		
	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16
25	–	–	6.8
32	–	–	7.5
40	–	–	8.5
50	–	–	9
65	–	–	10
80	–	–	12
100	–	–	14
125	–	–	20
150	–	–	24
200	–	43	44.4
250	–	63	70.2
300	–	68	85.3
350	77	88	103
400	89	104	121
450	102	117	148
500	114	132	189
600	155	180	299
700	213	272	333
800	287	372	460
900	382	474	580
1000	491	613	793
1200	705	914	1312
1400	1124	1480	1904
1600	1519	2195	2696
1800	1999	2836	3685
2000	2775	3506	4644
2200	3063	4170	–
2400	3938	5033	–

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg

AS 2129, Table E	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾
350	99
400	120
450	150
500	182
600	279
700	348
750	456
800	516
900	737
1 000	854
1 200	1 366

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg

AS 4087, PN 16	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾
350	99
375	105
400	122
450	140
500	189
600	281
700	384
750	468
800	567
900	737
1 000	852
1 200	1 366

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg

Lap joint flange, stamped plate

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾
25	5.3
32	5.1
40	5.8

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾
50	5
65	6
80	7
100	9
125	13
150	17
200	35
250	54
300	55

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg

Weight in US units

Lap joint flange; fixed flange DN ≥ 14"

ASME B16.5, Class 150	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾
1	11.6
1 ½	12.8
2	20
3	26
4	31
6	53
8	95
10	139
12	150
14	302
16	370
18	421
20	503
24	721

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg

AWWA C207, Class D	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾
28	608
30	740

AWWA C207, Class D	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs] Order code for "Housing", option M, Q Polycarbonate plastic ¹⁾
32	881
36	1 093
40	1 463
42	1 696
48	2 278
54	3 166
60	3 930
66	5 425
72	6 295
78	7 782
84	8 556
90	10 681

1) Values for aluminum transmitter, AlSi10Mg, coated: + 0.7 kg

Transmitter remote version

Wall-mount housing

Depends on the material of the wall-mount housing:

- Polycarbonate plastic: 1.3 kg (2.9 lb)
- Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated: 2.0 kg (4.4 lb)

Sensor remote version

Weight data:

- Including sensor connection housing
- Excluding the connecting cable
- Excluding packaging material

Weight in SI units

Lap joint flange; fixed flange DN ≥ 350

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)			
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]		
	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16
25	–	–	6.8
32	–	–	7.5
40	–	–	8.5
50	–	–	6
65	–	–	7
80	–	–	9
100	–	–	11
125	–	–	16
150	–	–	20
200	–	40	44.4

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)			
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]		
	PN 6	PN 10	PN 16
250	–	60	70.2
300	–	65	85.3
350	73	84	101
400	85	100	119
450	98	113	144
500	110	128	185
600	151	176	295
700	209	268	329
800	283	368	456
900	378	470	576
1000	487	609	789
1200	701	910	1308
1400	1120	1376	1900
1600	1515	2191	2692
1800	1995	2832	3681
2000	2771	3502	4640
2200	3059	4166	–
2400	3934	5029	–

AS 2129, Table E	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
350	95
400	116
450	146
500	178
600	275
700	344
750	452
800	512
900	733
1000	850
1200	1362

AS 4087, PN 16	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
350	95
375	101
400	118
450	136

AS 4087, PN 16	
DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
500	185
600	277
700	380
750	464
800	563
900	733
1000	848
1200	1362

Lap joint flange, stamped plate

EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501), PN 10	
DN [mm]	[kg]
25	6.0
32	5.8
40	6.5
50	3
65	4
80	5
100	7
125	11
150	15
200	33
250	52
300	53

Weight in US units

Lap joint flange; fixed flange DN ≥ 14"

ASME B16.5, Class 150	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
1	13.2
1 ½	14.3
2	13
3	20
4	24
6	44
8	88
10	132
12	143

ASME B16.5, Class 150	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
14	296
15	–
16	364
18	415
20	497
24	715

AWWA C207, Class D	
DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
28	602
30	736
32	875
36	1087
40	1457
42	1690
48	2272
54	3160
60	3924
66	5419
72	6289
78	7776
84	8550
90	10675

Measuring tube specification

Nominal diameter		Pressure rating			Measuring tube internal diameter					
		EN (DIN)	ASME AWWA	AS 2129 AS 4087	Hard rubber		Polyurethane		PTFE	
[mm]	[in]				[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
25	1	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	23.7	0.9	25.3	1.0
32	1 ¼	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	32.4	1.3	34.0	1.3
40	1 ½	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	38.3	1.5	39.9	1.6
50	2	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	50.3	2.0	51.7	2.0
65 ¹⁾	2 ½	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	66.1	2.6	67.7	2.7
80	3	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	78.9	3.1	79.9	3.1
100	4	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	104.3	4.1	103.8	4.1
125	5	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	129.7	5.1	129.1	5.1
150	6	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	158.3	6.2	156.3	6.2
200	8	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	206.7	8.1	202.1	8.0
250	10	PN 10/16	Class 150	–	–	–	260.6	10.3	256.2	10.1
300	12	PN 10/16	–	–	–	–	311.5	12.3	305.5	12.0

Nominal diameter		Pressure rating			Measuring tube internal diameter					
		EN (DIN)	ASME AWWA	AS 2129 AS 4087	Hard rubber		Polyurethane		PTFE	
[mm]	[in]				[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
300	12	–	Class 150	–	–	–	309.9	12.2	303.9	12.0
350	14	PN 6	–	–	341	13.4	344	13.5	–	–
350	14	PN 10	–	–	341	13.4	344	13.5	–	–
350	14	–	–	Table E, PN 16	337	13.2	340	13.3	–	–
350	14	–	Class 150	–	339	13.3	342	13.4	–	–
375	15	PN 10	–	–	391	15.4	–	–	–	–
375	15	–	–	PN 16	389	15.3	392	15.4	–	–
400	16	PN 6	–	–	391	15.4	394	13.5	–	–
400	16	PN 10	–	–	391	15.4	394	13.5	–	–
400	16	–	–	Table E, PN 16	389	15.3	392	13.4	–	–
400	16	–	Class 150	–	387	15.2	390	13.3	–	–
450	18	PN 6	–	–	442	17.4	445	17.5	–	–
450	18	PN 10	–	–	442	17.4	445	17.5	–	–
450	18	–	–	Table E, PN 16	440	17.3	443	17.4	–	–
450	18	–	Class 150	–	436	17.1	439	17.2	–	–
500	20	PN 6	–	–	493	19.4	496	19.5	–	–
500	20	PN 10	–	–	493	19.4	496	19.5	–	–
500	20	–	–	Table E, PN 16	489	19.2	492	19.3	–	–
500	20	–	Class 150	–	487	19.1	490	19.3	–	–
600	24	PN 6	–	–	595	23.4	598	23.5	–	–
600	24	PN 10	–	–	590	23.2	596	23.4	–	–
600	24	–	–	Table E, PN 16	591	23.2	594	23.4	–	–
600	24	–	Class 150	–	585	23.0	588	23.1	–	–
700	28	PN 6	–	–	696	27.4	699	27.5	–	–
700	28	PN 10	–	–	694	27.3	697	27.4	–	–
700	28	–	–	Table E, PN 16	690	27.2	693	27.3	–	–
700	28	–	Class D	–	694	27.3	697	27.4	–	–
750	30	–	–	Table E, PN 16	741	29.2	744	29.3	–	–
750	30	–	Class D	–	743	29.3	746	29.4	–	–
800	32	PN 6	–	–	796	31.3	799	31.5	–	–
800	32	PN 10	–	–	794	31.2	797	31.4	–	–
800	32	–	–	Table E, PN 16	788	31.0	791	31.1	–	–
800	32	–	Class D	–	794	31.3	797	31.4	–	–
900	36	PN 6	–	–	895	35.2	898	35.4	–	–
900	36	PN 10	–	–	893	35.1	896	35.2	–	–
900	36	–	–	Table E, PN 16	889	35.0	892	35.1	–	–
900	36	–	Class D	–	895	35.2	898	35.4	–	–
1000	40	PN 6	–	–	997	39.2	1000	39.3	–	–
1000	40	PN 10	–	–	995	39.1	998	39.3	–	–
1000	40	–	–	Table E, PN 16	991	39.0	994	39.1	–	–

Nominal diameter		Pressure rating			Measuring tube internal diameter					
		EN (DIN)	ASME AWWA	AS 2129 AS 4087	Hard rubber		Polyurethane		PTFE	
[mm]	[in]				[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
1000	40	–	Class D	–	995	39.1	998	39.3	–	–
1050	42	PN 6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
1050	42	PN 10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
1050	42	–	–	Table E, PN 16	–	–	–	–	–	–
1050	42	–	Class D	–	1046	41.2	1049	41.3	–	–
1200	48	PN 6	–	–	1201	47.3	1204	47.4	–	–
1200	48	PN 10	–	–	1199	47.2	1202	47.3	–	–
1200	48	–	–	Table E, PN 16	1191	46.9	1194	47.0	–	–
1200	48	–	Class D	–	1195	47.0	1198	47.2	–	–
–	54	–	Class D	–	1345	53.8	–	–	–	–
1400	–	PN 6	–	–	1401	55.1	–	–	–	–
1400	–	PN 10	–	–	1394	55.78	–	–	–	–
–	60	–	Class D	–	1498	59.9	–	–	–	–
1600	–	PN 6	–	–	1599	62.9	–	–	–	–
1600	–	PN 10	–	–	1590	63.6	–	–	–	–
–	66	–	Class D	–	1646	65.8	1650	64.9	–	–
1800	72	PN 6	–	–	1799	70.8	1802	70.9	–	–
1800	72	PN 10	–	–	1790	71.6	1794	70.6	–	–
1800	72	–	Class D	–	1790	71.6	1794	70.6	–	–
2000	78	PN 6	–	–	1995	78.5	–	–	–	–
2000	78	PN 10	–	–	1990	79.6	–	–	–	–
2000	78	–	Class D	–	1986	79.4	–	–	–	–
–	84	–	Class D	–	2099	84.0	–	–	–	–
2200	–	PN 6	–	–	2194	87.8	–	–	–	–
2200	–	PN 10	–	–	2186	87.4	–	–	–	–
–	90	–	Class D	–	2246	89.8	–	–	–	–
2400	–	PN 6	–	–	2391	94.1	–	–	–	–
2400	–	PN 10	–	–	2386	95.4	–	–	–	–

1) Designed acc. to EN 1092-1 (not to DIN 2501)

Materials

Transmitter housing

Compact version, standard

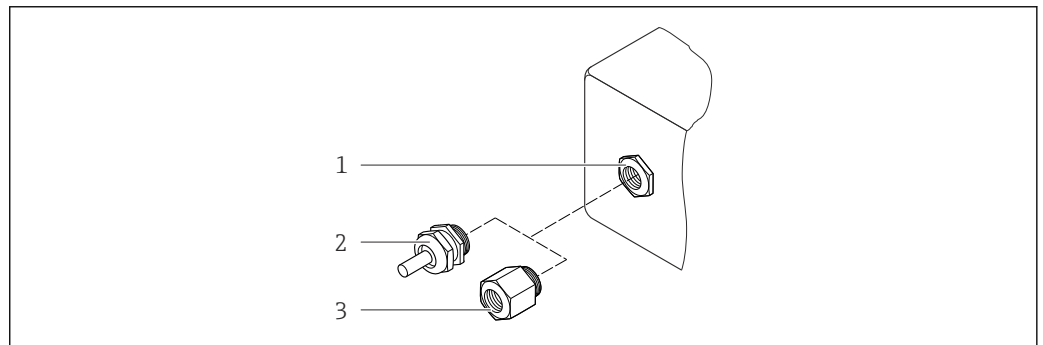
- Order code for "Housing", option **A** "Compact, aluminum coated":
Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Order code for "Housing", option **M**: polycarbonate plastic
- Window material:
 - For order code for "Housing", option **A**: glass
 - For order code for "Housing", option **M**: plastic

Compact version, inclined

- Order code for "Housing", option **R** "Compact, aluminum coated": Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Order code for "Housing", option **Q**: polycarbonate plastic
- Window material:
 - For order code for "Housing", option **R**: glass
 - For order code for "Housing", option **Q**: plastic

Remote version (wall-mount housing)

- Order code for "Housing", option **P** "Compact, aluminum coated": Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Order code for "Housing", option **N**: polycarbonate plastic
- Window material:
 - For order code for "Housing", option **P**: glass
 - For order code for "Housing", option **N**: plastic

Cable entries/cable glands

39 Possible cable entries/cable glands

- 1 Female thread M20 × 1.5
- 2 Cable gland M20 × 1.5
- 3 Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½" or NPT ½"

Compact and remote versions and sensor connection housing

Cable entry/cable gland	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Plastic
Remote version: cable gland M20 × 1.5 ■ Option CK "IP68, Type 6P, waterproof" ■ Option of reinforced connecting cable	■ Sensor connection housing: Nickel-plated brass ■ Transmitter wall-mount housing: Plastic
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½" or NPT ½"	Nickel-plated brass

Connecting cable for remote version

Electrode and coil current cable

- Standard cable: PVC cable with copper shield
- Reinforced cable: PVC cable with copper shield and additional steel wire braided jacket

Sensor housing

- DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"): aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- DN 350 to 2400 (14 to 90"): carbon steel with protective varnish

Sensor connection housing

- Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Option for order code for "Sensor option", option **CK**:
Polycarbonate for DN 350 to 2 400 mm (13.8 to 94.5 in) for option IP68

Measuring tubes

- DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"): stainless steel, 1.4301/1.4306/304L
- DN 350 to 1200 (14 to 48"): stainless steel, 1.4301/1.4307/304
- DN 1350 to 2400 (54 to 90"): stainless steel, 1.4301/1.4307

Liner

- DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"): PTFE
- DN 25 to 1200 (1 to 48"): polyurethane
- DN 350 to 2400 (14 to 90"): hard rubber

Electrodes

- Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316L)
- Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022)

Process connections*EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)*

DN 25 to 300:

- Fixed flange:
 - Stainless steel, 1.4306/1.4404/1.4571/F316L
 - Carbon steel, A105/E250C/S235JRG2
- Lap joint flange, stamped plate:
 - Stainless steel, 1.4301 similar to 304
 - Carbon steel, S235JRG2 similar to 1.0038 (S235JR+AR)
- DN 350 to 2400:
Carbon steel, P245GH
- DN 350 to 600:
Stainless steel, 1.4571
- DN 700 to 1000:
Stainless steel, 1.4404

ASME B16.5

DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12"):

Fixed flange:

- Stainless steel, F316L similar to 1.4404
- Carbon steel, A105 similar to 1.0432

DN 350 to 600 (14 to 24"):

Carbon steel, A105

Stainless steel, F316/F316L

AWWA C207

- DN 48":
Carbon steel, A105/A181/P265GH/A181 Class 70/IS 2062/E250C/P265GH/S275JR
- DN 54 to 90":
Carbon steel, A105/A181/P265GH/A181 Class 70/IS 2062/E250C/S275JR

AS 2129

Carbon steel, A105/E250C/P235GH/P265GH/S235JRG2

AS 4087

Carbon steel, A105/P265GH/S275JRG2

Seals

As per DIN EN 1514-1, form IBC

Accessories

Display protection

Stainless steel, 1.4301 (304L)

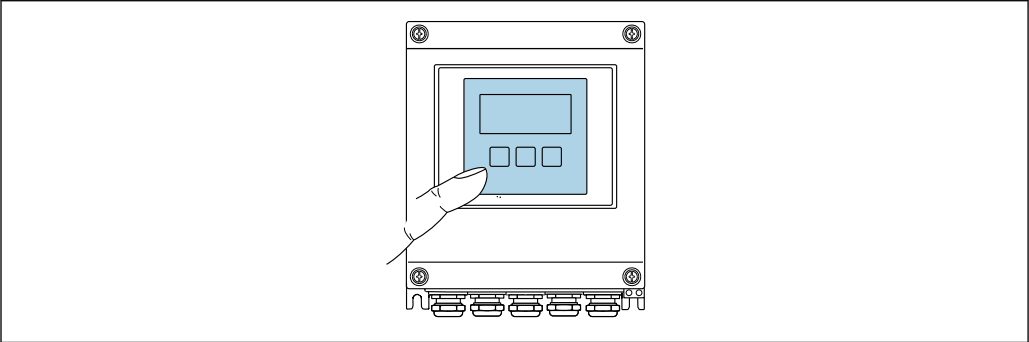
Ground disks

- Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316L)
- Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022)

Fitted electrodes	Measurement, reference and empty pipe detection electrodes available as standard with: ■ 1.4435 (316L) ■ Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022)
Process connections	■ EN 1092-1 – DN ≤ 300: lap joint flange (PN 10/16), lap joint flange, stamped plate (PN 10) = form A – DN ≥ 350: fixed flange (PN 6/10/16) = flat face ■ ASME B16.5 – DN ≤ 300 (12"): lap joint flange (Class 150) – DN ≥ 350 (14"): fixed flange (Class 150) ■ AWWA C207 - DN 48 to 90": fixed flange (Class D) ■ AS 2129 - DN 350 to 1200: fixed flange (Table E) ■ AS 4087 - DN 350 to 1200: fixed flange (PN 16)  All carbon steel lap joint flanges are supplied with a hot-dip galvanized finish.  For information on the different materials used in the process connections →  166
Surface roughness	Electrodes with 1.4435 (316L); Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022): ≤ 0.3 to 0.5 µm (11.8 to 19.7 µin) (All data relate to parts in contact with fluid)

16.11 Operability

Languages	Can be operated in the following languages: ■ Via local operation: - English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish ■ Via "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool: - English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese ■ Via Web browser - English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish
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Local display	Via display module Two display modules are available: ■ Standard: 4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control ■ Optionally via order code for "Display", option W1 "WLAN display": 4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control + WLAN  Information about WLAN interface →  73  A0032074  40 <i>Operation with touch control</i> <i>Display elements</i> ■ 4-line, illuminated, graphic display ■ White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors ■ Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured ■ Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +60 °C (-4 to +140 °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range. <i>Operating elements</i> ■ External operation via touch control (3 optical keys) without opening the housing: , ,  ■ Operating elements also accessible in the various zones of the hazardous area
Remote operation	→  73
Service interface	→  73
Supported operating tools	Different operating tools can be used for local or remote access to the measuring device. Depending on the operating tool used, access is possible with different operating units and via a variety of interfaces.

Supported operating tools	Operating unit	Interface	Additional information
Web browser	Notebook, PC or tablet with Web browser	■ CDI-RJ45 service interface ■ WLAN interface	Special Documentation for device
DeviceCare SFE100	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	■ CDI-RJ45 service interface ■ WLAN interface ■ Fieldbus protocol	→  144
FieldCare SFE500	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	■ CDI-RJ45 service interface ■ WLAN interface ■ Fieldbus protocol	→  144



Other operating tools based on FDT technology with a device driver such as DTM/iDTM or DD/EDD can be used for device operation. These operating tools are available from the individual manufacturers. Integration into the following operating tools, among others, is supported:

- Field Device Manager (FDM) by Honeywell → www.honeywellprocess.com
- FieldMate by Yokogawa → www.yokogawa.com
- PACTWare → www.pactware.com

The associated device description files are available at: www.endress.com → Downloads

Web server

Thanks to the integrated Web server, the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser and via a service interface (CDI-RJ45). The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is also displayed and allows the user to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.

Supported functions

Data exchange between the operating unit (such as a notebook for example) and the measuring device:

- Upload the configuration from the measuring device (XML format, configuration backup)
- Save the configuration to the measuring device (XML format, restore configuration)
- Export event list (.csv file)
- Export parameter settings (.csv file or PDF file, document the measuring point configuration)
- Export the Heartbeat verification log (PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package)
- Flash firmware version for device firmware upgrade, for instance
- Download driver for system integration
- Visualize up to 1000 saved measured values (only available with the **Extended HistoROM** application package →  172)



Webserver special documentation

HistoROM data management

The measuring device features HistoROM data management. HistoROM data management comprises both the storage and import/export of key device and process data, making operation and servicing far more reliable, secure and efficient.



When the device is delivered, the factory settings of the configuration data are stored as a backup in the device memory. This memory can be overwritten with an updated data record, for example after commissioning.

Additional information on the data storage concept

There are different types of data storage units in which device data are stored and used by the device:

	Device memory	T-DAT	S-DAT
Available data	- Device firmware package - Driver for system integration e.g.: GSD for PROFIBUS DP	- Event history, such as diagnostic events - Measured value memory ("Extended HistoROM" order option) - Current parameter data record (used by firmware at run time) - Maximum indicators (min/max values) - Totalizer values	- Sensor data: diameter etc. - Serial number - User-specific access code (to use the "Maintenance" user role) - Calibration data - Device configuration (e.g. SW options, fixed I/O or multi I/O)
Storage location	Fixed on the user interface board in the connection compartment	Can be plugged into the user interface board in the connection compartment	In the sensor plug in the transmitter neck part

Data backup

Automatic

- The most important device data (sensor and transmitter) are automatically saved in the DAT modules
- If the transmitter or measuring device is replaced: once the T-DAT containing the previous device data has been exchanged, the new measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors
- If the sensor is replaced: once the sensor has been replaced, new sensor data are transferred from the S-DAT in the measuring device and the measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors

Data transfer

Manual

- Transfer of a device configuration to another device using the export function of the specific operating tool, e.g. with FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server: to duplicate the configuration or to store in an archive (e.g. for backup purposes)
- Transmission of the drivers for system integration via Web server, e.g.: GSD for PROFIBUS DP

Event list

Automatic

- Chronological display of up to 20 event messages in the events list
- If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled: up to 100 event messages are displayed in the events list along with a time stamp, plain text description and remedial measures
- The events list can be exported and displayed via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g. DeviceCare, FieldCare or Web server

Data logging

Manual

If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled:

- Record up to 1 000 measured values via 1 to 4 channels
- User configurable recording interval
- Record up to 250 measured values via each of the 4 memory channels
- Export the measured value log via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare or web server

16.12 Certificates and approvals

CE mark	The measuring system is in conformity with the statutory requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied. Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
C-Tick symbol	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".
Ex approval	The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Control Drawing" document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.
Drinking water approval	■ ACS ■ KTW/W270 ■ NSF 61 ■ WRAS BS 6920
Certification PROFIBUS	PROFIBUS interface The measuring device is certified and registered by the PNO (PROFIBUS User Organization Organization). The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following specifications: ■ Certified in accordance with PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02 ■ The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)
Radio approval	The measuring device has radio approval.  For detailed information on the radio approval, see the Special Documentation →  174
Other standards and guidelines	■ EN 60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code) ■ EN 61010-1 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - general requirements ■ IEC/EN 61326 Emission in accordance with Class A requirements. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements). ■ ANSI/ISA-61010-1 (82.02.01): 2004 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use - Part 1 General Requirements ■ CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use - Part 1 General Requirements ■ NAMUR NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment ■ NAMUR NE 32 Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors

- NAMUR NE 43
Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.
- NAMUR NE 53
Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics
- NAMUR NE 105
Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices
- NAMUR NE 107
Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices
- NAMUR NE 131
Requirements for field devices for standard applications

16.13 Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Cleaning

Package	Description
Electrode cleaning circuit (ECC)	The electrode cleaning circuit (ECC) function has been developed to have a solution for applications where magnetite (Fe_3O_4) deposits frequently occur (e.g. hot water). Since magnetite is highly conductive this build up leads to measuring errors and ultimately to the loss of signal. The application package is designed to AVOID build up of highly conductive matter and thin layers (typical of magnetite).

Diagnostics functions

Package	Description
Extended HistoROM	Comprises extended functions concerning the event log and the activation of the measured value memory. Event log: Memory volume is extended from 20 message entries (standard version) to up to 100 entries. Data logging (line recorder): ■ Memory capacity for up to 1000 measured values is activated. ■ 250 measured values can be output via each of the 4 memory channels. The recording interval can be defined and configured by the user. ■ Measured value logs can be accessed via the local display or operating tool e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server.

Heartbeat Technology

Package	Description
Heartbeat Verification +Monitoring	Heartbeat Verification Meets the requirement for traceable verification to DIN ISO 9001:2008 Chapter 7.6 a) "Control of monitoring and measuring equipment". - Functional testing in the installed state without interrupting the process. - Traceable verification results on request, including a report. - Simple testing process via local operation or other operating interfaces. - Clear measuring point assessment (pass/fail) with high test coverage within the framework of manufacturer specifications. - Extension of calibration intervals according to operator's risk assessment. Heartbeat Monitoring Continuously supplies data, which are characteristic of the measuring principle, to an external condition monitoring system for the purpose of preventive maintenance or process analysis. These data enable the operator to: - Draw conclusions - using these data and other information - about the impact process influences (such as corrosion, abrasion, buildup etc.) have on the measuring performance over time. - Schedule servicing in time. - Monitor the process or product quality, e.g. gas pockets.

16.14 Accessories



Overview of accessories available for order → 143

16.15 Supplementary documentation



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The *W@M Device Viewer* : Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate.

Standard documentation

Technical Information

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promag L 400	TI01045D

Brief Operating Instructions

Brief Operating Instructions for the sensor

Measuring device	Documentation code
Proline Promag L	KA01265D

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promag 400	KA?????D

Description of device parameters

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promag 400	GP01044D

Supplementary device-
dependent documentation

Special Documentation

Content	Documentation code
Web server	SD01813D
Heartbeat Technology	SD01847D
Display modules A309/A310	SD01793D

Installation Instructions

Contents	Comment
Installation instructions for spare part sets and accessories	■ Access the overview of all the available spare part sets via <i>W@M Device Viewer</i> → 141 ■ Accessories available for order with Installation Instructions → 143

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